## Marketing Standards



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## **BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY VALIDATION**

All CTE standards developed through the Nevada Department of Education are validated by business and industry through one or more of the following processes: (1) the standards are developed by a team consisting of business and industry representatives; or (2) a separate review panel was coordinated with industry experts to ensure the standards include the proper content; or (3) the adoption of nationally-recognized standards endorsed by business and industry.

The Marketing standards were validated with the adoption of the nationally recognized standards approved by the MBA Research and Curriculum Center.

## **PROJECT COORDINATOR**

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## INTRODUCTION

The standards in this document are designed to clearly state what the student should know and be able to do upon completion of an advanced high school Marketing program. These standards are designed for a three-credit course sequence that prepares the student for a technical assessment directly aligned to the standards.

These exit level standards are designed for the student to complete all standards through their completion of a program of study. These standards are intended to guide curriculum objectives for a program of study.

The standards are organized as follows:

**Content Standards** are general statements that identify major areas of knowledge, understanding, and the skills students are expected to learn in key subject and career areas by the end of the program.

**Performance Standards** follow each content standard. Performance standards identify the more specific components of each content standard and define the expected abilities of students within each content standard.

**Performance Indicators** are very specific criteria statements for determining whether a student meets the performance standard. Performance indicators may also be used as learning outcomes, which teachers can identify as they plan their program learning objectives.

The crosswalk and alignment section of the document shows where the performance indicators support the Nevada Academic Content Standards in Science (based on the Next Generation Science Standards) and in English Language Arts and Mathematics (based on the Common Core State Standards). Where correlation with an academic content standard exists, students in the Marketing program perform learning activities that support, either directly or indirectly, achievement of the academic content standards that are listed.

All students are encouraged to participate in the career and technical student organization (CTSO) that relates to the Marketing program. CTSOs are co-curricular national associations that directly enforce learning in the CTE classroom through curriculum resources, competitive events, and leadership development. CTSOs provide students the ability to apply academic and technical knowledge, develop communication and teamwork skills, and cultivate leadership skills to ensure college and career readiness.

The Employability Skills for Career Readiness identify the "soft skills" needed to be successful in all careers, and must be taught as an integrated component of all CTE course sequences. These standards are available in a separate document.

The **Standards Reference Code** is only used to identify or align performance indicators listed in the standards to daily lesson plans, curriculum documents, or national standards.

Program Name:	Marketing		Standards Refer	ence Code: MKT
		Example:	MKT.2.3.4	
Standards		Content Standard	Performance Standard	Performance Indicator
Marketing		2	3	4

## CONTENT STANDARD 1.0 : UNDERSTAND ECONOMIC CONCEPTS

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.1: EXPLAIN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS AND ITS CONTRIBUTION TO SOCIETY

- 1.1.1 Explain the role of business in society
- 1.1.2 Describe types of business activities
- 1.1.3 Explain the organizational structure of businesses
- 1.1.4 Describe factors that affect the business environment
- 1.1.5 Explain the relationship between government and business
- 1.1.6 Analyze the global environment in which businesses operate

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.2 : EXAMINE ECONOMIC SYSTEMS

- 1.2.1 Explain the types of economic systems
- 1.2.2 Explain the concept of economic resources
- 1.2.3 Describe the concepts of economics and economic activities
- 1.2.4 Explain the principles of supply and demand
- 1.2.5 Compare and contrast economic goods, services, production, scarcity, and opportunity cost
- 1.2.6 Explain the concept of competition and private enterprise

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.3 : EXAMINE ECONOMIC INDICATORS AND TRENDS

- 1.3.1 Describe the nature of taxes
- 1.3.2 Analyze impact of specialization/division of labor on productivity
- 1.3.3 Explain the concept of organized labor and business
- 1.3.4 Explain how organizations adapt to today's markets
- 1.3.5 Determine factors affecting business risk
- 1.3.6 Explain the concept of Gross Domestic Product
- 1.3.7 Explain the impact of the law of diminishing returns
- 1.3.8 Describe market structures
- 1.3.9 Explain how scarcity and surplus influence trade between countries
- 1.3.10 Define the relationships of the major trade alliances between countries

#### CONTENT STANDARD 2.0 : UNDERSTAND ETHICAL AND LEGAL ISSUES THAT IMPACT BUSINESS

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.1 : **EXPLAIN SOURCES OF LAW FOR LEGAL AND ETHICAL DECISION-MAKING** 

- 2.1.1 Describe the connection between law and ethics
- 2.1.2 Compare limited and general partnerships
- 2.1.3 Differentiate between sole proprietorships, partnerships, and corporations
- 2.1.4 Explain ethical characteristics and traits
- 2.1.5 Demonstrate how a rule of law may conflict with moral and ethical decisions
- 2.1.6 Describe legislation related to technology with a focus on electronic transactions, computers, and the internet

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.2 : **DESCRIBE CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIPS**

- 2.2.1 Explain the essential elements of a contract
- 2.2.2 Describe ways an offer and a contract come to a conclusion
- 2.2.3 Differentiate between fraud, nondisclosure, misrepresentation, duress, and undue influence
- 2.2.4 Research intellectual property rights

## CONTENT STANDARD 3.0: UNDERSTAND THE IMPORTANCE OF CUSTOMER RELATIONS

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.1: EXPLAIN THE NATURE OF CUSTOMER RELATIONS MANAGEMENT

- 3.1.1 Evaluate the nature of positive customer relations
- 3.1.2 Formulate solutions to customer/client complaints
- 3.1.3 Research business policies to respond appropriately to customer inquiries
- 3.1.4 Describe the use of technology, including social media, in customer relationship management

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.2: REINFORCE A COMPANY'S IMAGE TO EXHIBIT BRAND PROMISE

- 3.2.1 Describe a company's brand promise
- 3.2.2 Determine ways of reinforcing a company's image through employee performance
- 3.2.3 Explain the role of ethics in customer relationship management

## CONTENT STANDARD 4.0 : DEMONSTRATE KNOWLEDGE OF EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.1: APPLY WRITTEN AND VERBAL COMMUNICATIONS TO CONVEY BUSINESS CONCEPTS

- 4.1.1 Utilize communication styles appropriate to target audience
- 4.1.2 Make a verbal and written presentation in an industry acceptable format
- 4.1.3 Explain uses of social media platforms
- 4.1.4 Utilize appropriate formats for professional communications
- 4.1.5 Analyze company policies and procedures

## CONTENT STANDARD 5.0 : UNDERSTAND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.1: DESCRIBE TRAITS AND CHARACTERISTICS OF AN ENTREPRENEUR

- 5.1.1 Evaluate the characteristics of a successful entrepreneur
- 5.1.2 Compare social and traditional entrepreneurship
- 5.1.3 Describe entrepreneurial planning considerations
- 5.1.4 Research venture start-up requirements and risks

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.2: EXPLAIN THE ELEMENTS OF A BUSINESS PLAN

- 5.2.1 Identify methods/techniques to generate a product idea
- 5.2.2 Explore the purpose and function of a business plan
- 5.2.3 Identify the target market
- 5.2.4 Describe distribution channels
- 5.2.5 Explain the Lean Canvas model
- 5.2.6 Describe processes used to acquire adequate financial resources for venture creation/start-up
- 5.2.7 Explain factors to consider in determining a venture's human-resource needs
- 5.2.8 Assess the costs/benefits associated with resources
- 5.2.9 Evaluate an exit strategy
- 5.2.10 Prepare pro forma financial statements for a planned business
- 5.2.11 Explain the financial implications of product cannibalization
- 5.2.12 Identify product opportunities

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.3 : EMPLOY STRATEGIES TO GENERATE IDEAS FOR BUSINESS VENTURES

- 5.3.1 Analyze customers' buying motives and decisions
- 5.3.2 Identify methods/techniques to generate a product idea
- 5.3.3 Research venture start-up requirements and risks
- 5.3.4 Assess global trends and opportunities for business ventures

## CONTENT STANDARD 6.0: UNDERSTAND FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING OPERATIONS

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.1: EXPLAIN PRINCIPLES OF MONEY AND FINANCIAL EXCHANGE

- 6.1.1 Explain sources, purpose, and function of financial exchange (cash, credit, debit, electronic funds transfer, etc.)
- 6.1.2 Identify types of currency (paper money, coins, banknotes, government bonds, treasury notes, etc.)
- 6.1.3 Explain the legal responsibilities associated with financial exchanges
- 6.1.4 Describe types of financial service providers
- 6.1.5 Explain the time value of money

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.2: EXAMINE CONCEPTS OF ACCOUNTING AND BUSINESS FINANCE

- 6.2.1 Explain the nature of financial needs
- 6.2.2 Explain warranties and guarantees
- 6.2.3 Compare consumer and business taxes
- 6.2.4 Calculate interest
- 6.2.5 Explain the concepts of profit and loss
- 6.2.6 Describe factors affecting business profitability
- 6.2.7 Analyze budgets, cash flow statements, and financial statements
- 6.2.8 Explain the nature of overhead/operation costs, service and maintenance contracts, and leasing/purchasing of equipment and facility

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.3: DESCRIBE BUSINESS FINANCING

- 6.3.1 Evaluate risks associated with obtaining business credit
- 6.3.2 Explain business loan criteria and application processes
- 6.3.3 Describe sources of financing a business

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.4 : PROJECT MARKETING COSTS

- 6.4.1 Determine the differences between variable costs and fixed costs
- 6.4.2 Estimate project costs and return on marketing investment (ROMI)
- 6.4.3 Explain the financial implications of product cannibalization
- 6.4.4 Compare the life of the product to the cost of the product

## CONTENT STANDARD 7.0: UNDERSTAND THE ROLE AND FUNCTION OF HUMAN RESOURCES

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.1: EXPLAIN THE ROLE OF HUMAN RESOURCES IN BUSINESS OPERATIONS

- 7.1.1 Explain the role of human resources in business operations
- 7.1.2 Explain the role of ethics in human resources management
- 7.1.3 Compare employee and employer rights
- 7.1.4 Determine staffing based on needs and budget

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.2: DESCRIBE THE HIRING/FIRING PROCESS

7.2.1 Describe the hiring/firing process

## CONTENT STANDARD 8.0: UNDERSTAND THE ROLE AND FUNCTION OF MARKETING

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.1: EXPLAIN THE ROLE OF MARKETING IN A GLOBAL ECONOMY

8.1.1 Explain marketing and its importance in a global economy

8.1.2 Describe marketing functions and related activities

8.1.3 Describe the role of the four P's of marketing: product, price, place, promotion

8.1.4 Identify the impact of cultural and social environments on world marketing and trade

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.2: DEMONSTRATE COMPREHENSION OF MARKETING INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

- 8.2.1 Describe the need for marketing information
- 8.2.2 Define marketing research
- 8.2.3 Explain Search Engine Optimization and other online marketing techniques
- 8.2.4 Explain the use of descriptive statistics in marketing decision-making

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.3 : DESCRIBE A COMPANY'S UNIQUE SELLING PROPOSITION

- 8.3.1 Identify a company's unique selling proposition
- 8.3.2 Explain the nature of product/service branding
- 8.3.3 Describe brand loyalty and customer retention strategies

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.4 : EXPLAIN THE ROLE OF MARKET RESEARCH

- 8.4.1 Identify types of primary marketing research
- 8.4.2 Identify sources of primary and secondary data
- 8.4.3 Describe data collection methods
- 8.4.4 Demonstrate research techniques used in marketing
- 8.4.5 Apply data collection methods to evaluate appropriateness for the research problem or issue
- 8.4.6 Identify the relationship between the research purpose and the marketing research objectives
- 8.4.7 Discuss survey sampling plans
- 8.4.8 Describe survey rating scales
- 8.4.9 Compare and contrast qualitative and quantitative research

Perform	ANCE STANDARD 8.5 : INTERPRET MARKETING INFORMATION TO TEST A HYPOTHESIS OR RESOLVE ISSUES		
8.5.1	Process and analyze research data		
8.5.2	Calculate descriptive statistics		
8.5.3	Prepare a basic marketing report		
8.5.4	Present report findings and make recommendations		
8.5.5	Describe the use of marketing research briefs		
8.5.6	Evaluate questionnaire and research designs		
957	Evaluate timeliness of research information		

- 8.5.7 Evaluate timeliness of research information
- 8.5.8 Assess appropriateness of research methods for problems/issues

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.6 : DEVELOP A MARKETING PLAN

8.6.1 Describe the elements of a marketing plan

8.6.2 Describe the marketing planning process as it relates to a situational analysis

8.6.3 Design and develop a marketing plan

## CONTENT STANDARD 9.0 : UNDERSTAND THE ROLE AND FUNCTION OF MANAGEMENT

### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 9.1 : EXPLAIN MANAGEMENT'S CONTRIBUTION TO BUSINESS SUCCESS

- 9.1.1 Explain business operations
- 9.1.2 Create a vision and mission statement
- 9.1.3 Describe factors that influence management
- 9.1.4 Explain management theories and their applications
- 9.1.5 Describe the strategic planning process within an organization
- 9.1.6 Explain the importance of knowledge management strategies

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 9.2 : DESCRIBE THE ROLE OF QUALITY MANAGEMENT

- 9.2.1 Explain the nature of quality management
- 9.2.2 Describe the importance of health and safety regulations in business
- 9.2.3 Identify quality control measures
- 9.2.4 Explain loss prevention policies
- 9.2.5 Discuss the need for continuous improvement of the quality process
- 9.2.6 Describe the concept of business liability and risk management including insurance and settlement

## PERFORMANCE STANDARD 9.3 : EXPLAIN THE IMPORTANCE OF INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

9.3.1 Explain security issues with technology used to protect consumer information and business data

- 9.3.2 Identify strategies to protect customer transactions
- 9.3.3 Describe the nature of information management
- 9.3.4 Explain legal and ethical issues associated with information management
- 9.3.5 Utilize technology tools to manage information and perform work
- 9.3.6 Explain the tools in a database system used to access information

## PERFORMANCE STANDARD 9.4 : DESCRIBE THE FUNCTION OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT

- 9.4.1 Describe elements of a plan
- 9.4.2 Explain the importance of organizing the implementation of the plan
- 9.4.3 Explain the various resources available to accomplish the goal of plan implementation
- 9.4.4 Prepare a project plan
- 9.4.5 Describe the importance of delegation of authority and accountability in plan implementation
- 9.4.6 Evaluate effectiveness of plan implementation

## CONTENT STANDARD 10.0: UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF PRODUCT/SERVICE MANAGEMENT

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 10.1: DESCRIBE PRODUCT/SERVICE MANAGEMENT

10.1.1 Identify the impact of product life cycles on marketing decisions

- 10.1.2 Describe use of technology in the product/service management functions
- 10.1.3 Explain business ethics in product/service management
- 10.1.4 Discuss the types of product/service management decisions needed to sell a business's products/services/ideas

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 10.2 : DEMONSTRATE A COMPREHENSION OF PRODUCT MIX

10.2.1 Explain the concept of product mix

- 10.2.2 Describe the nature and purpose of product bundling
- 10.2.3 Plan the product mix or determine services to be provided to a customer

## PERFORMANCE STANDARD 10.3 : POSITION PRODUCTS/SERVICES AND COMPANY TO ACQUIRE DESIRED BUSINESS IMAGE

- 10.3.1 Describe factors used by marketers to position products/services
- 10.3.2 Explain nature of product/service branding
- 10.3.3 Develop strategies to position products/services
- 10.3.4 Explain the nature and value of corporate branding
- 10.3.5 Describe the factors used by businesses to position corporate brands
- 10.3.6 Develop strategies to position corporate brands

## CONTENT STANDARD 11.0: UNDERSTAND THE NATURE AND SCOPE OF PRICING

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 11.1: UNDERSTAND THE PROCESS FOR ESTABLISHING PRICES FOR THE VALUE OF GOODS AND SERVICES

- 11.1.1 Explain the ethical and legal considerations in pricing
- 11.1.2 Explain the factors that affect pricing decisions
- 11.1.3 Calculate discounts and allowances that can be used to adjust base prices
- 11.1.4 Assess how market prices provide an incentive to produce goods and services
- 11.1.5 Determine product cost
- 11.1.6 Calculate break-even point
- 11.1.7 Determine price sensitivity
- 11.1.8 Describe the function of pricing in various markets
- 11.1.9 Select pricing policies and strategies

## CONTENT STANDARD 12.0: UNDERSTAND CONCEPTS AND STRATEGIES RELATING TO PROMOTION

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 12.1: EXPLAIN THE CONCEPT OF PROMOTION MIX

- 12.1.1 Determine market segments
- 12.1.2 Develop strategies to positon a product
- 12.1.3 Describe the elements of the promotion mix
- 12.1.4 Explain the role of social media in product promotion
- 12.1.5 Explain the nature and significance of word-of-mouth
- 12.1.6 Define buzz-marketing
- 12.1.7 Explain the use of celebrities/influencers as a word-of-mouth strategy
- 12.1.8 Categorize publicity as positive or negative and explain the effects on the business
- 12.1.9 Compare and contrast the differences between employee, customer, community relations, and public relations

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 12.2: EXPLAIN THE CONCEPT AND PURPOSE OF PUBLICITY AND PUBLIC RELATIONS

- 12.2.1 Analyze the reasons why a company participates in goodwill endeavors with its local community
- 12.2.2 Define public relations and its interaction with customers, media, and government officials
- 12.2.3 Describe the use of crisis management in public relations
- 12.2.4 Develop a public relations plan
- 12.2.5 Explain the duties and responsibilities of public relations specialists
- 12.2.6 Create and prepare a news release for a product and determine the most cost-effective way to publicize it

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 12.3 : DESCRIBE THE CONCEPT AND PURPOSE OF SALES PROMOTION

- 12.3.1 Compare and contrast trade promotions, consumer promotions, sales promotions, and specialty promotions
- 12.3.2 Compare the differences between a lottery, sweepstakes, and a contest
- 12.3.3 Define cross marketing
- 12.3.4 Distinguish between visual merchandising and a display
- 12.3.5 Prepare merchandise for display
- 12.3.6 Critique the layout of a local department store in terms of ease of entry, traffic flow, display space, and customer conveniences
- 12.3.7 Develop a sales promotion plan
- 12.3.8 Define and discuss the payment of slotting allowances by manufacturers

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 12.4 : DESCRIBE THE CONCEPT AND PURPOSE OF ADVERTISING

- 12.4.1 Compare/contrast various types of advertising media
- 12.4.2 Summarize the effectiveness of different types of media
- 12.4.3 Describe components of an advertising campaign and how it reaches a target audience
- 12.4.4 Analyze the cost/benefit of various forms of advertising
- 12.4.5 Present an argument that supports justifying money spent on advertising
- 12.4.6 Create an advertising campaign
- 12.4.7 Analyze an advertising campaign

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 12.5: EXPLAIN THE ROLE OF ENDORSEMENTS AND SPONSORSHIPS IN SPORTS AND ENTERTAINMENT MARKETING

- 12.5.1 Explain the role of endorsements in sports/event marketing
- 12.5.2 Explain the use of naming rights in sports/event marketing
- 12.5.3 Explain the nature of sponsorship in the sports/event industries
- 12.5.4 Describe the importance of maintaining sponsor relationships
- 12.5.5 Describe the characteristics of grant/foundation money

## CONTENT STANDARD 13.0: UNDERSTAND THE NATURE AND SCOPE OF SELLING

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 13.1 : DEMONSTRATE AN UNDERSTANDING OF THE NATURE AND SCOPE OF SELLING

- 13.1.1 Define selling, prospecting, clientele, and e-commerce
- 13.1.2 Analyze the key factors in building a clientele
- 13.1.3 Identify the various sources of prospecting
- 13.1.4 Summarize the impact of e-commerce to the selling function
- 13.1.5 Explain the role of customer service as a component of selling relationships

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 13.2: DEMONSTRATE THE PROCESS AND TECHNIQUES OF SELLING

- 13.2.1 Analyze consumer buying behaviors
- 13.2.2 Describe the steps of the selling process
- 13.2.3 Evaluate sales follow-up strategies
- 13.2.4 Role-play a sales presentation using a specific product
- 13.2.5 Describe an effective client/customer relationship

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 13.3: DEMONSTRATE AN UNDERSTANDING OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN KNOWLEDGE OF THE PRODUCT OR SERVICE AND SELLING

- 13.3.1 Define product knowledge and features/benefits
- 13.3.2 Analyze product information to identify product features and benefits
- 13.3.3 Compare and contrast the features versus benefits of a product

# PERFORMANCE STANDARD 13.4 : DEMONSTRATE AN UNDERSTANDING OF SUPPORT ACTIVITIES AS THEY RELATE TO SELLING

- 13.4.1 Define cash, credit, debit, and layaway
- 13.4.2 Define returns, exchanges, and store credit
- 13.4.3 Describe the use of technology in the selling function
- 13.4.4 Demonstrate how to complete a sales transaction
- 13.4.5 Demonstrate proper cash control procedures

## CONTENT STANDARD 14.0: UNDERSTAND CHANNEL MANAGEMENT AS A FUNCTION OF MARKETING

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 14.1 : EXPLAIN CHANNEL MANAGEMENT

14.1.1 Explain the nature and scope of channel management

14.1.2 Describe the difference between horizontal and vertical distribution

14.1.3 Explain the relationship between customer service and channel management

14.1.4 Describe the use of technology in the channel management function

14.1.5 Explain legal and ethical considerations of channel management

#### PERFORMANCE STANDARD 14.2 : EXPLAIN TICKET DISTRIBUTION METHODS FOR SPORTS AND ENTERTAINMENT EVENTS

14.2.1 Explain seating arrangements and ticketing

14.2.2 Explain various ways tickets are delivered to the customer (e.g., online, will call, etc.)

14.2.3 Compare and contrast club and VIP seating versus general admission seating

14.2.4 Analyze the difference between ticket brokers and ticket scalpers

## **CROSSWALKS AND ALIGNMENTS**

## **CROSSWALKS (ACADEMIC STANDARDS)**

The crosswalk of the Marketing Standards shows links to the Nevada Academic Content Standards in Science (based on the Next Generation Science Standards – Disciplinary Core Ideas Arrangement) and in English Language Arts and Mathematics (based on the Common Core State Standards). The crosswalk identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Marketing program support academic learning. The performance indicators are grouped according to their content standard and are crosswalked to the Nevada Academic Content Standards in Science, English Language Arts, and Mathematics.

#### **ALIGNMENTS (MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES)**

In addition to correlation with the Nevada Academic Content Standards for Mathematics, many performance indicators support the Mathematical Practices. The following table illustrates the alignment of the Marketing Standards Performance Indicators and the Mathematical Practices. This alignment identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Marketing program support academic learning.

#### ALIGNMENTS (SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRACTICES)

In addition to correlation with the Nevada Academic Content Standards for Science, many performance indicators support the Science and Engineering Practices. The following table illustrates the alignment of the Marketing Standards Performance Indicators and the Science and Engineering Practices. This alignment identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Marketing program support academic learning.

#### **CROSSWALKS (COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE)**

The crosswalk of the Marketing Standards shows links to the Common Career Technical Core. The crosswalk identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Marketing program support the Common Career Technical Core. The Common Career Technical Core defines what students should know and be able to do after completing instruction in a program of study. The Marketing Standards are crosswalked to the Marketing Career Cluster<sup>™</sup> and the Marketing Management Career Pathway.

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## CROSSWALK OF MARKETING STANDARDS AND THE NEVADA ACADEMIC CONTENT STANDARDS

#### CONTENT STANDARD 1.0: UNDERSTAND ECONOMIC CONCEPTS

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
1.1.4	English Language RST.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
1.1.5	English Language RI.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
	RI.11-12.9	Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.
1.1.6	English Languago SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.1c	Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
	SL.11-12.1d	Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
1.2.2		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
1.2.3	English Languago WHST.11-12.9	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
1.2.4	English Language WHST.11-12.9	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
1.2.6	English Languag RST.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
1.3.2	English Languag RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
1.3.10	English Languag WHST.11-12.7	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
	WHST.11-12.9	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
2.1.1	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
2.1.2	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
2.1.3	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
2.1.4	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
2.1.5	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
2.1.6	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2a Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards         SL.11-12.1a       Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
2.2.1	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.1aCome to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under	
	study; explicitly draw on that prepared, naving read and researched material dider study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.	
2.2.2	<b>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects</b> WHST.11-12.1d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.	
2.2.3	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
2.2.4	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects         WHST.11-12.7       Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	

### CONTENT STANDARD 3.0: UNDERSTAND THE IMPORTANCE OF CUSTOMER RELATIONS

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
3.1.1	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards	
	SL.11-12.1b	Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.
	SL.11-12.1d	Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
		b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline-appropriate form that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
3.1.2	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one- on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
	SL.11-12.1a	Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.1b	Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.
	SL.11-12.1c	Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
	SL.11-12.1d	Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
3.2.1	English Langua SL.11-12.4	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
3.2.3	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text	
	RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to supp says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from th where the text leaves matters uncertain.	-
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science an	d Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple author sources, using advanced searches effectively; asse limitations of each source in terms of the specific integrate information into the text selectively to n avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one s standard format for citation.	ss the strengths and cask, purpose, and audience; naintain the flow of ideas,

## CONTENT STANDARD 4.0: DEMONSTRATE KNOWLEDGE OF EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATIONS

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
4.1.2	English Language	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
4.1.4	English Language	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.6	Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, identifying important issues that remain unresolved.
4.1.5	English Language RST.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.

## CONTENT STANDARD 5.0: UNDERSTAND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
5.1.1	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.2dUse precise language, domain-specific vocabulary and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic; convey a knowledgeable stance in a style that responds to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.	
5.1.3	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2a Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRI.11-12.3Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	
5.1.4	<ul> <li>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects</li> <li>WHST.11-12.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</li> <li>WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>wHST.11-12.9 Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> </ul>	
5.2.7	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.2bDevelop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	
5.2.8	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2b Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	
5.2.9	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2b Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	

## CONTENT STANDARD 6.0: UNDERSTAND FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING OPERATIONS

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
6.1.1		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	English Language RI.11-12.7	Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	English Language RST.11-12.9	Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.
6.1.3		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.
	English Language RST.11-12.9	Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
6.2.7		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards
6.3.3	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2d Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic; convey a knowledgeable stance in a style that responds to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRI.11-12.7Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
6.4.1	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2a Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.1aCome to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.
6.4.2	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.1dRespond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRI.11-12.7Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
6.4.3	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsRST.11-12.5Analyze how the text structures information or ideas into categories or hierarchies, demonstrating understanding of the information or ideas.
	English Language Arts: Language StandardsL.11-12.2bSpell correctly.
6.4.4	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.2Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRI.11-12.7Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

## CONTENT STANDARD 7.0: UNDERSTAND THE ROLE AND FUNCTION OF HUMAN RESOURCES

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
7.1.1		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic; convey a knowledgeable stance in a style that responds to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
7.1.2	English Language RI.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
7.1.4		e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.1a	Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.1d	Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

## CONTENT STANDARD 8.0: UNDERSTAND THE ROLE AND FUNCTION OF MARKETING

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
8.1.1	English Language RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language	Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.7	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
	WHST.11-12.9	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
8.1.2	English Language WHST.11-12.9	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
8.4.7	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.1d	Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
8.4.9	English Language RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
8.5.3		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
8.5.4	English Language SL.11-12.2	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
8.6.2	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.8Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, 	

## CONTENT STANDARD 9.0: UNDERSTAND THE ROLE AND FUNCTION OF MANAGEMENT

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
9.1.1		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	English Languag	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.1a	Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.
9.1.5	English Languag RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
9.3.3	English Languag SL.11-12.1	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one- on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
	SL.11-12.1a	Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.1c	Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
	SL.11-12.1d	Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
9.3.4	English Languag RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
	RI.11-12.8	Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).
9.4.6	English Languag RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.

## CONTENT STANDARD 10.0: UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF PRODUCT/SERVICE MANAGEMENT

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
10.1.2	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.8Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, 	
10.1.3	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.8Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	
10.1.4	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.1aCome to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.	
10.2.1	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.8Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	
10.2.2	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRST.11-12.4Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.	
10.3.1	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.1bDevelop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline-appropriate form that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.	
10.3.2	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRST.11-12.4Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.	
10.3.4	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2b Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards
10.3.5	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2b Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

### CONTENT STANDARD 11.0: UNDERSTAND THE NATURE AND SCOPE OF PRICING

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
11.1.2	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.2Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical e scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.	
	WHST.11-12.2b Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	

## CONTENT STANDARD 12.0: UNDERSTAND CONCEPTS AND STRATEGIES RELATING TO PROMOTION

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
12.1.3	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2b Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	
12.1.4	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.2b Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	
12.2.5	<ul> <li>English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects</li> <li>WHST.11-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.</li> <li>WHST.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.</li> </ul>	
12.2.6	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRST.11-12.4Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.	
12.2.7	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.2Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.	
	WHST.11-12.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	
	WHST.11-12.1d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.	
12.3.3	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRST.11-12.4Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.	
12.3.5	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.2Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
12.3.8	English Language SL.11-12.1	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one- on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
	SL.11-12.1a	Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well- reasoned exchange of ideas.
12.4.1	English Language RST.11-12.4	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.
12.4.2	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
12.4.5	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.1cPropel conversations by posing and responding to questions that p reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positio or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and pro- divergent and creative perspectives.	
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
12.4.6		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Introduce a topic and organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	WHST.11-12.2d	Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic; convey a knowledgeable stance in a style that responds to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
	WHST.11-12.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
	WHST.11-12.5	Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
12.5.1	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
12.5.2	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
12.5.3	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	

#### CONTENT STANDARD 13.0: UNDERSTAND THE NATURE AND SCOPE OF SELLING

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
13.1.1	English Language RST.11-12.4	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
13.1.4	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
13.2.4	English Languago SL.11-12.1c	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
13.3.2	English Languago RST.11-12.4	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.

## CONTENT STANDARD 14.0: UNDERSTAND CHANNEL MANAGEMENT AS A FUNCTION OF MARKETING

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
14.1.1	English LanguageArts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
14.1.2	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Informational TextRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	

Mathematical Practices	Marketing Performance Indicators
1. Make sense of problems and persevere in	1.2.4
solving them.	7.1.4
	8.4.5
	9.3.6
	12.3.4
2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	1.2.4, 1.2.6; 1.3.1, 1.3.7
	6.2.3; 6.4.6
	8.1.3; 8.5.1, 8.5.2
	9.3.6
	12.4.4, 12.4.7
3. Construct viable arguments and critique	5.2.6
the reasoning of others.	7.2.3
	8.1.3
	9.5.3, 9.5.4
4. Model with mathematics.	5.2.9, 5.2.10
	6.1.5; 6.2.4
	8.5.1, 8.5.2
	11.1.3, 11.1.5, 11.1.6
	13.4.5
5. Use appropriate tools strategically.	9.3.5, 9.3.6
6. Attend to precision.	5.2.9
	13.4.5
7. Look for and make use of structure.	9.4.1, 9.4.4
8. Look for and express regularity in repeated	6.2.5, 6.2.6
reasoning.	9.3.6

## ALIGNMENT OF MARKETING STANDARDS AND THE MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES

# ALIGNMENT OF MARKETING STANDARDS AND THE SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRACTICES

Science and Engineering Practices	Marketing Performance Indicators
<ol> <li>Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering).</li> </ol>	1.3.2
2. Developing and using models.	8.5.6
3. Planning and carrying out investigations.	8.4.2 - 8.4.5; 8.5.8
4. Analyzing and interpreting data.	5.2.9
	6.2.6; 6.4.4
	8.4.2, 8.4.9; 8.5.1
	11.1.7
5. Using mathematics and computational	6.2.4
thinking.	8.5.2
	11.1.3, 11.1.5, 11.1.6
<ol> <li>Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering).</li> </ol>	1.3.7
7. Engaging in argument from evidence.	8.5.5
8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information.	4.1.4

## CROSSWALKS OF MARKETING STANDARDS AND THE COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE

	Marketing Career Cluster™ (MK)	Performance Indicators
1.	Describe the impact of economics, economics systems and entrepreneurship on marketing.	1.1.1-1.1.6; 1.2.1-1.26 1.3.1-1.3.10
2.	Implement marketing research to obtain and evaluate information for the creation of a marketing plan.	8.4.1-8.4.9; 8.5.1-8.5.8
3.	Plan, monitor, manage and maintain the use of financial resources for marketing activities.	6.1.1-6.1.5; 6.2.1-6.2.7 6.3.1-6.3.3; 6.4.1-6.4.4 12.5.1-12.5.5
4.	Plan, monitor and manage the day-to-day activities required for continued marketing business operations.	10.1.1-10.1.4 10.3.1-10.3.6
5.	Describe career opportunities and the means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Marketing Career Pathways.	5.1.2, 5.1.5
6.	Select, monitor and manage sales and distribution channels.	12.3.1-12.3.8 13.1.1-13.1.5 13.3.1-13.3.3
7.	Determine and adjust prices to maximize return while maintaining customer perception of value.	11.1.1-11.1.9
8.	Obtain, develop, maintain and improve a product or service mix in response to market opportunities.	10.1.1-10.1.4 10.2.1-10.2.3
9.	Communicate information about products, services, images and/or ideas to achieve a desired outcome.	4.1.1-4.1.5; 11.1.1-11.1.9 12.1.1-12.1.10 12.2.1-12.2.7 12.4.1-12.4.7
10.	Use marketing strategies and processes to determine and meet client needs and wants.	5.3.1
	Marketing Management Career Pathway (MK-MGT)	Performance Indicators
1.	Plan, organize and lead marketing staff to achieve business goals.	7.1.1-7.1.4; 7.2.1 9.1.1-9.1.6; 9.2.1-9.2.6
2.	Plan, manage and monitor day-to-day marketing management operations.	8.1.1-8.1.4; 9.4.1-9.4.6
3.	Plan, manage and organize to meet the requirements of the marketing plan.	8.6.1-8.6.3
4.	Access, evaluate and disseminate information to aid in making marketing management decisions.	8.2.1-8.2.4; 9.3.1-9.3.9
5.	Determine and adjust prices to maximize return and meet customers' perceptions of value.	11.1.1-11.1.9
6.	Obtain, develop, maintain and improve a product or service mix in response to market opportunities.	10.1.1-10.1.4 10.2.1-10.2.3
7.	Communicate information about products, services, images and/or ideas.	9.1.1-9.1.4