

Tax Systems Are Built on Foundational Principles

NEUTRALITY
EASE OF STABILITY
INTEGRATION

ADMINISTRATION

EQUITABLE & EFFECTIVE REVENUE TAX SYSTEM

HORIZONTAL EQUITY

EASE OF LIANCE TRANSPARENCE

Commission-Agreed Top Priority Tax Principles

1

Revenue Sufficiency

Revenue sources are sufficient to address the identified funding needs



2

Revenue Stability

Revenue sources are more predictable and exhibit lesser levels of volatility over time, helping to better ensure consistent funding levels



3

Competitiveness

Selected revenue sources do not create competitive imbalances across jurisdictional or state boundaries



Transparency

Equity

Political Palatability

Additional high priority principles



Current Tax Base

\$139.8 B

Current Tax Rate

\$3.19/\$100

Current Tax Yield

\$3.4 B



Current Tax Base

\$59.8 B

Current Tax Rate

6.85%

Current Tax Yield

\$4.8 B



Current Tax Base

\$10.7 B

Current Tax Rate

8.1%

Current Tax Yield

\$863.1 M



Current Tax Base

\$166.2 B

Current Tax Rate

0.5%

Current Tax Yield

\$813.4 M



Current Tax Base

\$8.2 B

Current Tax Rate

5.0%

Current Tax Yield

\$156.0 M











Conclusion #1

Industry-specific taxes are a less attractive solution, unless included as part of a blended solution.











Conclusion #2

Property Tax and Sales and Use Tax revenues are traditional funding sources for the state, including K-12 education.











Conclusion #3

Significant revenue capacity exists in property valuation and the application of Sales and Use Tax to retail sales, which may avoid the need to create new revenue sources.











Conclusion #4

It has been many years since the Property Tax and Sales and Use Tax systems have been reformed to reflect changing economic conditions and population needs.



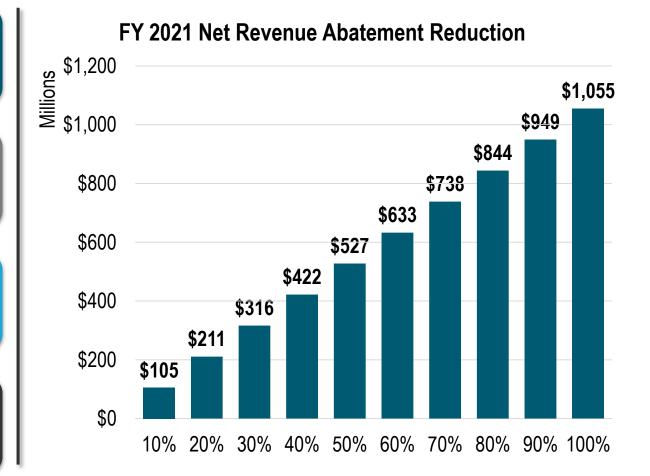
Conclusion #4

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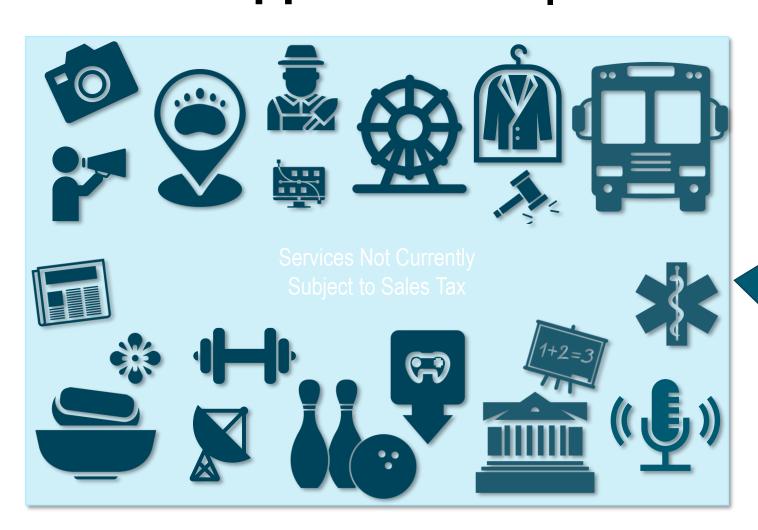
Reform Opportunities | Property Tax

- **►** Abatements
- Eliminate abatement caps
- Remove secondary caps
- Cap annual abatement
- ➤ Depreciation
- Reduce 1.5% depreciation rate
- Phase out depreciation
- Eliminate depreciation

- **► Valuation**
- Change current property valuation system to one that reflects actual market valuation
- Comb. Rates
- Soften combined tax rate impacts if increases are in support of education



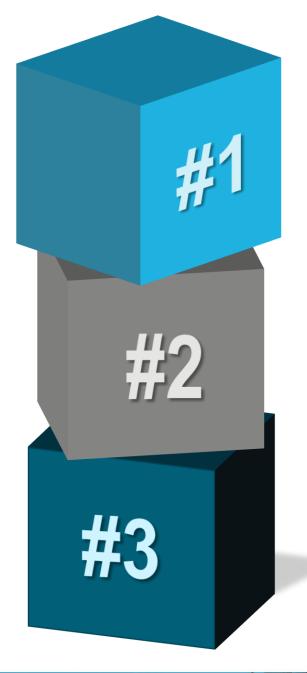
Reform Opportunities | Sales and Use Tax



Revisions to Implicit & Explicit Assumptions

Expand Sales and Use Tax base without increasing current tax rates by recognizing exemptions that exist for sales of services and which have been exempted through voter approval and legislative action

Remaining Tasks



10-Year Needs Schedule

Develop schedule of needs required to meet restorative and adequate funding for the next 10 years

Quantify Alternatives

Quantify proposed funding alternatives and match to identified needs

Finalize Recommendations

Based on needs schedule and quantified funding alternatives, forward funding source recommendations to the Legislature for review

