NEVADA

English Language Arts Academic Content Standards



Grade 1





Grade 1

Grade 1 Reading Standards for Literature (RL)	Page 3
Grade 1 Reading Standards for Informational Text (RI)	Page 5
Grade 1 Reading Foundational Skills (RF)	Page 7
Grade 1 Writing Standards (W)	Page 9
Grade 1 Speaking and Listening Standards (SL)	Page 11
Grade 1 Language Standards (L)	Page 13





READING LITERATURE (RL)

KEY IDEAS AND DETAILS

- **RL.1.1.** Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- **RL.1.2.** Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.

Example: After reading a story, give each student a paper plate divided into four sections (beginning, middle, end, and lesson). Ask students to draw or write key details from the story in the first three sections and then identify the story's central message or lesson in the last section. Have students share their wheels with the class and discuss how the details support the central message.

RL.1.3. Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.

CRAFT AND STRUCTURE

- **RL.1.4.** Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.
- **RL.1.5.** Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.
- **RL.1.6.** Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.

Example: In a story with multiple narrators, such as a book with alternating perspectives between characters: students could identify who is speaking and is it first-person from characters or third person as a narrator. The reader would identify that the narrator shifts between different characters, helping to understand who is telling the story at each moment. This technique is often used in stories to show different viewpoints or experiences.

INTEGRATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS

- **RL.1.7.** Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.
- **RL.1.8.** (Not applicable to literature)
- **RL.1.9.** Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.

RANGE OF READING AND LEVEL OF TEXT COMPLEXITY

RL.1.10. With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1.





Planning Notes [RL]

*NOTE: Multiple standards can be taught in the same lesson!
Standards selected from this section:
Other standards that could be taught in conjunction with <i>Reading Literature</i> standards:
How can other ELA and/or other content standard(s) be integrated with the standard(s) selected from this section?
selected from this section:
Notes for implementation:
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READING INFORMATIONAL (RI)

KEY IDEAS AND DETAILS

- **RI.1.1.** Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.
- **RI.1.2.** Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.
- **RI.1.3.** Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.

CRAFT AND STRUCTURE

- **RI.1.4.** Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
- **RI.1.5.** Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.
- **RI.1.6.** Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.

INTEGRATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS

- **RI.1.7.** Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.
- **RI.1.8.** Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.

Example: After reading an informational text, work with students to identify the author's main points. Create a chart with two columns: "Main Points" and "Reasons." List the main points in one column and have students help you fill in the reasons the author gives to support those points. Discuss how these reasons help us understand the topic better.

RI.1.9. Identify basic similarities in and difference between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).

RANGE OF READING AND LEVEL OF TEXT COMPLEXITY

RI.1.10. With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.





Planning Notes [RI]

*NOTE: Multiple standards can be taught in the same lesson!
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Other standards that could be taught in conjunction with <i>Reading Informational</i> standards:
How can other ELA and/or other content standard(s) be integrated with the standard(s)
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Notes for implementation:



READING FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS (RF)

PRINT CONCEPTS

- **RF.1.1.** Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print.
 - a. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).

PHONOLOGICAL AWARENESS

- **RF.1.2.** Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).
 - a. Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.
 - b. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.
 - c. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.
 - d. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

PHONICS AND WORD RECOGNITION

- **RF.1.3.** Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
 - a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.
 - b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words.
 - c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.
 - d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.
 - e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.
 - f. Read words with inflectional endings.
 - g. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.

FLUENCY

- **RF.1.4.** Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
 - a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
 - b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
 - c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.





Planning Notes [RF]

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Notes for implementation:



WRITING (W)

TEXT TYPES AND PURPOSES

- **W.1.1.** Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.
- **W.1.2.** Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.
- **W.1.3.** Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF WRITING

- **W.1.4.** (Begins in grade 3)
- **W.1.5.** With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.
- **W.1.6.** With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

RESEARCH TO BUILD AND PRESENT KNOWLEDGE

W.1.7. Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).

Example: Have students create a digital story using a storytelling app. They can draw pictures or use digital tools to illustrate their story and write text to go with their images. They can collaborate with a peer to create a story together and share their final product with the class.

- **W.1.8.** With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.
- **W.1.9.** (Begins in grade 4)

RANGE OF WRITING

W.1.10. (Begins in grade 3)





Planning Notes [W]

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SPEAKING AND LISTENING (SL)

COMPREHENSION AND COLLABORATION

- **SL.1.1.** Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about *grade 1 topics* and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
 - a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
 - b. Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.
 - c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.
- **SL.1.2.** Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- **SL.1.3.** Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.

PRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE AND IDEAS

SL.1.4. Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.

Example: Have students bring in an item from home or use a picture and describe it to the class. Encourage them to include details about the item, such as what it is, why it is special, and how it makes them feel. This helps students practice clear and detailed expression.

- **SL.1.5.** Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
- **SL.1.6.** Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 1 Language standards 1 and 3.)





Planning Notes [SL]

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	Notes for implementation:



LANGUAGE (L)

CONVENTIONS OF STANDARD ENGLISH

- **L.1.1.** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
 - a. Print all upper- and lowercase letters.
 - b. Use common, proper, and possessive nouns.
 - c. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., *He hops; We hop*).
 - d. Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., *I, me, my; they, them, their; anyone, everything*).
 - e. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., *Yesterday I walked home*; *Today I walk home*; *Tomorrow I will walk home*).
 - f. Use frequently occurring adjectives.
 - g. Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, so, because).
 - h. Use determiners (e.g., articles, demonstratives).
 - i. Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward).
 - j. Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.
- **L.1.2.** Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - a. Capitalize dates and names of people.
 - b. Use end punctuation for sentences.
 - c. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.
 - d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.
 - e. Spell untaught words phonetically, drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.

KNOWLEDGE OF LANGUAGE

L.1.3. (Begins in grade 2)

VOCABULARY ACQUISITION AND USE

- **L.1.4.** Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on *grade 1 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
 - a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word.
 - c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., *look*) and their inflectional forms (e.g., *looks*, *looked*, *looking*).

Example: Read sentences with unfamiliar words and use context to infer their meaning. Discuss the clues that helped determine the meaning.





- **L.1.5.** With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
 - a. Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.
 - b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g., a *duck* is a bird that swims; a *tiger* is a large cat with stripes).
 - c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are *cozy*).
 - d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., *look*, *peek*, *glance*, *stare*, *glare*, *scowl*) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., *large*, *gigantic*) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings.
- **L.1.6.** Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., *because*).





Planning Notes [L]

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Standards selected from this section:
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How can other ELA and/or other content standard(s) be integrated with the standard(s)
selected from this section?
Notes for implementation:





IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY RESOURCES

Nevada Department of Education. (n.d.). *Nevada ELD Standards and Instructional Supports for Developing the Language of Language Arts Grades K–1*. https://webapp-strapi-paas-prod-nde-001.azurewebsites.net/uploads/eld standards and instructional supports for ela grades k 1 c 98f6ed725.pdf

Smarter Tools for Teachers. (n.d.). *Smarter tools for teachers*. Smarter Tools for Teachers. https://smartertoolsforteachers.org/