STANDARD 1	NEW LEARNING IS CONNECTED TO PRIOR LEARNING AND EXPERIENCE
What Teacher-Librarians	National Association Standards
Need to Demonstrate	American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 1	AASL 1.4e - Builds upon learners' prior knowledge as needed for the learning task
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or	• AASL 1.4j - Uses differentiated strategies with respect to gender, reading ability, personal interests,
collaboratively activates all students' initial	and prior knowledge to engage learners in reading and inquiry
understandings of new concepts and	AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot
skills.	complete without assistance
Indicator 2	AASL 1.4e - Builds upon learners' prior knowledge as needed for the learning task
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or	• AASL 1.4j - Uses differentiated strategies with respect to gender, reading ability, personal interests,
collaboratively makes connections explicit	and prior knowledge to engage learners in reading and inquiry
between previous learning and new	
concepts and skills for all students.	
Indicator 3	AASL 1.4e - Builds upon learners' prior knowledge as needed for the learning task
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or	• AASL 1.4j - Uses differentiated strategies with respect to gender, reading ability, personal interests,
collaboratively makes clear	and prior knowledge to engage learners in reading and inquiry
the purpose and relevance of new learning	
for all students.	
Indicator 4	AASL 1.3a - Promotes critical thinking by connecting learners with the world of information in
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or	multiple formats
collaboratively provides all students	AASL 1.4g - Provides opportunities for learners to revise their work through feedback from
opportunities to build on or challenge	educators and peers
initial understandings.	 AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity

STANDARD 2	LEARNING TASKS HAVE HIGH COGNITIVE DEMAND FOR DIVERSE LEARNERS
What Teacher-Librarians	National Association Standards
Need to Demonstrate	American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 1	AASL 1.3a - Promotes critical thinking by connecting learners with the world of information in
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or	multiple formats
collaboratively provides tasks that	• AASL 1.3c - Integrates the use of state-of-the-art and emerging technologies as a means for effective
purposefully employ all students'	and creative learning
cognitive abilities and skills.	• AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity
	• AASL 1.4j - Uses differentiated strategies with respect to gender, reading ability, personal interests, and prior knowledge to engage learners in reading and inquiry
	AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot complete without assistance
Indicator 2	AASL 1.3a - Promotes critical thinking by connecting learners with the world of information in
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or	multiple formats
collaboratively provides tasks that place	• AASL 1.3c -Integrates the use of state-of-the-art and emerging technologies as a means for effective
appropriate demands on each student.	and creative learning
	• AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity
	• AASL 1.4j - Uses differentiated strategies with respect to gender, reading ability, personal interests,
	and prior knowledge to engage learners in reading and inquiry
	AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot complete without assistance
Indicator 3	AASL 1.3a - Promotes critical thinking by connecting learners with the world of information in
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or	multiple formats
collaboratively provides tasks that	• AASL 1.3c - Integrates the use of state-of-the-art and emerging technologies as a means for effective
progressively develop all students'	and creative learning
cognitive abilities and skills.	• AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity
	 AASL 1.4j - Uses differentiated strategies with respect to gender, reading ability, personal interests,
	and prior knowledge to engage learners in reading and inquiry
	AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot complete without assistance

STANDARD 2	LEARNING TASKS HAVE HIGH COGNITIVE DEMAND FOR DIVERSE LEARNERS
What Teacher-Librarians	National Association Standards
Need to Demonstrate	American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 4	AASL 1.2a - Acquires and promotes current, high-quality, high-interest collections of books and
Teacher-Librarian operates with a deep	other reading resources in multiple formats
belief that all children can achieve	AASL 1.2b - Fosters reading for various pursuits, including personal pleasure, knowledge, and ideas
regardless of race, perceived ability, and	AASL 1.2d - Develops initiatives to encourage and engage learners in reading, writing, and listening
socio-economic status.	for understanding and enjoyment
	AASL 1.2f - Creates opportunities to involve caregivers, parents, and other family members in
	reading

STANDARD 3	STUDENTS ENGAGE IN MEANING-MAKING THROUGH DISCOURSE AND OTHER STRATEGIES
What Teacher-Librarians Need to Demonstrate	National Association Standards American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 1 Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively provides opportunities for extended, productive discourse between the teacher and student(s) and among students.	 AASL 1.4g AASL - Provides opportunities for learners to revise their work through feedback from educators and peers AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity
Indicator 2 Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively provides opportunities for all students to create and interpret multiple representation. Indicator 3 Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively assists all students to use existing knowledge and prior experience to make connections and recognize relationships.	 AASL 1.3c - Integrates the use of state-of-the-art and emerging technologies as a means for effective and creative learning AASL 1.3d - Guides students and teachers to formats most appropriate for the learning task AASL 1.3h - Encourages the use of multiple formats to present data and information in compelling and useful ways AASL 1.4e - Builds upon learners' prior knowledge as needed for the learning task
Indicator 4 Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively structures the classroom environment to enable collaboration, participation, and a positive affective experience for all students.	 AASL 2.3b - Creates a friendly, comfortable, well-lit, aesthetically pleasing, and ergonomic space that is centrally located and well integrated with the rest of the school AASL 2.3c - Provides sufficient and appropriate shelving and storage of resources AASL 2.3e - Provides space and seating that enhance and encourage technology use, leisure reading and browsing, and use of materials in all formats AASL 2.3g - Designs and maintains a library website that provides 24-7 access to digital information resources, instructional interventions, reference

STANDARD 4	STUDENTS ENGAGE IN METACOGNITIVE ACTIVITY
	TO INCREASE UNDERSTANDING OF AND RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR OWN LEARNING
What Teacher-Librarians Need to	National Association Standards
Demonstrate	American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 1 Teacher-Librarian and all students	• AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity
understand what students are learning, why they are learning it, and how they	AASL 1.5c s- Solicits student input for the assessment of inquiry-based instructional units upon their completion
will know if they have learned it.	AASL 1.5d - Solicits student input for post-assessment of inquiry-based instructional units
	AASL 1.5e - Uses formative assessments that give students feedback and the chance to revise their work
	• AASL 1.5f - Uses performance-based assessments, such as rubrics, checklists, portfolios, journals, observation, conferencing, and self-questioning
	AASL 1.1d - Seeks input from students on the learning process
Indicator 2 Teacher-Librarian independently	AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity
and/or collaboratively structures opportunities for self- monitored	AASL 1.5c - Solicits student input for the assessment of inquiry-based instructional units upon their completion
learning for all students.	AASL 1.5d - Solicits student input for post- assessment of inquiry-based instructional units
	AASL 1.5e - Uses formative assessments that give students feedback and the chance to revise their work
	AASL 1.5f - Uses performance-based assessments, such as rubrics, checklists, portfolios, journals, observation, conferencing, and self-questioning
	AASL 1.1d - Seeks input from students on the learning process

STANDARD 4	STUDENTS ENGAGE IN METACOGNITIVE ACTIVITY
	TO INCREASE UNDERSTANDING OF AND RESPONSIBILITY FOR THEIR OWN LEARNING
What Teacher-Librarians Need to	National Association Standards
Demonstrate	American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 3 Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively supports all students to take actions based on the students' own self- monitoring processes.	 AASL 1.4i - Stimulates critical thinking through the use of learning activities that involve application, analysis, evaluation, and creativity AASL 1.5c - Solicits student input for the assessment of inquiry-based instructional units upon their completion AASL 1.5d - Solicits student input for post- assessment of inquiry-based instructional units AASL 1.5e - Uses formative assessments that give students feedback and the chance to revise their work
	 AASL 1.5f - Uses performance-based assessments, such as rubrics, checklists, portfolios, journals, observation, conferencing, and self-questioning AASL 1.1d - Seeks input from students on the learning process

STANDARD 5	ASSESSMENT IS INTEGRATED INTO INSTRUCTION
What Teacher-Librarians	National Association Standards
Need to Demonstrate	American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 1	AASL 1.4.h -Uses formative assessments to guide learners and assess their progress
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively plans on-going learning	AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot complete without assistance
opportunities based on evidence of all	AASL 1.5a - Implements critical analysis and evaluation strategies
students' current learning status.	• AASL 1.5b - Uses summative assessments of process and product in collaboration with teachers
	• AASL 1.5c - Solicits student input for the assessment of inquiry-based instructional units upon their completion
	AASL 1.5d - Solicits student input for post- assessment of inquiry-based instructional units
	 AASL 1.5e - Uses formative assessments that give students feedback and the chance to revise their work
	 AASL 1.5f - Uses performance-based assessments, such as rubrics, checklists, portfolios, journals, observation, conferencing, and self-questioning
	• AASL 1.5g - Creates rubrics for student work that integrate curricular, informational, and critical
	thinking standards
- 11	AASL 1.5h - Documents student progress through portfolios that demonstrate growth
Indicator 2	AASL 1.4.h - Uses formative assessments to guide learners and assess their progress
Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively aligns	AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot complete without assistance
assessment opportunities with	AASL 1.5a - Implements critical analysis and evaluation strategies
learning goals and performance	AASL 1.5b - Uses summative assessments of process and product in collaboration with teacher
criteria.	• AASL 1.5c - Solicits student input for the assessment of inquiry-based instructional units upon their completion
	AASL 1.5d - Solicits student input for post- assessment of inquiry-based instructional units
	AASL 1.5e - Uses formative assessments that give students feedback and the chance to revise their work
	• AASL 1.5f - Uses performance-based assessments, such as rubrics, checklists, portfolios, journals, observation, conferencing, and self-questioning
	AASL 1.5g - Creates rubrics for student work that integrate curricular, informational, and critical thinking standards
	AASL 1.5h - Documents student progress through portfolios that demonstrate growth

STANDARD 5	ASSESSMENT IS INTEGRATED INTO INSTRUCTION
What Teacher-Librarians	National Association Standards
Need to Demonstrate	American Association of School Librarians Standards (AASL)
Indicator 3 Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively structures opportunities to generate evidence of learning during the lesson of all students.	 AASL 1.4.h - Uses formative assessments to guide learners and assess their progress AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot complete without assistance AASL 1.5a - Implements critical analysis and evaluation strategies AASL 1.5b - Uses summative assessments of process and product in collaboration with teachers AASL 1.5c - Solicits student input for the assessment of inquiry-based instructional units upon their completion AASL 1.5d - Solicits student input for post- assessment of inquiry-based instructional units AASL 1.5e - Uses formative assessments that give students feedback and the chance to revise their work AASL 1.5f - Uses performance-based assessments, such as rubrics, checklists, portfolios, journals, observation, conferencing, and self-questioning AASL 1.5g - Creates rubrics for student work that integrate curricular, informational, and critical thinking standards
Indicator 4 Teacher-Librarian independently and/or collaboratively adapts actions based on evidence generated in the lesson for all students.	 AASL 1.5h - Documents student progress through portfolios that demonstrate growth AASL 1.4.h - Uses formative assessments to guide learners and assess their progress AASL 1.4l - Applies appropriate interventions to help learners perform tasks that they cannot complete without assistance AASL 1.5a - Implements critical analysis and evaluation strategies AASL 1.5b - Uses summative assessments of process and product in collaboration with teachers AASL 1.5c - Solicits student input for the assessment of inquiry-based instructional units upon their completion AASL 1.5d - Solicits student input for post- assessment of inquiry-based instructional units AASL 1.5e - Uses formative assessments that give students feedback and the chance to revise their work AASL 1.5f - Uses performance-based assessments, such as rubrics, checklists, portfolios, journals, observation, conferencing, and self-questioning AASL 1.5g - Creates rubrics for student work that integrate curricular, informational, and critical thinking standards AASL 1.5h - Documents student progress through portfolios that demonstrate growth