

***THEATRE
TECHNOLOGY
STANDARDS***



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All Nevadans ready for success in the 21st century

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*To improve student achievement and educator effectiveness by ensuring opportunities,
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BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY VALIDATION

All CTE standards developed through the Nevada Department of Education are validated by business and industry through one or more of the following processes: (1) the standards are developed by a team consisting of business and industry representatives; or (2) a separate review panel was coordinated with industry experts to ensure the standards include the proper content; or (3) the adoption of nationally-recognized standards endorsed by business and industry.

The Theatre Technology standards were validated through a complete review by an industry panel.

PROJECT COORDINATOR

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INTRODUCTION

The standards in this document are designed to clearly state what the student should know and be able to do upon completion of an advanced high school Theatre Technology program. These standards are designed for a three-credit course sequence that prepares the student for a technical assessment directly aligned to the standards.

These exit-level standards are designed for the student to complete all standards through their completion of a program of study. These standards are intended to guide curriculum objectives for a program of study.

The standards are organized as follows:

Content Standards are general statements that identify major areas of knowledge, understanding, and the skills students are expected to learn in key subject and career areas by the end of the program.

Performance Standards follow each content standard. Performance standards identify the more specific components of each content standard and define the expected abilities of students within each content standard.

Performance Indicators are very specific criteria statements for determining whether a student meets the performance standard. Performance indicators may also be used as learning outcomes, which teachers can identify as they plan their program learning objectives.

The crosswalk and alignment section of the document shows where the performance indicators support the Nevada Academic Content Standards in Science (based on the Next Generation Science Standards) and the English Language Arts and Mathematics (based on the Common Core State Standards). Where correlation with an academic content standard exists, students in the Theatre Technology program perform learning activities that support, either directly or indirectly, achievement of the academic content standards that are listed.

All students are encouraged to participate in the career and technical student organization (CTSO) that relates to their Theatre Technology. CTSOs are co-curricular national associations that directly enforce learning in the CTE classroom through curriculum resources, competitive events, and leadership development. CTSOs provide students the ability to apply academic and technical knowledge, develop communication and teamwork skills, and cultivate leadership skills to ensure college and career readiness.

The Employability Skills for Career Readiness identify the “soft skills” needed to be successful in all careers, and must be taught as an integrated component of all CTE course sequences. These standards are available in a separate document.

The **Standards Reference Code** is only used to identify or align performance indicators listed in the standards to daily lesson plans, curriculum documents, or national standards.

Program Name	Standards Reference Code
Theatre Technology	THTRT

Example: THTRT.2.3.4

Standards	Content Standard	Performance Standard	Performance Indicator
Theatre Technology	2	3	4

CONTENT STANDARD 1.0 : INVESTIGATE THEATRE OPERATIONS**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.1 : EXPLAIN THEATRE HIERARCHY**

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 1.1.1 | Describe the duties of a producer |
| 1.1.2 | Explain the purpose and duties of the technical director |
| 1.1.3 | Describe the different technical crews needed for a production |
| 1.1.4 | Describe the role of the creative team in a production |
| 1.1.5 | Explain the function of the director in a production |
| 1.1.6 | Explain the duties of the stage manager in a production |
| 1.1.7 | Explain the duties of the different staff positions related to theatrical business |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.2 : DESCRIBE TYPES OF STAGES

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 1.2.1 | Compare and contrast types of stages that are used in theatrical and performance venues (e.g., proscenium, thrust, arena, nontraditional) |
| 1.2.2 | Examine historical influences on theatre venues |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.3 : UNDERSTAND STAGE GEOGRAPHY

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 1.3.1 | Identify the different acting areas and technical areas within the theater |
| 1.3.2 | Interpret plan drawings for the architectural elements in a theater (e.g., proscenium arch, gridiron, vestibules, catwalks and beams, fly system) |

CONTENT STANDARD 2.0 : DEMONSTRATE THEATER SAFETY**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.1 : EXPLAIN GENERAL SAFETY REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURES**

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 2.1.1 | Evaluate safety hazards in the theater |
| 2.1.2 | Research the local and state regulations for fire safety |
| 2.1.3 | Demonstrate the proper care of the shop and stage areas (e.g., fly system, lighting and sound equipment, electrical distribution and safety, etc.) |
| 2.1.4 | Demonstrate safe and efficient use and care of all personal protection equipment (e.g., safety glasses and shields, ear protection, welding gloves and apron, etc.) |
| 2.1.5 | Locate and identify fire protection, escape routes, and alarm equipment |
| 2.1.6 | Identify the locations and proper uses of the rinse sink, eye wash station, and first aid kit |
| 2.1.7 | Describe the procedures for reporting and treating an accident in the theater |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.2 : UTILIZE TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT SAFETY

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 2.2.1 | Identify the tools and equipment used in the theater |
| 2.2.2 | Demonstrate proper use of all tools and backstage equipment |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.3 : PRACTICE RIGGING SAFETY

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 2.3.1 | Demonstrate safe usage and storage of ladders and scaffolding |
| 2.3.2 | Demonstrate safe and appropriate use of the theater's fly system |
| 2.3.3 | Demonstrate safe usage and storage of personnel lifts |
| 2.3.4 | Demonstrate safe and correct knot and wire rope installation used in theater rigging |
| 2.3.5 | Demonstrate proper arbor loading and counterweighting |
| 2.3.6 | Explain the proper usage of harness and working at height |
| 2.3.7 | Inspect all aspects and ratings of a rigging system (i.e., hardware, purchase lines, wire rope, batten, blocks and grid) |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.4 : PRACTICE LIGHTING AND ELECTRICAL SAFETY

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 2.4.1 | Demonstrate proper care and storage of cable including cleaning and coiling, plug repair and replacement, and storage |
| 2.4.2 | Identify faulty or defective lighting and electrical equipment |
| 2.4.3 | Demonstrate proper safe practices when hanging and circuiting lighting instruments and equipment |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.5 : PRACTICE PAINT, DYE AND CHEMICAL SAFETY

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 2.5.1 | Classify items that are required to be placed in the yellow hazardous chemicals cabinet |
| 2.5.2 | Identify different hazards of paints, thinners, cleaners, solvents and other basic chemicals and compounds that are used in the theater and shops |
| 2.5.3 | Demonstrate appropriate protective gear and clothing for safe use of paints, dyes and chemicals |
| 2.5.4 | Demonstrate appropriate handling, cleanup and storage of all paints, dye, chemicals and equipment |
| 2.5.5 | Explain the importance of proper ventilation of shops and stage |
| 2.5.6 | Demonstrate proper use of masking and containment of paints and solvents |
| 2.5.7 | Locate and explain the contents of Safety Data Sheets (SDS) |
| 2.5.8 | Research local and state regulations related to disposal of hazardous material |

CONTENT STANDARD 3.0 : DEMONSTRATE SET CONSTRUCTION**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.1 : APPLY SCENIC MATERIALS AND HARDWARE**

- 3.1.1 Compare and contrast different materials and their uses
- 3.1.2 Verify the actual measurements of lumber (i.e., 1"x3", 1"x4", & 2"x4")
- 3.1.3 Describe the various uses and sizes of different types of materials and hardware
- 3.1.4 Explain terminology related to metallic materials (i.e., pipe, flat bar, truss)
- 3.1.5 Demonstrate the application of different types of hardware and materials

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.2 : CONSTRUCT SCENIC ELEMENTS

- 3.2.1 Practice proper procedures for measuring materials
- 3.2.2 Demonstrate proficiency in use of non-powered tools used for the stage
- 3.2.3 Demonstrate proper paint application techniques
- 3.2.4 Demonstrate proficiency in use of powered tools used for the stage
- 3.2.5 Explain the importance and requirement of fire proofing scenic elements
- 3.2.6 Select appropriate materials for a scenic element
- 3.2.7 Demonstrate correct construction techniques

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.3 : BUILD BASIC UNITS OF SCENERY

- 3.3.1 Explain the purpose of a wagon in a theatrical production
- 3.3.2 Describe how to build a theatrical wagon
- 3.3.3 Demonstrate how to build and install window and door units
- 3.3.4 Describe the different parts of a stair unit (i.e., stringer, kickboard, and tread)
- 3.3.5 Demonstrate how to build a stair unit for the stage
- 3.3.6 Identify the term platform as it relates to the stage
- 3.3.7 Demonstrate how to build a 4' x 8' platform for the stage
- 3.3.8 Analyze the different types of flats used in set construction
- 3.3.9 Describe the different parts of a theatrical flat
- 3.3.10 Demonstrate how to build a standard flat used in set construction

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.4 : ASSEMBLE FLATS

- 3.4.1 Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of hard and soft coverings
- 3.4.2 Demonstrate how to hard and soft cover a flat
- 3.4.3 Explain how to join two flats together at various angles
- 3.4.4 Describe the term "Dutchman" as it relates to set construction
- 3.4.5 Demonstrate sizing and repair of a muslin/cotton flat

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.5 : UNDERSTAND PRODUCTION LOAD IN/OUT

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 3.5.1 | Define the terms strike, load out, and load in as they relate to the theater |
| 3.5.2 | Describe the needs of a specific load out |
| 3.5.3 | Explain the process required for a specific load out |

CONTENT STANDARD 4.0 : UNDERSTAND LIGHTING DESIGN**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.1 : EXPLAIN LIGHTING THEORY**

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|-------|--|
| 4.1.1 | Describe the basic function of stage lighting (i.e., visibility, directional, practical, background, effect) |
| 4.1.2 | Discuss what it means to properly light the stage |
| 4.1.3 | Research different theories of stage lighting (e.g., McCandless) |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.2 : COMPARE AND CONTRAST INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT

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|-------|---|
| 4.2.1 | Compare and contrast features and uses of different types of lighting instruments |
| 4.2.2 | Describe accessories used in stage lighting equipment |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.3 : DEMONSTRATE HANGING AND FOCUSING LIGHTING SYSTEMS

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 4.3.1 | Describe and demonstrate the process of safely installing lighting systems |
| 4.3.2 | Explain the purpose of lamp optimization within a fixture's reflector |
| 4.3.3 | Describe and demonstrate the process of focusing various lighting instruments |
| 4.3.4 | Demonstrate how to install color medium (i.e., gel and install a gobo in a lighting instrument) |
| 4.3.5 | Demonstrate how to install a lighting pattern (gobo) in a lighting instrument |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.4 : PROGRAM A LIGHTING SYSTEM

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|-------|---|
| 4.4.1 | Determine when lighting cues are needed according to the script/director |
| 4.4.2 | Demonstrate correct patching of a stage lighting system |
| 4.4.3 | Determine the timing of the lighting cues according to the script/director |
| 4.4.4 | Demonstrate the keystrokes needed to properly create and save a stage lighting look |
| 4.4.5 | Demonstrate proficiency in operating the school theater's lighting console and software |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.5 : CREATE A LIGHT PLOT

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|-------|--|
| 4.5.1 | Determine lighting needs and placement based on a given light plot |
| 4.5.2 | Explain how to use the instrument key on a given light plot |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.6 : APPLY THE DESIGN PROCESS TO LIGHTING

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|-------|--|
| 4.6.1 | Discuss the importance of given circumstances in a play as it informs light design |
| 4.6.2 | Explain the effect of color used in lighting |
| 4.6.3 | Create a light plot and instrument schedule |
| 4.6.4 | Explain the psychological/emotional impact of light direction on the subject onstage |
| 4.6.5 | Explain the difference between "motivated" and "motivating" light sources |
| 4.6.6 | Compare and contrast lighting for various set designs and performance venues |
| 4.6.7 | Analyze challenges when parameters of the performance venue are changed |

CONTENT STANDARD 5.0 : DEMONSTRATE AUDIO ENGINEERING**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.1 : EXPLAIN THE COMPONENTS OF A SOUND SYSTEM**

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 5.1.1 | Compare and contrast a live source versus a playback source |
| 5.1.2 | Identify the components of a sound system |
| 5.1.3 | Demonstrate how to set up a basic sound system |
| 5.1.4 | Describe the signal path as it travels through the sound system |
| 5.1.5 | Demonstrate the sequence to power up and power down the sound system |
| 5.1.6 | Identify the different parts of speaker, microphone and patching cables |
| 5.1.7 | Illustrate and label the equipment that is needed in a basic sound system |
| 5.1.8 | Describe mix and signal processing as it relates to audio engineering |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.2 : COMPARE AND CONTRAST MICROPHONES

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|-------|---|
| 5.2.1 | Compare and contrast different types of microphones and their set up |
| 5.2.2 | Define phantom power and describe its use in certain microphones |
| 5.2.3 | Demonstrate the setup of wired and wireless microphones |
| 5.2.4 | Practice proper handling, general maintenance, and proper care of all types of microphones and cables |
| 5.2.5 | Communicate to performers the proper handling of microphones |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.3 : APPLY VARIOUS SIGNAL LEVELS

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|-------|---|
| 5.3.1 | Explain the difference between line level and mic level inputs |
| 5.3.2 | Demonstrate the use of the gain and EQ control in correcting microphone levels |
| 5.3.3 | Describe the use and effect of signal processing, including the use of a compressor |
| 5.3.4 | Demonstrate proper troubleshooting techniques in audio engineering |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.4 : DEMONSTRATE RECORDING AND PLAYBACK

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|-------|--|
| 5.4.1 | Demonstrate the skills and techniques that are needed to play back sound through various devices |
| 5.4.2 | Research various copyright rules and regulations as related to audio |
| 5.4.3 | Demonstrate the skills and techniques needed to record and store sound to various devices |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.5 : DESCRIBE THE FUNCTION OF AMPLIFIERS AND SPEAKERS

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 5.5.1 | Describe the function of amplifiers and how they fit into a basic sound system set up |
| 5.5.2 | Explain the function of different types of speakers |
| 5.5.3 | Describe the importance of proper speaker placement |

CONTENT STANDARD 6.0 : PRACTICE STAGE MANAGEMENT**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.1 : CREATE A PROMPT BOOK**

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 6.1.1 | Research the elements of a stage manager's prompt book |
| 6.1.2 | Build a stage manager's prompt book |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.2 : DEMONSTRATE EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

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|-------|--|
| 6.2.1 | Discuss the importance of good communication within the production |
| 6.2.2 | Demonstrate the types and styles of communication that a stage manager can use |
| 6.2.3 | Demonstrate and describe proper set up and usage of an intercom system |
| 6.2.4 | Explain the communication responsibilities of the stage manager at the production meetings |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.3 : DESCRIBE PERFORMANCE DUTIES AND PROCESSES

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 6.3.1 | Describe the role and duties of stage managers |
| 6.3.2 | Research the contents of a stage manager's kit |
| 6.3.3 | Practice taping the floor using a ground plan |
| 6.3.4 | Describe the types and purposes of technical rehearsals |
| 6.3.5 | Demonstrate the process of taking down blocking notation in a rehearsal |
| 6.3.6 | Demonstrate the cue calling process during a production |
| 6.3.7 | Discuss troubleshooting strategies during a production |
| 6.3.8 | Demonstrate the preset process that must occur during a production |

CONTENT STANDARD 7.0 : APPLY SCENIC DESIGN**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.1 : UNDERSTAND CONCEPTS OF SCENIC DESIGN**

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 7.1.1 | Identify the purpose and history of scenic design |
| 7.1.2 | Research the elements of scenic design |
| 7.1.3 | Utilize industry standard terms related to scenic design |
| 7.1.4 | Compare and contrast the types of scenic design (e.g., box set, unit set) |
| 7.1.5 | Demonstrate the importance of sightlines in a set design and how it affects the audience |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.2 : ANALYZE SCENIC DESIGNS

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 7.2.1 | Explain the use of levels and planes in a scenic design |
| 7.2.2 | Discuss the use of flats, wagons, platforms, and ramps in scenic design |
| 7.2.3 | Analyze the different styles of scenic design (e.g., representational, presentational sets, realism, selective realism) |
| 7.2.4 | Analyze a given script for scenic design |
| 7.2.5 | Analyze the purposes of designing for directorial composition |
| 7.2.6 | Examine drops and drapery in scenic design |
| 7.2.7 | Identify the utilization of a unified color palette in all theatrical designs |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.3 : UTILIZE SCALE DRAWINGS AND GROUND PLANS

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 7.3.1 | Identify the term rendering as it relates to scenic design |
| 7.3.2 | Identify the term ground plan as it relates to scenic design |
| 7.3.3 | Demonstrate the use of scale in a drawing using $\frac{1}{4}''=1'$ and $\frac{1}{2}''=1'$ |
| 7.3.4 | Analyze the purpose of the centerline and plasterline in a ground plan for the stage |
| 7.3.5 | Define the elements of a scenic plan |
| 7.3.6 | Demonstrate how to draw elements of a scenic plan (i.e., walls, doors, archways, windows, stairs, and platforms) |
| 7.3.7 | Describe the use of a section view |
| 7.3.8 | Research new advances in technology that can be applied to scenic design |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.4 : CREATE ELEVATIONS AND MODELS

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|-------|--|
| 7.4.1 | Explain the purpose of elevations in a scenic design |
| 7.4.2 | Demonstrate the steps in building a scale model for a scenic design for the stage |
| 7.4.3 | Create a scale model using a ground plan and elevations in either $\frac{1}{4}''$ or $\frac{1}{2}''$ scale |

CONTENT STANDARD 8.0 : UNDERSTAND COSTUMING**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.1 : EXPLAIN THE FUNCTIONS OF COSTUMING**

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|-------|--|
| 8.1.1 | Research time period, location, and historical references |
| 8.1.2 | Explain the role of costuming in a production |
| 8.1.3 | Describe costuming for a particular personality, age, gender, role or status |
| 8.1.4 | Explain how costuming reflects the development of a character |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.2 : EXAMINE ELEMENTS AND PRINCIPLES OF COSTUME DESIGN

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 8.2.1 | Compare and contrast the elements of design (i.e., line, shape, color, and texture) |
| 8.2.2 | Analyze the principles of design (i.e., movement, balance, contrast) |
| 8.2.3 | Explain the functionality of a costume within a given production |
| 8.2.4 | Examine the unity of costumes within a production |
| 8.2.5 | Analyze the script for the author's theme and mood |
| 8.2.6 | Evaluate how the director's concept and style affects the design |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.3 : DEMONSTRATE WARDROBE MAINTENANCE

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 8.3.1 | Describe the importance of wardrobe maintenance |
| 8.3.2 | Facilitate the cleaning, upkeep, and storage of costumes |
| 8.3.3 | Demonstrate proper costume repair and alterations |
| 8.3.4 | Create and demonstrate a quick change procedure |

CONTENT STANDARD 9.0 : UNDERSTAND HOUSE MANAGEMENT AND RELATED**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 9.1 : EXPLAIN HOUSE STAFF RESPONSIBILITIES**

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 9.1.1 | Identify the term house manager as it pertains to the theater |
| 9.1.2 | Discuss concession and promotional sales during a production |
| 9.1.3 | Explain the need of a house manager to communicate with other members of the production |
| 9.1.4 | Explain the duties of ushers |
| 9.1.5 | Describe intermission procedures for the house staff of a theater |
| 9.1.6 | Create a contact list in case of emergencies in the theater |
| 9.1.7 | Describe and demonstrate closing procedures for the house staff in a theater |
| 9.1.8 | Create evacuation, security and safety procedures for the theater |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 9.2 : DEVELOP A PROMOTION PLAN

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|--------|---|
| 9.2.1 | Explain the different methods of advertising for a theatrical performance (e.g., posters, news media, social media) |
| 9.2.2 | Describe the role of social media in promoting a production |
| 9.2.3 | Explain how a theatrical box office operates |
| 9.2.4 | Analyze the different parts of a standard theatrical program |
| 9.2.5 | Identify timeline in creating a promotion plan for a theater's season |
| 9.2.6 | Research the process of licensing shows, including renting materials, and paying royalties |
| 9.2.7 | Analyze the purpose of a promotion plan for the theater |
| 9.2.8 | Describe methods to gain community/financial support and sponsors |
| 9.2.9 | Analyze different ticket distribution methods |
| 9.2.10 | Create a promotion plan |
| 9.2.11 | Create a mock program for a given theatrical production |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 9.3 : PREPARE A BUDGET

- | | |
|-------|--|
| 9.3.1 | Analyze the differences between an amateur and professional theatre company as it pertains to licensing rights |
| 9.3.2 | Explain appropriate box office accounting and reporting |
| 9.3.3 | Analyze fixed vs. variable costs for the theatre budget |
| 9.3.4 | Create a budget for a production |

CONTENT STANDARD 10.0 : RESEARCH CAREERS IN THEATRE**PERFORMANCE STANDARD 10.1 : DESCRIBE EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES**

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|--------|---|
| 10.1.1 | Research careers in traditional and nontraditional theatre venues |
| 10.1.2 | Identify the terms regional, touring, and repertory as it relates to the entertainment industry |
| 10.1.3 | Analyze the difference between professional theatre and educational theatre |
| 10.1.4 | Discuss the pros and cons of freelance work |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 10.2 : RESEARCH THEATRE COMPANIES

- | | |
|--------|---|
| 10.2.1 | Identify the term shareholders as it relates to a theatrical producer |
| 10.2.2 | Evaluate different outlets for investing in plays |
| 10.2.3 | Compare and contrast commercial and non-profit/community theatres |
| 10.2.4 | Research the unique aspects of working in theatre in New York City |

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 10.3 : EXAMINE THEATRICAL UNIONS

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|--------|---|
| 10.3.1 | Examine different crafts within theatrical unions |
| 10.3.2 | Research requirements and benefits of different theatrical unions |
| 10.3.3 | Examine state employment laws as they relate to union membership and employment |
| 10.3.4 | Research local houses/venues to determine union status |

**CROSSWALKS AND ALIGNMENTS OF
THEATRE TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS
AND THE NEVADA ACADEMIC CONTENT STANDARDS
AND THE COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE STANDARDS**

CROSSWALKS (ACADEMIC STANDARDS)

The crosswalk of the Theatre Technology Standards shows links to the Nevada Academic Content Standards in Science (based on the Next Generation Science Standards – Disciplinary Core Ideas Arrangement) and the English Language Arts and Mathematics (based on the Common Core State Standards). The crosswalk identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Theatre Technology program support academic learning. The performance indicators are grouped according to their content standard and are crosswalked to the Nevada Academic Content Standards in Science, English Language Arts, and Mathematics.

ALIGNMENTS (MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES)

In addition to correlation with the Nevada Academic Content Standards for Mathematics, many performance indicators support the Mathematical Practices. The following table illustrates the alignment of the Theatre Technology Standards Performance Indicators and the Mathematical Practices. This alignment identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Theatre Technology program support academic learning.

CROSSWALKS (COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE)

The crosswalk of the Theatre Technology Standards shows links to the Common Career Technical Core. The crosswalk identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Theatre Technology program support the Common Career Technical Core. The Common Career Technical Core defines what students should know and be able to do after completing instruction in a program of study. The Theatre Technology Standards are crosswalked to the Arts/AV Technology & Communications Career Cluster™ and the A/V Technology & Film Career Pathway.

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**CROSSWALK OF THEATRE TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS
AND THE NEVADA ACADEMIC CONTENT STANDARDS**

CONTENT STANDARD 1.0: INVESTIGATE THEATRE OPERATIONS

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards
1.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p>
1.1.2	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
1.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p>

1.1.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p>
1.1.5	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
1.1.6	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
1.1.7	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
1.2.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p>

1.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
1.3.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 2.0: DEMONSTRATE THEATER SAFETY

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
2.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
2.1.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
2.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.1.7	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
2.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.3.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.3.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.3.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.3.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>

2.3.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.3.6	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
2.4.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p>
2.4.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.5.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.5 Analyze how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, demonstrating understanding of the information or ideas.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>WHST.11-12.9 Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p>
2.5.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>

2.5.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
2.5.6	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
2.5.7	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 3.0: DEMONSTRATE SET CONSTRUCTION

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
3.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
3.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
3.1.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
3.1.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>

3.2.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.2.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.2.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
3.2.7	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.3.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p>
3.3.2	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

3.3.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.3.4	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
3.3.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p>
3.3.7	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.3.8	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
3.3.9	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
3.3.10	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>

3.4.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
3.4.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.4.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>
3.4.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
3.5.2	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
3.5.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 4.0: UNDERSTAND LIGHTING DESIGN

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
4.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
4.1.2	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p>
4.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
4.2.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p>
4.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

4.3.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
4.3.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
4.3.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p>
4.3.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
4.4.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p>
4.4.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
4.4.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p>
4.4.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
4.5.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p>

4.5.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
4.6.1	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
4.6.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
4.6.3	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>
4.6.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

4.6.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
4.6.6	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 5.0: DEMONSTRATE AUDIO ENGINEERING

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
5.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
5.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
5.1.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
5.1.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
5.1.8	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

5.2.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
5.2.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
5.2.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p>
5.2.5	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1b Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p>
5.3.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

<p>5.3.2</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p>
<p>5.3.4</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p>
<p>5.4.1</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p>
<p>5.4.2</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
<p>5.4.3</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p>
<p>5.5.1</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>

5.5.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
5.5.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 6.0: PRACTICE STAGE MANAGEMENT

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
6.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
6.2.1	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
6.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1b Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p> <p>SL.11-12.3 Evaluate a speaker’s point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.</p>
6.2.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
6.2.4	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1b Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p> <p>SL.11-12.3 Evaluate a speaker’s point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.</p>

6.3.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
6.3.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
6.3.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation</p>
6.3.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.</p>
6.3.6	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 54 for specific expectations.)</p>
6.3.7	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1b Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 7.0: APPLY SCENIC DESIGN

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
7.1.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
7.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Language Standards L.11-12.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p>
7.1.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
7.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1b Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</p> <p>SL.11-12.1d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</p>

7.2.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p>
7.2.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literature RL.11-12.3 Analyze the impact of the author’s choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p>
7.2.5	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literature RL.11-12.3 Analyze the impact of the author’s choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p>
7.2.6	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.5 Analyze how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, demonstrating understanding of the information or ideas.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
7.3.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
7.3.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
7.3.6	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p>

<p>7.3.7</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
<p>7.3.8</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
<p>7.4.1</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
<p>7.4.2</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p>
<p>7.4.3</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 8.0: UNDERSTAND COSTUMING

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
8.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
8.1.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
8.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
8.1.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
8.2.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>

<p>8.2.2</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
<p>8.2.3</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
<p>8.2.4</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.5 Analyze how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, demonstrating understanding of the information or ideas.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style.</p> <p>WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
<p>8.2.5</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literature RL.11-12.3 Analyze the impact of the author’s choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p>
<p>8.2.6</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.9 Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</p>
<p>8.3.1</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

8.3.4	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
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CONTENT STANDARD 9.0: UNDERSTAND HOUSE MANAGEMENT AND RELATED BUSINESS FUNCTIONS

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
9.1.2	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
9.1.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
9.1.5	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks</p>
9.1.6	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>

9.1.7	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
9.1.8	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>
9.2.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
9.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
9.2.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>

<p>9.2.4</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
<p>9.2.7</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.6 Analyze the author’s purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, identifying important issues that remain unresolved.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
<p>9.2.8</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p> <p>WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
<p>9.2.9</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
<p>9.2.10</p>	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>WHST.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.</p> <p>WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>

9.2.11	<p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>WHST.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.</p>
9.3.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
9.3.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
9.3.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
9.3.4	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.8 Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.</p>

CONTENT STANDARD 10.0: RESEARCH CAREERS IN THEATRE

Performance	Nevada Academic Content Standards
10.1.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
10.1.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.</p>
10.1.3	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>
10.1.4	<p>English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</p> <p>SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</p>
10.2.2	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>RST.11-12.9 Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p>

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10.3.1	<p>English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects RST.11-12.5 Analyze how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, demonstrating understanding of the information or ideas.</p> <p>RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</p> <p>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>
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**ALIGNMENT OF THEATRE TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS
AND THE MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES**

Mathematical Practices	Theatre Technology Performance Indicators
1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	5.3.4; 6.3.7
2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	9.3.2, 9.3.3, 9.3.4
3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	
4. Model with mathematics.	3.4.3; 7.3.3; 7.4.3
5. Use appropriate tools strategically.	2.2.2, 2.3.5, 2.4.1; 3.2.2, 3.2.4, 5.1.3
6. Attend to precision.	3.1.2, 3.2.1; 3.3.5, 3.3.7; 6.3.3; 7.3.3
7. Look for and make use of structure.	1.3.2; 3.3.5, 3.3.7; 3.4.3; 7.2.1; 7.3.3; 7.4.3
8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	4.4.3

**CROSSWALKS OF THEATRE TECHNOLOGY STANDARDS
AND THE COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE**

Arts, A/V Technology & Communications Career Cluster™ (AR)	Performance Indicators
1. Analyze the interdependence of the technical and artistic elements of various careers within the Arts, A/V Technology & Communications Career Cluster™.	1.1.1-1.1.7; 1.3.1, 6.3.1; 10.1.4, 10.2.3, 10.2.4; 10.3.1-10.3.4
2. Analyze the importance of health, safety and environmental management systems, policies and procedures common in arts, audio/video technology and communications activities and facilities.	2.1.7; 2.2.1, 2.2.2; 2.3.1-2.3.7; 2.4.1-2.4.3; 2.5.1-2.5.8; 9.1.6, 9.1.6
3. Analyze the lifestyle implications and physical demands required in the arts, audio/visual technology and communications workplace.	10.1.4, 10.2.4
4. Analyze the legal and ethical responsibilities required in the arts, audio/visual technology and communications workplace.	2.5.8; 5.4.2; 9.2.6, 9.3.1; 10.3.3
5. Describe the career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Arts, A/V Technology & Communications Career Pathways.	1.1.1-1.1.17; 9.1.9; 10.1.1, 10.1.3, 10.1.4; 10.3.1
6. Evaluate technological advancements and tools that are essential to occupations within the Arts, A/V Technology & Communications Career Cluster™.	4.2.1, 4.5.2, 4.6.5, 4.6.6; 5.1.1, 5.2.1; 7.3.8
A/V Technology & Film Career Pathway (AR-AV)	Performance Indicators
1. Describe the history, terminology, occupations and value of audio, video and film technology.	1.1.1-1.1.7, 1.2.2, 3.5.1; 7.1.1; 9.1.1; 10.1.2
2. Demonstrate the use of basic tools and equipment used in audio, video and film production.	3.2.3-3.2.4; 5.2.5, 5.2.4
3. Demonstrate technical support skills for audio, video and/or film productions.	3.3.1, 3.3.3, 3.3.5, 3.4.2, 3.4.5; 4.3.4, 4.4.2, 4.4.4, 4.6.3; 5.1.3, 5.1.5; 5.2.3, 5.2.4; 5.3.2, 5.4.1, 5.4.3; 8.3.3, 8.3.4; 9.3.4
4. Design an audio, video and/or film production.	4.5.1, 4.5.2, 4.6.3; 7.2.3; 8.2.2