ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 65-COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to education. (BDR 34-275)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; revising provisions relating to reports regarding and investigations into incidents of discrimination based on race, bullying and cyberbullying; revising provisions governing the approval of work-based learning programs; revising provisions governing performance evaluations of certain postprobationary teachers and administrators; revising provisions governing the placement of children in certain early grades; revising provisions relating to discipline in public schools; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law establishes the Office for a Safe and Respectful Learning Environment in the Department of Education and requires the Director of the Office to investigate any complaint that a teacher, administrator, coach or other staff member or member of a governing body has violated applicable provisions of law regarding discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying. (NRS 388.1323) Existing law also requires the Director to establish the SafeVoice Program within the Office, which allows a person to make an anonymous report to a support center regarding dangerous, violent or unlawful activity that is conducted, or is threatened to be conducted, on the property of a public school or in certain other circumstances related to public schools. (NRS 388.1455) Any anonymous tip made through the SafeVoice Program is then forwarded to the appropriate public safety agencies and certain trained personnel at the public school for appropriate action to be taken. (NRS 388.14553) Section 3 of this bill provides that the Director is not required to investigate a complaint that a teacher, administrator,





coach or other staff member or member of a governing body has violated applicable provisions of law regarding discrimination based on race, bullying or cyberbullying if the complaint is made through the SafeVoice Program and investigated by certain trained personnel at the public school, unless the complaint alleges that a previous investigation of the same matter by the personnel at the public school failed to resolve the issue or was otherwise deficient.

Section 2 of this bill revises the definition of "bullying" to exclude acts, gestures and expressions which are engaged in as part of a mutual disagreement or conflict.

Upon receiving a report of discrimination based on race, bullying or cyberbullying, existing law requires the administrator of a school or his or her designee to immediately begin an investigation into the report. With certain exceptions, existing law requires the investigation to be completed not later than 2 school days after receipt of the report. (NRS 388.1351) **Section 6** of this bill requires the investigation to be completed, to the greatest extent practicable, within 5 school days after the administrator or designee receives the report, or within 7 school days if extenuating circumstances prevent the investigation from being completed within 5 school days. **Section 6** also removes the requirement for a direct supervisor of a principal to submit to the Office a quarterly report regarding incidents of discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying.

Existing law authorizes the board of trustees of a school district or the governing body of a charter school to offer a work-based learning program upon the approval of the State Board of Education. (NRS 389.167) **Section 9** of this bill requires a work-based learning program to be approved instead by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Existing law requires a postprobationary teacher or administrator who receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as highly effective for 2 consecutive school years to participate in one observation cycle in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary teacher or administrator receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his or her performance as highly effective but does not require such a teacher or administrator to receive an evaluation for that year. (NRS 391.690, 391.710) Sections 10 and 11 of this bill authorize such a postprobationary teacher or administrator to receive an evaluation in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary teacher or administrator receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his or her performance as highly effective upon the request of the teacher or administrator or at the discretion of the administrator who conducts the observation cycle for that year.

Existing law requires a child to be a certain age on or before the first day of the school year to be admitted to certain early grades of school. (NRS 392.040) **Section 12** of this bill changes the date by which a child must attain a certain age to start certain early grades from the first day of the school year to August 1 preceding a school year.

Existing law requires a child who is 6 years of age on or before the first day of school and has not completed kindergarten to be admitted to kindergarten. (NRS 392.040) **Section 12** instead requires such a child to undergo an assessment to determine whether the child should be admitted to kindergarten or first grade.

Existing law requires a child who is 7 years of age on or before the first day of school to: (1) be admitted to second grade if the child has completed kindergarten and first grade; (2) be admitted to first grade if the child has completed kindergarten; and (3) if the child has not completed kindergarten, to undergo an assessment to determine whether the child should be admitted to kindergarten or first grade. (NRS 392.040) **Section 12**: (1) eliminates the requirement for a child who is 7 years of age by August 1 preceding a school year to complete



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kindergarten; and (2) requires such a child who has not completed first grade to be placed in either first or second grade based on the results of an assessment.

Existing law establishes provisions related to the discipline of pupils, including, without limitation, suspending, expelling or removing a pupil from school. (NRS 392.461-392.472) Existing law prohibits a public school from suspending, expelling or removing a pupil from a classroom or other premises of the school without first providing a plan of action based on restorative justice. (NRS 392.472) Section 15 of this bill removes the requirement for a public school to provide a plan of action based on restorative justice before suspending, expelling or removing a pupil from a classroom or other premises of the school and requires a public school to instead consider whether restorative approaches should be used as an alternative or in addition to suspending or expelling a pupil or removing a pupil from a classroom or other premises of the school. Section 15 defines "restorative approaches" and requires the Department to develop examples of disciplinary practices in which restorative approaches are used as an alternative or in addition to suspending or expelling a pupil or removing a pupil from a classroom or other premises of the school. Sections 1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 13 and 14 of this bill make conforming changes relating to restorative approaches.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 385A.250 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385A.250 1. The annual report of accountability prepared pursuant to NRS 385A.070 must include information on the discipline of pupils, including, without limitation:

- (a) Records of incidents involving weapons or violence for each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district.
- (b) Records of incidents involving the use or possession of alcoholic beverages or controlled substances for each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district.
- (c) Records of the suspension or expulsion, or both, of pupils required or authorized pursuant to NRS 392.466 and 392.467.
- (d) The number of pupils who are deemed habitual disciplinary problems pursuant to NRS 392.4655, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district.
- (e) For each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district, and categorized by types of incidents and the demographics identified in subsection 1 of NRS 388.1235:
- (1) The number of reported violations of NRS 388.135 occurring at a school or otherwise involving a pupil enrolled at a



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school, regardless of the outcome of the investigation conducted pursuant to NRS 388.1351;

- (2) The number of incidents determined to be discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying after an investigation is conducted pursuant to NRS 388.1351;
- (3) The number of incidents resulting in suspension or expulsion, or both, for discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying; and
- (4) Any actions taken to reduce the number of incidents of discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying including, without limitation, training that was offered or other policies, practices and programs that were implemented.
- (f) For each high school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district that operates as a high school, and for high schools in the district as a whole:
- (1) The number and percentage of pupils whose violations of the code of honor relating to cheating prescribed pursuant to NRS 392.461 or any other code of honor applicable to pupils enrolled in high school were reported to the principal of the high school, reported by the type of violation;
- (2) The consequences, if any, to the pupil whose violation is reported pursuant to subparagraph (1), reported by the type of consequence;
- (3) The number of any such violations of a code of honor in a previous school year by a pupil whose violation is reported pursuant to subparagraph (1), reported by the type of violation; and
- (4) The process used by the high school to address violations of a code of honor which are reported to the principal.
- (g) For each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district, information on:
- (1) The [plan for restorative justice and the] process for progressive discipline used by the school [;], including, without limitation, any restorative approaches that are used by the school; and
- (2) The manner in which the school trains employees on restorative **[justice]** *approaches* and progressive discipline.
- 2. The information included pursuant to subsection 1 must allow such information to be disaggregated by:
 - (a) Pupils who are economically disadvantaged;
 - (b) Pupils from major racial and ethnic groups;
- (c) Pupils with disabilities;
 - (d) Pupils who are English learners;
 - (e) Pupils who are migratory children;
- (f) Gender;
 - (g) Pupils who are homeless;





(h) Pupils in foster care; and

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- (i) Pupils whose parent or guardian is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, a reserve component thereof or the National Guard.
 - 3. As used in this section:
 - (a) "Bullying" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.122.
- (b) "Cyber-bullying" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.123.
- (c) "Discrimination based on race" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.1235.
- (d) "Expulsion" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.4603.
- (e) "Restorative [justice"] approaches" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.472.
- (f) "Suspension" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.4607.
 - **Sec. 2.** NRS 388.122 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.122 1. "Bullying" means written, verbal or electronic expressions or physical acts or gestures, or any combination thereof, that are directed at a person or group of persons, or a single severe and willful act or expression that is directed at a person or group of persons, and:
 - (a) Have the effect of:
- (1) Physically harming a person or damaging the property of a person; or
- (2) Placing a person in reasonable fear of physical harm to the person or damage to the property of the person;
 - (b) Interfere with the rights of a person by:
- (1) Creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment for the person; or
- (2) Substantially interfering with the academic performance of a pupil or the ability of the person to participate in or benefit from services, activities or privileges provided by a school; or
- (c) Are acts or conduct described in paragraph (a) or (b) and are based upon the:
- (1) Actual or perceived race, color, national origin, ancestry, religion, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability of a person, sex or any other distinguishing characteristic or background of a person; or
- (2) Association of a person with another person having one or more of those actual or perceived characteristics.
 - 2. The term includes, without limitation:
- (a) Repeated or pervasive taunting, name-calling, belittling, mocking or use of put-downs or demeaning humor regarding the actual or perceived race, color, national origin, ancestry, religion,





gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability of a person, sex or any other distinguishing characteristic or background of a person;

- (b) Behavior that is intended to harm another person by damaging or manipulating his or her relationships with others by conduct that includes, without limitation, spreading false rumors;
- (c) Repeated or pervasive nonverbal threats or intimidation such as the use of aggressive, menacing or disrespectful gestures;
- (d) Threats of harm to a person, to his or her possessions or to other persons, whether such threats are transmitted verbally, electronically or in writing;
- (e) Blackmail, extortion or demands for protection money or involuntary loans or donations;
 - (f) Blocking access to any property or facility of a school;
 - (g) Stalking; and

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- (h) Physically harmful contact with or injury to another person or his or her property.
- The term does not include expressions, acts or gestures which are engaged in as part of a mutual disagreement or conflict.
 - **Sec. 3.** NRS 388.1323 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- The Office for a Safe and Respectful Learning 388.1323 Environment is hereby created within the Department.
- The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall appoint a Director of the Office, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Superintendent.
 - The Director of the Office shall ensure that the Office:
- (a) Maintains a 24-hour, toll-free statewide hotline and Internet website by which any person can report a violation of the provisions of NRS 388.121 to 388.1395, inclusive, and obtain information about antidiscrimination and anti-bullying efforts and organizations; and
- (b) Provides outreach and antidiscrimination and anti-bullying education and training for pupils, parents and guardians, teachers, administrators, coaches and other staff members and the members of a governing body. The outreach and training must include, without limitation:
- (1) Training regarding methods, procedures and practice for recognizing discrimination based on race, bullying and cyberbullying behaviors;
- (2) Training regarding effective intervention and remediation 40 strategies regarding discrimination based on race, bullying and 42 cyber-bullying;
 - (3) Training regarding methods for reporting violations of NRS 388.135; and





- (4) Information on and referral to available resources regarding suicide prevention and the relationship between discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying and suicide, including, without limitation, resources for pupils who are members of groups at a high risk of suicide. Such groups include, without limitation, the groups described in subsection 3 of NRS 388.256.
- 4. The Director of the Office shall establish procedures by which the Office may receive reports of discrimination based on race, bullying and cyber-bullying and complaints regarding violations of the provisions of NRS 388.121 to 388.1395, inclusive.
- [The] Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the Director of the Office or his or her designee shall investigate any complaint that a teacher, administrator, coach or other staff member or member of a governing body has violated a provision of NRS 388.121 to 388.1395, inclusive. If a complaint alleges criminal conduct or an investigation leads the Director of the Office or his or her designee to suspect criminal conduct, the Director of the Office may request assistance from the Investigation Division of the Department of Public Safety. The Director of the Office or his or her designee is not required to investigate a complaint pursuant to this subsection if the complaint is made through the SafeVoice Program established pursuant to NRS 388.1455 and investigated by the team appointed pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 388.14553, unless the complaint alleges that a previous investigation conducted by the team appointed pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 388.14553 regarding the same matter failed to resolve the issue or was otherwise deficient.

Sec. 4. NRS 388.133 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388.133 1. The Department shall, in consultation with the governing bodies, educational personnel, local associations and organizations of parents whose children are enrolled in schools throughout this State, and individual parents and legal guardians whose children are enrolled in schools throughout this State, prescribe by regulation a policy for all school districts and schools to provide a safe and respectful learning environment that is free of discrimination based on race, bullying and cyber-bullying.

2. The policy must include, without limitation:

- (a) Requirements and methods for reporting violations of NRS 388.135, including, without limitation, violations among teachers and violations between teachers and administrators, coaches and other personnel of a school district or school;
- (b) Requirements and methods for addressing the rights and needs of persons with diverse gender identities or expressions;





- (c) Requirements and methods for restorative disciplinary practices that align with the statewide framework for restorative **[justice]** *approaches* if such a framework is developed pursuant to NRS 388.1333; and
- (d) A policy for use by school districts and schools to train members of the governing body and all administrators, teachers and all other personnel employed by the governing body. The policy must include, without limitation:
- (1) Training in the appropriate methods to facilitate positive human relations among pupils by eliminating the use of discrimination based on race, bullying and cyber-bullying so that pupils may realize their full academic and personal potential;
- (2) Training in methods to prevent, identify and report incidents of discrimination based on race, bullying and cyberbullving:
- (3) Training concerning the needs of persons with diverse gender identities or expressions;
- (4) Training concerning the needs of pupils with disabilities and pupils with autism spectrum disorder;
 - (5) Methods to promote a positive learning environment;
- (6) Methods to improve the school environment in a manner that will facilitate positive human relations among pupils; and
- (7) Methods to teach skills to pupils so that the pupils are able to replace inappropriate behavior with positive behavior.
 - **Sec. 5.** NRS 388.1333 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.1333 1. To the extent that money is available, the Department shall develop a statewide framework for restorative **[justice.]** *approaches*. The statewide framework must, without limitation:
- (a) In accordance with NRS 392.472, establish standards for [a plan of action based on] restorative [justice] approaches to enable a public school to address the unique needs of pupils enrolled in the school:
- (b) Provide for the identification of and address the needs of homeless pupils, unaccompanied pupils or pupils in foster care;
- (c) Address the occurrences of the suspension, expulsion or removal of pupils from school that disproportionately affect pupils who belong to a group of pupils listed in subsection 2 of NRS 385A.250;
- (d) Provide for the improvement of school climate, culture and safety and pupil outcomes by providing information on, without limitation:
 - (1) Multi-tiered systems of support;
 - (2) Early warning systems;
 - (3) Positive behavioral interventions and support;





- (4) The provision of school social workers;
- (5) Curriculum on social and emotional learning; and
- (6) Trauma-informed practices; and
- (e) Provide for training for teachers, administrators and other school staff in:
 - (1) Child and adolescent development;
- (2) Restorative **[justice,]** *approaches*, including, without limitation, positive behavioral interventions and support, conflict resolution and de-escalation techniques; and
- (3) Psychology, trauma and chronic stress, the effect of trauma and chronic stress on pupils and learning and effective responses to trauma and chronic stress.
- 2. The Department may apply for grants, gifts and donations of money to carry out the objectives of the statewide framework for restorative [justice.] approaches.
 - 3. As used in this section:

- (a) "Foster care" has the meaning ascribed to it in 45 C.F.R. § 1355.20.
- (b) "Homeless pupil" has the meaning ascribed to the term "homeless children and youths" in 42 U.S.C. § 11434a(2).
- (c) "Restorative [justice"] approaches" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.472.
- (d) "Unaccompanied pupil" has the meaning ascribed to the term "unaccompanied youth" in 42 U.S.C. § 11434a(6).
 - **Sec. 6.** NRS 388.1351 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.1351 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 388.13535, a teacher, administrator, coach or other staff member who witnesses a violation of NRS 388.135 or receives information that a violation of NRS 388.135 has occurred shall report the violation to the administrator or his or her designee as soon as practicable, but not later than a time during the same day on which the teacher, administrator, coach or other staff member witnessed the violation or received information regarding the occurrence of a violation.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon receiving a report required by subsection 1, the administrator or designee shall immediately take any necessary action to stop the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying and ensure the safety and well-being of the reported victim or victims of the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying and shall begin an investigation into the report. If the administrator or designee does not have access to the reported victim of the alleged violation of NRS 388.135, the administrator or designee may wait until the next school day when he or she has such access to take the action required by this subsection.





- 3. The investigation conducted pursuant to subsection 2 must include, without limitation:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, notification provided by telephone, electronic mail or other electronic means or provided in person, of the parents or guardians of all pupils directly involved in the reported discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying, as applicable, either as a reported aggressor or a reported victim of the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying. The notification must be provided:
- (1) If the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyberbullying is reported before the end of school hours on a school day, before the school's administrative office closes on the day on which the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying is reported; or
- (2) If the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyberbullying was reported on a day that is not a school day, or after school hours on a school day, before the school's administrative office closes on the school day following the day on which the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying is reported.
- (b) Interviews with all pupils whose parents or guardians must be notified pursuant to paragraph (a) and with all such parents and guardians.
- 4. If the contact information for the parent or guardian of a pupil in the records of the school is not correct, a good faith effort to notify the parent or guardian shall be deemed sufficient to meet the requirement for notification pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 3.
- 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an investigation required by this section must be completed [not later than 2], to the greatest extent practicable, within 5 school days after the administrator or designee receives a report required by subsection 1. If extenuating circumstances prevent the administrator or designee from completing the investigation required by this section within [2] 5 school days after making a good faith effort, [1] 2 additional school [day] days may be used to complete the investigation. [The time for completing an investigation into a report of cyber bullying may also be extended to not more than 5 school days after the report is received with the consent of each reported victim of the cyber bullying or, if a reported victim is under 18 years of age and is not emancipated, the parent or guardian of the reported victim.]
- 6. An administrator or designee who conducts an investigation required by this section shall complete a written report of the findings and conclusions of the investigation. If a violation is found to have occurred:





- (a) The report must include recommendations concerning the imposition of disciplinary action or other measures to be imposed as a result of the violation, in accordance with the policy governing disciplinary action adopted by the governing body. Subject to the provisions of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the report must be made available, not later than 24 hours after the completion of the written report, to all parents or guardians who must be notified pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 3 as part of the investigation; and
- (b) Any action taken after the completion of the investigation to address the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying must be based on restorative disciplinary practices and carried out in a manner that causes the least possible disruption for the victim or victims. When necessary, the administrator or [his or her] designee shall give priority to ensuring the safety and well-being of the victim or victims over any interest of the perpetrator or perpetrators when determining the actions to take.
- 7. If a violation is found not to have occurred, information concerning the incident must not be included in the record of the reported aggressor.
- 8. Not later than 10 school days after receiving a report required by subsection 1, the administrator or designee shall meet with each reported victim of the discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying to inquire about the well-being of the reported victim and to ensure that the reported discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying, as applicable, is not continuing.
- 9. To the extent that information is available, the administrator or [his or her] designee shall provide a list of any resources that may be available in the community to assist a pupil to each parent or guardian of a pupil to whom notice was provided pursuant to this section as soon as practicable. Such a list may include, without limitation, resources available at no charge or at a reduced cost and may be provided in person or by electronic or regular mail. If such a list is provided, the administrator [, his] or [her] designee, or any employee of the school or the school district is not responsible for providing such resources to the pupil or ensuring the pupil receives such resources.
- 10. The parent or guardian of a pupil involved in the reported violation of NRS 388.135 may appeal a disciplinary decision of the administrator or [his or her] designee, made against the pupil as a result of the violation, in accordance with the policy governing disciplinary action adopted by the governing body. Not later than 30 days after receiving a response provided in accordance with such a policy, the parent or guardian may submit a complaint to the





Department. The Department shall consider and respond to the complaint pursuant to procedures and standards prescribed in regulations adopted by the Department.

- 11. If a violation of NRS 388.135 is found to have occurred, the parent or guardian of a pupil who is a victim of discrimination based on race, bullying or cyber-bullying may request that the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil is enrolled to assign the pupil to a different school in the school district. Upon receiving such a request, the board of trustees shall, in consultation with the parent or guardian of the pupil, assign the pupil to a different school.
- 12. A principal or his or her designee shall submit a monthly report to the direct supervisor of the principal that includes for the school the number of:
- (a) Reports received pursuant to subsection 1 concerning incidents of bullying or cyber-bullying;
- (b) Reports received pursuant to subsection 1 concerning incidents of discrimination based on race;
- (c) Times in which a violation of NRS 388.135 is found to have occurred; and
- (d) Times in which no violation of NRS 388.135 is found to have occurred.
- 13. [A direct supervisor who receives a monthly report pursuant to subsection 12 shall, each calendar quarter, submit a report to the Office for a Safe and Respectful Learning Environment that includes, for the schools for which the direct supervisor has received a monthly report in the calendar quarter and categorized by types of incidents and the demographics identified in subsection 1 of NRS 388.1235, the:
- (a) Total number of reports received pursuant to subsection 1 concerning bullying or cyber bullying;
- (b) Total number of reports received pursuant to subsection 1 concerning incidents of discrimination based on race;
- (c) Number of times in which a violation of NRS 388.135 is found to have occurred; and
- (d) Number of times in which no violation of NRS 388.135 is
 found to have occurred.
 - 14. The Office for a Safe and Respectful Learning Environment, in consultation with the direct supervisor of a principal, shall, after reviewing a report submitted pursuant to subsection 12 or 13, as applicable, make any recommendations based on identified trends and patterns the Office determines to be appropriate regarding interventions or training to address discrimination based on race, bullying and cyber-bullying at the school.





— 15.] School hours and school days are determined for the purposes of this section by the schedule established by the governing body for the school.

[16.] 14. The provisions of this section must not be construed to place any limit on the time within which an investigation concerning any alleged act that constitutes sexual assault must be completed.

Sec. 7. NRS 388A.495 is hereby amended to read as follows: 388A.495 1. A governing body of a charter school shall adopt:

(a) Written rules of behavior required of and prohibited for pupils attending the charter school; and

(b) Appropriate punishments for violations of the rules.

- If suspension or expulsion of a pupil is used as a punishment for a violation of the rules, the charter school shall ensure that, before the suspension or expulsion, the pupil and, if the pupil is under 18 years of age, the parent or guardian of the pupil, has been given notice of the charges against him or her, an explanation of the evidence and an opportunity for a hearing. **Before a pupil** is suspended or expelled, the charter school shall consider whether restorative approaches should be used as an alternative or in addition to suspension or expulsion. If a pupil is suspended or expelled, the pupil or, if the pupil is under 18 years of age, the parent or guardian of the pupil may appeal the suspension or expulsion in accordance with the provisions of NRS 392.4671. The charter school shall ensure that a pupil who is suspended or expelled and is appealing the suspension or expulsion or a pupil who is being considered for suspension or expulsion continues to attend school and receives an appropriate education in the least restrictive environment possible as required by NRS 392.4673. The provisions of chapter 241 of NRS do not apply to any hearing or proceeding conducted pursuant to this section. Such a hearing or proceeding must be closed to the public.
- 3. [A pupil who is at least 11 years of age and who poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process, who is selling or distributing any controlled substance or who is found to be in possession of a dangerous weapon as provided in NRS 392.466 may be removed from the charter school only after the charter school has made a reasonable effort to complete a plan of action based on restorative justice with the pupil in accordance with the provisions of NRS 392.466 and 392.467.
- 4.] A pupil with a disability who is at least 11 years of age and who is enrolled in a charter school may, in accordance with the procedural policy adopted by the governing body of the charter





school for such matters and only after the governing body or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and determined that the action is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., be:

- (a) Suspended from the charter school pursuant to this section for not more than 5 days for each occurrence of proscribed conduct.
 - (b) Expelled from school pursuant to this section.
 - (c) Permanently expelled from school pursuant to this section.
- [5.] 4. A copy of the rules of behavior, prescribed punishments and procedures to be followed in imposing punishments must be:
- (a) Distributed to each pupil at the beginning of the school year and to each new pupil who enters school during the year.
 - (b) Available for public inspection at the charter school.
- [6.] 5. The governing body of a charter school may adopt rules relating to the truancy of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school if the rules are at least as restrictive as the provisions governing truancy set forth in NRS 392.130 to 392.220, inclusive. If a governing body adopts rules governing truancy, it shall include the rules in the written rules adopted by the governing body pursuant to subsection 1.
 - [7.] 6. As used in this section:
- (a) "Expel" or "expulsion" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.4603.
- (b) "Permanently expelled" means the disciplinary removal of a pupil from the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (2), without the possibility of returning to the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled or another public school within the school district; and
- (2) With the possibility of enrolling in a program or public school for alternative education for pupils who are expelled or permanently expelled after being permanently expelled.
- (c) "Pupil with a disability" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.417.
- (d) "Restorative approaches" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.472.
- (e) "Suspend" or "suspension" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.4607.
 - **Sec. 8.** NRS 388C.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388C.150 1. The governing body of a university school for profoundly gifted pupils shall adopt:
- (a) Written rules of behavior for pupils enrolled in the university school, including, without limitation, prohibited acts; and
 - (b) Appropriate punishments for violations of the rules.





- If suspension or expulsion of a pupil is used as a punishment for a violation of the rules, the university school for profoundly gifted pupils shall ensure that, before the suspension or expulsion, the pupil has been given notice of the charges against him or her, an explanation of the evidence and an opportunity for a hearing. **Before** a pupil is suspended or expelled, the university school shall consider whether restorative approaches should be used as an alternative or in addition to suspension or expulsion. If a pupil is suspended or expelled, the pupil or, if the pupil is under 18 years of age, the parent or guardian of the pupil may appeal the suspension or expulsion in accordance with the provisions of NRS 392.4671. The university school shall ensure that a pupil who is suspended or expelled and is appealing the suspension or expulsion or a pupil who is being considered for suspension or expulsion continues to attend school and receives an appropriate education in the least restrictive environment possible as required by NRS 392.4673. The provisions of chapter 241 of NRS do not apply to any hearing or proceeding conducted pursuant to this section. Such a hearing or proceeding must be closed to the public.
- 3. [A pupil who is at least 11 years of age and who poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process, who is selling or distributing any controlled substance or who is found to be in possession of a dangerous weapon as provided in NRS 392.466 may be removed only after the university school for profoundly gifted pupils has made a reasonable effort to complete a plan of action based on restorative justice with the pupil in accordance with the provisions of NRS 392.466 and 392.467.
- —4.] A pupil with a disability who is at least 11 years of age and who is enrolled in a university school for profoundly gifted pupils may, in accordance with the procedural policy adopted by the governing body of the university school for such matters and only after the governing body or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and determined that the action is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., be:
- (a) Suspended from the university school pursuant to this section for not more than 5 days for each occurrence of proscribed conduct.
 - (b) Expelled from school pursuant to this section.
 - (c) Permanently expelled from school pursuant to this section.
- [5.] 4. A copy of the rules of behavior, prescribed punishments and procedures to be followed in imposing punishments must be:





- (a) Distributed to each pupil at the beginning of the school year and to each new pupil who enters the university school for profoundly gifted pupils during the year.
 - (b) Available for public inspection at the university school.
- [6.] 5. The governing body of a university school for profoundly gifted pupils may adopt rules relating to the truancy of pupils who are enrolled in the university school if the rules are at least as restrictive as the provisions governing truancy set forth in NRS 392.130 to 392.220, inclusive. If the governing body adopts rules governing truancy, it shall include the rules in the written rules adopted by the governing body pursuant to subsection 1.
 - [7.] 6. As used in this section:

- (a) "Expel" or "expulsion" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.4603.
- (b) "Permanently expelled" means the disciplinary removal of a pupil from the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (2), without the possibility of returning to the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled or another public school within the school district; and
- (2) With the possibility of enrolling in a program or public school for alternative education for pupils who are expelled or permanently expelled after being permanently expelled.
- (c) "Pupil with a disability" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.417.
- (d) "Restorative approaches" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.472.
- (e) "Suspend" or "suspension" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.4607.
 - **Sec. 9.** NRS 389.167 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 389.167 1. A pupil enrolled at a public school must be allowed to apply one or more credits toward the total number of credits required for graduation from high school if the pupil successfully completes the number of hours in a work-based learning program required by regulation of the State Board to earn such credits. Any credits earned for successful completion of a work-based learning program must be applied toward the pupil's elective course credits and not toward a course that is required for graduation from high school.
- 2. The board of trustees of a school district or the governing body of a charter school may offer a work-based learning program upon application to and with the approval of the [State Board.] Superintendent of Public Instruction. An application to offer a work-based learning program must include, without limitation:





- (a) The fields, trades or occupations in which a work-based learning program will be offered.
- (b) The qualifications of a pupil to participate in the work-based learning program. Such qualifications must allow a majority of pupils to be eligible to participate in the work-based learning program.
 - (c) A description of the process that will be used by pupils to

apply to participate in a work-based learning program.

- (d) A description of the manner in which participation in a work-based learning program and completion of the requirements of a work-based learning program will be verified.
- (e) A description of the manner in which the performance of a pupil who participates in the work-based learning program will be evaluated, which must include, without limitation, an on-site evaluation of the performance of the pupil.
- 3. Upon approval by the **State Board Superintendent of Public Instruction** of an application to offer a work-based learning program submitted pursuant to subsection 2, the board of trustees or the governing body shall:
- (a) Designate an employee of the school district or charter school, as applicable, to serve as a work-based learning coordinator to coordinate and oversee work-based learning programs. Such an employee must ensure that each business, agency or organization that will offer employment and supervision of a pupil as part of the work-based learning program is suitable for participation in a work-based learning program.
- (b) Establish and maintain a list of businesses, agencies and organizations that have been found suitable by the work-based learning coordinator pursuant to paragraph (a).
- 4. To receive approval from the [State Board] Superintendent of Public Instruction to offer a work-based learning program, the work-based learning program must include, without limitation, requirements that:
- (a) A detailed training agreement and training plan be completed for each pupil participating in the work-based training program for credit that identifies the specific tasks in which the pupil will participate that will develop competency of the pupil in the workplace;
- (b) A pupil participating in the work-based learning program be allowed to leave the public school in which he or she is enrolled during the school day to participate in such a program; and
- (c) Participation by a pupil in the work-based learning program will develop a broad range of skills and will allow a pupil to focus on his or her chosen career pathway.





- 5. A school district or charter school may allow a pupil who successfully completes a work-based learning program to earn dual credit for participation in the work-based learning program.
- 6. On or before January 15 of each odd-numbered year, the board of trustees of a school district and the governing body of a charter school that offers a work-based learning program shall prepare a report concerning the manner in which the work-based learning program has been carried out and submit the report to the State Board and the Legislature. The report must include, without limitation:
- (a) The number of pupils participating in the work-based learning program; and
- (b) The types of work-based learning offered through the work-based learning program.
- 7. The number of pupils participating in the work-based learning program reported pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 6 must be disaggregated on the basis of the following characteristics:
- (a) Pupils who are American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, white or two or more races;
 - (b) Gender of pupils;

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- (c) Pupils who are migrants; and
- (d) Pupils who are members of special populations, as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 2302(48).
 - **Sec. 10.** NRS 391.690 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- If a postprobationary teacher receives 391.690 1. evaluation designating his or her overall performance as developing or ineffective, the postprobationary teacher must receive one evaluation in the immediately succeeding school year which is based in part upon three observation cycles which must occur in accordance with the observation schedule set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 391.685. If a postprobationary teacher receives evidence from the first two observation cycles during the school year indicating that, unless his or her performance improves, his or her overall performance may be rated as developing or ineffective on the evaluation, the postprobationary teacher may request that the third observation cycle be conducted by another administrator. If a postprobationary teacher requests that his or her third observation cycle be conducted by another administrator, that administrator must be:
- (a) Employed by the school district or, if the school district has five or fewer administrators, employed by another school district in this State; and
- (b) Selected by the postprobationary teacher from a list of three candidates submitted by the superintendent.





- 2. If a postprobationary teacher receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as effective, the postprobationary teacher must receive one evaluation in the immediately succeeding school year. The evaluation must be based in part upon at least one scheduled observation cycle, which must occur within 120 days after the first day of instruction of the school year.
- 3. If a postprobationary teacher receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as highly effective for 2 consecutive school years, the postprobationary teacher must:
- (a) Participate in one observation cycle in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary teacher receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his or her performance as highly effective. [; and] The postprobationary teacher may receive one evaluation based in part upon the observation cycle conducted pursuant to this paragraph:
 - (1) Upon request of the postprobationary teacher; or
- (2) At the discretion of the administrator who conducts the observation cycle.
- (b) Receive one evaluation in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary teacher participated in the observation cycle pursuant to paragraph (a). The evaluation must be based in part upon at least one scheduled observation cycle, which must occur within 120 days after the first day of instruction of that school year.
 - **Sec. 11.** NRS 391.710 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 391.710 1. If a postprobationary administrator receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as developing or ineffective, the postprobationary administrator must receive one evaluation in the immediately succeeding school year which is based in part upon three observation cycles which must occur in accordance with the observation schedule set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 391.705. If a postprobationary administrator receives evidence from the first two observation cycles indicating that, unless his or her performance improves, his or her overall performance may be rated as developing or ineffective on the evaluation, the postprobationary administrator may request that the third observation cycle be conducted by another administrator. If a postprobationary administrator requests that his or her third observation cycle be conducted by another administrator, that administrator must be:
- (a) Employed by the school district or, if the school district has five or fewer administrators, employed by another school district in this State; and





- (b) Selected by the postprobationary administrator from a list of three candidates submitted by the superintendent.
- 2. If a postprobationary administrator receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as effective, the postprobationary administrator must receive one evaluation in the immediately succeeding school year. The evaluation must be based in part upon at least one scheduled observation cycle, which must occur within 120 days after the first day of instruction of the school year.
- 3. If a postprobationary administrator receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as highly effective for 2 consecutive school years, the postprobationary administrator must:
- (a) Participate in one observation cycle in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary administrator receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his or her performance as highly effective. [; and] The postprobationary administrator may receive one evaluation based in part upon the observation cycle conducted pursuant to this paragraph:
 - (1) Upon the request of the postprobationary administrator;
- (2) At the discretion of the administrator who conducts the observation cycle.
- (b) Receive one evaluation in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary administrator participated in the observation cycle pursuant to paragraph (a). The evaluation must be based in part upon at least one scheduled observation cycle, which must occur within 120 days after the first day of instruction of that school year.
 - **Sec. 12.** NRS 392.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.040 1. Except as otherwise provided by law, each parent, custodial parent, guardian or other person in the State of Nevada having control or charge of any child between the ages of 7 and 18 years shall send the child to a public school during all the time the public school is in session in the school district in which the child resides unless the child has graduated from high school.
- 2. A child who is 5 years of age on or before [the first day of] August 1 preceding a school year may be admitted to kindergarten at the beginning of that school year, and the child's enrollment must be counted for purposes of apportionment. If a child is not 5 years of age on or before [the first day of] August 1 preceding a school year, the child must not be admitted to kindergarten.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a child who is 6 years of age on or before [the first day of] August 1 preceding a school year must:



or



- (a) If the child has not completed kindergarten, undergo an assessment by the school district or charter school, as applicable, pursuant to subsection 7 to determine whether the child is prepared developmentally to be admitted to the first grade. If the school district or charter school, as applicable, determines that the child is prepared developmentally, the child must be admitted to the first grade at the beginning of that school year. If the school district or charter school, as applicable, determines that the child is not so prepared, he or she must be admitted to kindergarten at the beginning of that school year. [; or]
- (b) If the child has completed kindergarten, be admitted to the first grade at the beginning of that school year,
- → and the child's enrollment must be counted for purposes of apportionment. If a child is not 6 years of age on or before [the first day of] August 1 preceding a school year, the child must not be admitted to the first grade until the beginning of the school year following the child's sixth birthday.
- 4. The parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person within the State of Nevada having control or charge of a child who is 6 years of age on or before [the first day of] August 1 preceding a school year may elect for the child not to attend kindergarten or the first grade during that year. The parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person who makes such an election shall file with the board of trustees of the appropriate school district a waiver in a form prescribed by the board.
- Whenever a child who is 6 years of age is enrolled in a public school, each parent, custodial parent, guardian or other person in the State of Nevada having control or charge of the child shall send the child to the public school during all the time the school is in session. If the board of trustees of a school district has adopted a policy prescribing a minimum number of days of attendance for pupils enrolled in kindergarten or first grade pursuant to NRS 392.122, the school district shall provide to each parent and legal guardian of a pupil who elects to enroll his or her child in kindergarten or first grade a written document containing a copy of that policy and a copy of the policy of the school district concerning the withdrawal of pupils from kindergarten or first grade. Before the child's first day of attendance at a school, the parent or legal guardian shall sign a statement on a form provided by the school district acknowledging that he or she has read and understands the policy concerning attendance and the policy concerning withdrawal of pupils from kindergarten or first grade. The parent or legal guardian shall comply with the applicable requirements for attendance. This requirement for attendance does not apply to any





child under the age of 7 years who has not yet been enrolled or has been formally withdrawn from enrollment in public school.

- 6. A child who is 7 years of age on or before [the first day of] August 1 preceding a school year must:
- (a) If the child has completed [kindergarten and] the first grade, be admitted to the second grade [-] at the beginning of that school year.
- (b) [If the child has completed kindergarten, be admitted to the first grade.
- (c)] If the [parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person in the State of Nevada having control or charge of the child waived the child's attendance from kindergarten pursuant to subsection 4,] child has not completed first grade, undergo an assessment by the school district or charter school, as applicable, pursuant to subsection 7 to determine whether the child is prepared developmentally to be admitted to the [first] second grade. If the school district or charter school, as applicable, determines that the child is prepared developmentally, the child must be admitted to the [first] second grade [.] at the beginning of that school year. If the school district or charter school, as applicable, determines that the child is not so prepared, he or she must be admitted to [kindergarten.] the first grade at the beginning of that school year.
- The enrollment of any child pursuant to this subsection must be counted for apportionment purposes.
- 7. Each school district *and charter school* shall prepare and administer before the beginning of each school year a developmental screening test to a child:
- (a) Who is 6 years of age on or before August 1 preceding a school year and who has not completed kindergarten, to determine whether the child is prepared developmentally to be admitted to the first grade; or
- (b) Who is 7 years of age on or before [the first day of the next] August 1 preceding a school year [;] and
- [(b) Whose parents waived the child's attendance from kindergarten pursuant to subsection 4,
- who has not completed first grade, to determine whether the child is prepared developmentally to be admitted to the [first] second grade.
- The results of the test must be made available to the parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person within the State of Nevada having control or charge of the child.
- 8. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 9, a child who becomes a resident of this State after completing kindergarten or beginning first grade in another state in accordance with the laws of that state may be admitted to the grade the child was attending or





would be attending had he or she remained a resident of the other state regardless of his or her age, unless the board of trustees of the school district determines that the requirements of this section are being deliberately circumvented.

- 9. Pursuant to the provisions of NRS 388F.010, a child who transfers to a school in this State from a school outside this State because of the military transfer of the parent or legal guardian of the child must be admitted to:
- (a) The grade, other than kindergarten, the child was attending or would be attending had he or she remained a resident of the other state, regardless of the child's age.
- (b) Kindergarten, if the child was enrolled in kindergarten in another state in accordance with the laws of that state, regardless of the child's age.
 - 10. As used in this section, "kindergarten" includes:
- (a) A kindergarten established by the board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS 388.060;
- (b) A kindergarten established by the governing body of a charter school; and
- (c) An authorized program of instruction for kindergarten offered in a child's home pursuant to NRS 388.060.
 - **Sec. 13.** NRS 392.4644 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.4644 1. The board of trustees of each school district shall establish a plan to provide for the restorative discipline of pupils and on-site review of disciplinary decisions. The plan must:
- (a) Be developed with the input and participation of teachers, school administrators and other educational personnel and support personnel who are employed by the school district, pupils who are enrolled in schools within the school district and the parents and guardians of pupils who are enrolled in schools within the school district.
- (b) Be consistent with the written rules of behavior prescribed in accordance with NRS 392.463.
- (c) Include, without limitation, provisions designed to address the specific disciplinary needs and concerns of each school within the school district.
- (d) Provide restorative disciplinary practices which include, without limitation:
 - (1) Holding a pupil accountable for his or her behavior;
- (2) Restoration or remedies related to the behavior of the pupil;
 - (3) Relief for any victim of the pupil; and
 - (4) Changing the behavior of the pupil.





- (e) Provide for the temporary removal of a pupil from a classroom or other premises of a public school in accordance with NRS 392.4645.
- (f) Provide for the placement of a pupil in a different school within the school district in accordance with NRS 392.466.
- (g) Include the names of any members of a committee to review the temporary alternative placement of pupils required by NRS 392.4647.
- (h) Be in accordance with the statewide framework for restorative **[justice]** *approaches* developed pursuant to NRS 388.1333, including, without limitation, by addressing the occurrences of the suspension, expulsion or removal of pupils from school that disproportionately affect pupils who belong to a group of pupils listed in subsection 2 of NRS 385A.250.
- (i) Be posted on the Internet website maintained by the school district.
- 2. On or before September 15 of each year, the principal of each public school shall:
- (a) Review the plan established by subsection 1 in consultation with the teachers, school administrators and other educational personnel and support personnel who are employed at the school and the parents and guardians of pupils and the pupils who are enrolled in the school;
- (b) Determine whether and to what extent the occurrences of the suspension, expulsion or removal of pupils from school disproportionately affect pupils who belong to a group of pupils listed in subsection 2 of NRS 385A.250;
- (c) Based upon the review, recommend to the board of trustees of the school district revisions to the plan, as recommended by the teachers, school administrators and other educational personnel and support personnel and the parents and guardians of pupils and the pupils who are enrolled in the school, if necessary;
- (d) Post a copy of the plan or the revised plan, as provided by the school district, on the Internet website maintained by the school; and
- (e) Distribute to each teacher, school administrator and all educational support personnel who are employed at or assigned to the school a written or electronic copy of the plan or the revised plan, as provided by the school district.
- 3. On or before November 15 of each year, the board of trustees of each school district shall:
- (a) Submit a written report to the Superintendent of Public Instruction that reports the progress of each school within the district in complying with the requirements of this section, including, without limitation, addressing the occurrences of the





suspension, expulsion or removal of pupils from school that disproportionately affect pupils who belong to a group of pupils listed in subsection 2 of NRS 385A.250; and

- (b) Post a copy of the report on the Internet website maintained by the school district.
- 4. As used in this section, "restorative **[justice"]** *approaches*" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.472.
 - **Sec. 14.** NRS 392.466 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.466 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any pupil who commits a battery which results in the bodily injury of an employee of the school or who sells or distributes any controlled substance while on the premises of any public school, at an activity sponsored by a public school or on any school bus and who is at least 11 years of age shall meet with the school and his or her parent or legal guardian. [The school shall provide a plan of action based on restorative justice to the parent or legal guardian of the pupil or, if the pupil is an unaccompanied pupil, the pupil.] The pupil may be suspended or expelled from the school, in which case the pupil shall:
- (a) Enroll in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or be homeschooled; or
- (b) Enroll in a program of independent study provided pursuant to NRS 389.155 for pupils who have been suspended or expelled from public school or a program of distance education provided pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive, if the pupil qualifies for enrollment and is accepted for enrollment in accordance with the requirements of the applicable program.
- Before a pupil is suspended or expelled from the school, the school shall consider the use of restorative approaches as an alternative or in addition to suspension or expulsion.
- 2. An employee who is a victim of a battery which results in the bodily injury of an employee of the school may appeal to the school [the plan of action provided pursuant to subsection 1] if:
- (a) The employee feels any *disciplinary* actions taken [pursuant to such plan] are inappropriate; and
- (b) For a pupil with a disability who committed the battery, the board of trustees of the school district or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and determined that such an appeal is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any pupil of any age, including, without limitation, a pupil with a disability, who is found in possession of a firearm or a dangerous weapon while on the premises of any public school, at an activity sponsored by a public school or on any school bus must, for the first occurrence, be





expelled from the school for a period of not less than 1 year, although the pupil may be placed in another kind of school for a period not to exceed the period of the expulsion. For a second occurrence, the pupil must be permanently expelled from the school.

- 4. If , after a meeting conducted pursuant to subsection 1, a school concludes that it is unable to retain a pupil in the school [pursuant to subsection 1] for the safety of any person or because doing so would not be in the best interest of the pupil, the pupil may be suspended, expelled or placed in another school. If a pupil is placed in another school, the current school of the pupil shall explain what services will be provided to the pupil at the new school that the current school is unable to provide to address the specific needs and behaviors of the pupil. The school district of the current school of the pupil shall coordinate with the new school to [create a plan of action based on restorative justice for the pupil] determine if any restorative approaches should be implemented and to ensure that any resources required to [execute] implement the [plan of action based on] restorative [justice] approaches are available at the new school.
- 5. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a pupil is deemed a habitual disciplinary problem pursuant to NRS 392.4655 [,] and the pupil is at least 11 years of age, [and the school has made a reasonable effort to complete a plan of action based on restorative justice with the pupil,] based on the seriousness of the acts which were the basis for the discipline, the pupil may be:
 - (a) Suspended from the school; or
- (b) Expelled from the school under extraordinary circumstances as determined by the principal of the school.
- 6. If the pupil is expelled, or the period of the pupil's suspension is for one school semester, the pupil must:
- (a) Enroll in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or be homeschooled; or
- (b) Enroll in a program of independent study provided pursuant to NRS 389.155 for pupils who have been suspended or expelled from public school or a program of distance education provided pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive, if the pupil qualifies for enrollment and is accepted for enrollment in accordance with the requirements of the applicable program.
- 7. The superintendent of schools of a school district may, for good cause shown in a particular case in that school district, allow a modification to a suspension or expulsion pursuant to subsections 1 to 5, inclusive, if such modification is set forth in writing. The superintendent shall allow such a modification if the superintendent determines that [a plan of action based on] restorative [justice]





approaches may be used successfully [.] as an alternative to the suspension or expulsion.

- 8. This section does not prohibit a pupil from having in his or her possession a knife or firearm with the approval of the principal of the school. A principal may grant such approval only in accordance with the policies or regulations adopted by the board of trustees of the school district.
- 9. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 3, a pupil who is less than 11 years of age must not be permanently expelled from school. In extraordinary circumstances, a school may request an exception to this subsection from the board of trustees of the school district. A pupil who is at least 11 years of age may be suspended, expelled or permanently expelled from school pursuant to this section only after the board of trustees of the school district or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and approved this action in accordance with the procedural policy adopted by the board for such issues.
- 10. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a pupil with a disability who is at least 11 years of age may, in accordance with the procedural policy adopted by the board of trustees of the school district for such matters and only after the board of trustees of the school district or its designee has reviewed the circumstances and determined that the action is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., be:
- (a) Suspended from school pursuant to this section for not more than 5 days. Such a suspension may be imposed pursuant to this paragraph for each occurrence of conduct proscribed by subsection 1.
 - (b) Expelled from school pursuant to this section.
 - (c) Permanently expelled from school pursuant to this section.
- 11. A homeless pupil or a pupil in foster care who is at least 11 years of age may be suspended or expelled from school pursuant to this section only if a determination is made that the behavior that led to the consideration for suspension or expulsion was not caused by homelessness or being in foster care. The person responsible for making a determination of whether or not the behavior was caused by homelessness or being in foster care shall presume that the behavior was caused by homelessness or being in foster care unless the person determines that the behavior was not caused by homelessness or being in foster care pursuant to this subsection. A determination that the behavior was not caused by homelessness must be made in consultation with the local educational agency liaison for homeless pupils designated in accordance with the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act of 1987, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11301 et seq., or a contact person at a school, including, without





limitation, a school counselor or school social worker. A determination that the behavior was not caused by being in foster care must be made in consultation with an advocate for pupils in foster care at the school in which the pupil is enrolled or the school counselor of the pupil.

- 12. The provisions of chapter 241 of NRS do not apply to any hearing or proceeding conducted pursuant to this section. Such hearings or proceedings must be closed to the public.
 - 13. As used in this section:

- (a) "Battery" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.481.
- (b) "Dangerous weapon" includes, without limitation, a blackjack, slungshot, billy, sand-club, sandbag, metal knuckles, dirk or dagger, a nunchaku or trefoil, as defined in NRS 202.350, a butterfly knife or any other knife described in NRS 202.350, a switchblade knife as defined in NRS 202.265, or any other object which is used, or threatened to be used, in such a manner and under such circumstances as to pose a threat of, or cause, bodily injury to a person.
- (c) "Firearm" includes, without limitation, any pistol, revolver, shotgun, explosive substance or device, and any other item included within the definition of a "firearm" in 18 U.S.C. § 921, as that section existed on July 1, 1995.
- (d) "Foster care" has the meaning ascribed to it in 45 C.F.R. § 1355.20.
- (e) "Homeless pupil" has the meaning ascribed to the term "homeless children and youths" in 42 U.S.C. § 11434a(2).
- (f) "Permanently expelled" means the disciplinary removal of a pupil from the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (2), without the possibility of returning to the school in which the pupil is currently enrolled or another public school within the school district; and
- (2) With the possibility of enrolling in a program or public school for alternative education for pupils who are expelled or permanently expelled after being permanently expelled.
- (g) "Restorative **[justice"]** approaches" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 392.472.
- (h) "Unaccompanied pupil" has the meaning ascribed to the term "unaccompanied youth" in 42 U.S.C. § 11434a(6).
- 14. The provisions of this section do not prohibit a pupil who is suspended or expelled from enrolling in a charter school that is designed exclusively for the enrollment of pupils with disciplinary problems if the pupil is accepted for enrollment by the charter school pursuant to NRS 388A.453 or 388A.456. Upon request, the





governing body of a charter school must be provided with access to the records of the pupil relating to the pupil's suspension or expulsion in accordance with applicable federal and state law before the governing body makes a decision concerning the enrollment of the pupil.

Sec. 15. NRS 392.472 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.472 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 392.466 and to the extent practicable, a public school shall [provide a plan of action based on restorative justice before], before removing a pupil from a classroom or other premises of the public school or suspending or expelling a pupil from school [.], consider the use of restorative approaches as an alternative or in addition to removing a pupil from a classroom or other premises of the public school or suspending or expelling a pupil.

- 2. The Department shall develop one or more examples of [a plan of action which] disciplinary practices in which restorative approaches are used as an alternative or in addition to removing a pupil from a classroom or other premises of the public school or suspending or expelling a pupil from school. Such disciplinary practices may include, without limitation:
 - (a) [Positive behavioral interventions and support;
 - (b) A] The development of a plan for behavioral intervention;
 - (b) A referral to a team of student support;
- $\frac{[(d)]}{(c)}$ (c) A referral to an individualized education program team;
- $\frac{\{(e)\}}{\{d\}}$ (d) A referral to appropriate community-based services;
- —(f)] (e) A conference with the principal of the school or his or her designee and any other appropriate personnel [-]; and
 - (f) Any other method for implementing restorative approaches.
- 3. [The Department may approve a plan of action based on restorative justice that meets the requirements of this section submitted by a public school.
- 4.] The Department, in consultation with the Office for a Safe and Respectful Learning Environment, shall post on its Internet website a guidance document that includes, without limitation:
- (a) A description of the statewide framework for restorative **[justice]** *approaches* developed pursuant to NRS 388.1333 and the requirements of this section and NRS 392.462;
- (b) A timeline for implementation of the requirements of this section and NRS 392.462 by a public school;
- (c) One or more models of restorative [justice] approaches and best practices relating to restorative [justice;] approaches;
- (d) A curriculum for professional development relating to restorative [justice] approaches and references for one or more





consultants or presenters qualified to provide additional information or training relating to restorative [justice;] approaches; and

- (e) One or more examples of [a plan of action based on restorative justice] disciplinary practices developed pursuant to subsection 2.
 - [5.] 4. As used in this section:

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- (a) "Individualized education program team" has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 1414(d)(1)(B).
- (b) "Restorative <u>fjustice</u>" means nonpunitive intervention and support provided by the school to a pupil to improve the behavior of the pupil and remedy any harm caused by the pupil.] *approaches*":
- (1) Means a relationship-focused student discipline model that, without limitation:
 - (I) Is preventative and proactive;
- (II) Emphasizes building strong relationships and setting clear behavioral expectations that contribute to the well-being of the school community;
- (III) In response to behavior that violates the clear behavioral expectations that contribute to the well-being of the school community, focuses on accountability for any harm done by such behavior; and
- (IV) Addresses ways to repair the relationships affected by the problem behavior with the voluntary participation of any person who was harmed.
- (2) May include, without limitation, conflict resolution, mediation, peer mediation, circle processes, restorative conferences, social emotional learning, trauma-informed care, positive behavioral intervention supports, rehabilitation and deescalation techniques.
 - **Sec. 16.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.







ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 42—COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to class sizes. (BDR 34-276)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.

Effect on the State: Yes.

CONTAINS UNFUNDED MANDATE (§§ 3, 5) (NOT REQUESTED BY AFFECTED LOCAL GOVERNMENT)

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; requiring annual reports of accountability for public schools to include information relating to requests for variances from prescribed pupil-teacher ratios: making requirements relating to pupil-teacher ratios applicable to charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils; revising or prescribing the maximum pupilteacher ratios for certain classes and grades; revising the procedure to request a variance from requirements concerning maximum pupil-teacher ratios; revising certain reporting requirements relating to pupil-teacher ratios; removing authorization for certain smaller school districts to comply with the alternative maximum pupilteacher ratios; eliminating certain requirements relating to the distribution of money for the reduction of pupilteacher ratios; requiring the development of certain guidance concerning the reduction of pupil-teacher ratios; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law prescribes the maximum ratio of pupils per teacher in classes where core curriculum is taught in kindergarten and grades 1, 2 and 3. Existing law requires any school district that includes one or more elementary schools which





exceed those maximum ratios or certain other maximum pupil-teacher ratios approved by the Legislature to request a variance from the State Board of Education for the next quarter of the school year. Existing law requires each school district to submit to the State Board a plan to reduce teacher-pupil ratios within the district. (NRS 388.700) Existing law requires the State Board to establish by regulation maximum pupil-teacher ratios for each grade other than kindergarten and grades 1, 2 and 3. (NRS 387.1234)

Sections 3-9 of this bill make provisions relating to pupil-teacher ratios additionally applicable to charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils. Section 5 of this bill makes requirements governing maximum pupilteacher ratios apply to each campus of a school that operates at different campuses. Section 5 also increases the maximum ratio of pupils per licensed teacher in classes where core curriculum is taught: (1) from 16 to 1 to 18 to 1 in kindergarten; (2) from 16 to 1 to 20 to 1 in grades 1 and 2; and (3) from 18 to 1 to 20 to 1 in grade 3. Section 5 additionally prescribes the maximum ratios of pupils per licensed teacher in English language arts and mathematics of: (1) 25 to 1 in grades 4, 5 and 6; and (2) 30 to 1 in grades 7-12. **Section 5** reduces from quarterly to annually the frequency with which a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils is required to request a variance. Section 5 additionally requires a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils that is granted a variance to submit a report on or before April 15 explaining the changes in the ratio of pupils per licensed teacher that occurred throughout the school year. Sections 5 and 9 of this bill revise various reporting requirements concerning pupil-teacher ratios and requests for a variance from provisions establishing maximum pupil-teacher ratios.

Existing law requires: (1) each board of trustees of a school district or sponsor of a charter school to prepare an annual report of accountability for the schools within the district or the charter schools sponsored by the sponsor, as applicable; and (2) the State Board of Education to prepare an annual report of accountability for the public schools in this State. (NRS 385A.070, 385A.400) **Sections 1 and 2** of this bill require such reports to include certain information related to requests for variances from requirements governing pupil-teacher ratios.

Existing law requires each school district to submit to the State Board a plan to reduce the district's pupil-teacher ratio. (NRS 388.720) **Section 7** of this bill revises this requirement to apply to each school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils that operates one or more schools or campuses for which the pupil-teacher ratio exceeds a maximum pupil-teacher ratio prescribed by **section 5**.

Existing law authorizes a school district in a county whose population is less than 100,000 (currently all counties other than Clark and Washoe Counties) to submit to the State Board a plan to comply with alternative pupil-teacher ratios, which are larger than the pupil-teacher ratios that are otherwise required. (NRS 388.720) **Section 7** eliminates the ability for such a school district to comply with such an alternative ratio, thereby requiring all school districts in this State to comply with the same maximum pupil-teacher ratios. **Sections 3, 9 and 10** of this bill remove references and other language relating to such alternative ratios.

Existing law requires the Department of Education to develop certain policies, procedures and guidance concerning the reduction of class sizes and compliance with prescribed pupil-teacher ratios. (NRS 388.723) **Section 8** of this bill requires such guidance to include guidance concerning the use of money over which school districts, charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils have discretion for the purpose of reducing pupil-teacher ratios. **Section 8** also eliminates requirements that the Department: (1) develop policies and procedures for the distribution of money to each school district for the reduction of



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 pupil-teacher ratios; and (2) communicate with the board of trustees of each school district regarding the expectations of the Department for the use of such money.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 385A.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385A.210 The annual report of accountability prepared pursuant to NRS 385A.070 must include information on class sizes, including, without limitation:

- 1. The ratio of pupils to teachers in kindergarten and at each grade level for each elementary school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district; [and]
- 2. The average class size for each core academic subject, as set forth in NRS 389.018, for each secondary school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district : and
 - 3. The total number of:
- (a) Requests for a variance filed with the State Board pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 388.700; and
- (b) Pupils affected by the variances granted by the State Board pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 388.700.
 - Sec. 2. NRS 385A.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 385A.420 The annual report of accountability prepared by the State Board pursuant to NRS 385A.400 must include information on class sizes, including, without limitation:
- 1. The ratio of pupils to teachers in kindergarten and at each grade level for all elementary schools, reported for each school district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, and for this State as a whole; [and]
- 2. The average class size for each core academic subject, as set forth in NRS 389.018, for each secondary school, reported for each school district and for this State as a whole :: and
 - 3. The total number of:
- (a) Requests for a variance filed with the State Board pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 388.700; and
- (b) Pupils affected by the variances granted by the State Board pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 388.700.
 - **Sec. 3.** NRS 387.1234 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 387.1234 1. Except as otherwise provided in [subsection 3 and] NRS 388.700, the State Board shall establish by regulation the maximum pupil-teacher ratio in each grade, and for each subject matter wherever different subjects are taught in separate classes, for





each school district, *charter school and university school for profoundly gifted pupils* of this State which is consistent with:

- (a) The maintenance of an acceptable standard of instruction;
- (b) The conditions prevailing in the school district, or at the charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils, with respect to the number and distribution of pupils in each grade; and
- (c) Methods of instruction used, which may include [educational television,], without limitation, virtual learning models, hybrid learning, competency-based education, team teaching or new teaching systems or techniques.
- If the Superintendent of Public Instruction finds that any school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils is maintaining one or more classes whose pupil-teacher ratio exceeds the applicable maximum, and Superintendent finds that the board of trustees of the school district or governing body of the charter school or university school, as applicable, has made every reasonable effort in good faith to comply with the applicable standard, the Superintendent shall, with the approval of the State Board, reduce the count of pupils for apportionment purposes by the percentage which the number of pupils attending those classes is of the total number of pupils in the district or school, as applicable, and the State Board may direct the Superintendent to withhold the quarterly apportionment entirely.
- [3. The provisions of this section do not apply to a charter school, a university school for profoundly gifted pupils, a program of distance education provided pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive, or a challenge school.]
 - **Sec. 4.** NRS 387.304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 387.304 The Department shall:
- 1. Conduct an annual audit of the count of pupils for apportionment purposes reported each quarter by [each] school [district] districts, charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils pursuant to NRS 387.123 and the data reported by [each] school [district] districts, charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils pursuant to NRS 388.710 that is used to measure the effectiveness of the implementation of a plan developed by [each] a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils to reduce the pupil-teacher ratio as required by NRS 388.720.
- 2. Review each school district's report of the annual audit conducted by a public accountant as required by NRS 354.624, and the annual report prepared by each district as required by NRS 387.303, and report the findings of the review to the State Board and the Joint Interim Standing Committee on Education, with any





recommendations for legislation, revisions to regulations or training needed by school district employees. The report by the Department must identify school districts which failed to comply with any statutes or administrative regulations of this State or which had any:

- (a) Long-term obligations in excess of the general obligation debt limit;
 - (b) Deficit fund balances or retained earnings in any fund;
 - (c) Deficit cash balances in any fund;

- (d) Variances of more than 10 percent between total general fund revenues and budgeted general fund revenues; or
- (e) Variances of more than 10 percent between total actual general fund expenditures and budgeted total general fund expenditures.
- 3. In preparing its biennial budgetary request for the State Education Fund, consult with the superintendent of schools of each school district or a person designated by the superintendent.
- 4. Provide, in consultation with the Budget Division of the Office of Finance and the Fiscal Analysis Division of the Legislative Counsel Bureau, training to the financial officers of school districts in matters relating to financial accountability.
 - **Sec. 5.** NRS 388.700 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.700 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, for each [school quarter of a] school year, the ratio in each school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils of pupils per licensed teacher designated to teach, on a full-time basis, in classes where core curriculum is taught:
- (a) In kindergarten, [and grades 1 and 2,] must not exceed [16] 18 to 1; [, in grade] and
 - (b) In grades 1, 2 and 3, must not exceed [18] 20 to 1. [; or
- (b) If a plan is approved pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 388.720, must not exceed the ratio set forth in that plan for the grade levels specified in the plan.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, for each school year, the ratio in each school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils of pupils per licensed teacher designated to teach, on a full-time basis, in classes where English language arts or mathematics is taught:
 - (a) In grades 4, 5 and 6, must not exceed 25 to 1; and
 - (b) In grades 7 to 12, inclusive, must not exceed 30 to 1.
- 3. In determining [this] the ratio [,] of pupils per licensed teacher pursuant to subsection 1 or 2, all licensed educational personnel who teach a grade level specified in [paragraph (a) or a grade level specified in a plan that is approved pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 388.720, as applicable for the school district,]





subsection 1 or 2, as applicable, must be counted except teachers of art, music, physical education or special education, teachers who teach one or two specific subject areas to more than one classroom of pupils, counselors, librarians, administrators, deans, specialists, any administrators or other licensed educational personnel, including, without limitation, counselors, coaches and special education teachers, who may be present in a classroom but do not teach every pupil in the classroom and teachers who are not actively teaching pupils during a class period or who do not teach a subject area for which the ratio of pupils per licensed teacher is being determined.

- [2.] 4. A school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils may, within the limits of any plan adopted pursuant to NRS 388.720, assign a pupil whose enrollment in a grade occurs after the end of [a quarter] an instructional period during the school year to any existing class regardless of the number of pupils in the class if the school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils requests and is approved for a variance from the State Board pursuant to subsection [4.] 6.
- [3.] 5. Each school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils that includes one or more [elementary] schools or campuses which exceed the ratio of pupils per class during any [quarter of a] school year, as reported to the Department pursuant to NRS 388.725:
 - (a) Set forth in subsection 1 [;

— (b) Prescribed in conjunction with a legislative appropriation for the support of the class size reduction program;] or 2; or

[(c)] (b) Defined by a legislatively approved alternative classsize reduction plan, if applicable to that school district, *charter*

school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils,

must [request], not later than October 15 of that school year, file with the State Board a request for a variance for each such school or campus for the [next quarter of the] current school year [if a quarter remains in that school year or for the next quarter of the succeeding school year, as applicable, from the State Board] by providing a written statement that includes the reasons for the request, the justification for exceeding the applicable prescribed ratio of pupils per class and a plan of actions that the school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils will take to reduce the ratio of pupils per class.

[4.] 6. The State Board may grant to a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils a variance from the limitation on the number of pupils per class set forth in paragraph (a) [7] or (b) [or (c)] of subsection [3] 5 for good cause,





including the lack of available financial support [specifically set aside for the reduction of pupil teacher ratios.] or difficulties in hiring due to lack of qualified teachers applying for open teaching positions.

- 7. On or before April 15 of a school year in which a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils receives a variance pursuant to subsection 6, the school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils shall submit to the State Board a report of any changes in the number of pupils per class during the school year and the reasons for those changes.
- [5.] 8. The State Board shall [, on a quarterly basis, submit] annually compile a report [to the Interim Finance Committee] on each variance requested by a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils pursuant to subsection [4 during the preceding quarter and, if] 5 for the current school year. The report must include, without limitation:
- (a) A list of each school or campus for which a request for a variance [was granted, an identification] was filed;
- (b) A list of each [elementary] school or campus for which a variance was granted [and the];
 - (c) The specific justification for [the] each variance [.
- 6. The State Board shall, on or before February 1 of each odd-numbered year, submit a report to the Legislature on:
- (a) Each variance requested by a school district pursuant to subsection 4 during the preceding biennium and, if a variance was granted, an identification of each elementary school for which variance was granted and the specific justification for the variance.
 (b) ;
 - (d) The total number of pupils affected by each variance;
- (e) The approximate financial cost to each school district, charter school and university school for profoundly gifted pupils to bring schools and campuses for which a variance was granted into compliance with subsection 1 or 2, as applicable; and
- (f) The data reported to it by the various school districts, charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifts pupils pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 388.710, including [an], without limitation:
 - (1) An explanation of that data [, and the]; and
- (2) The current pupil-teacher ratios per class in the grade levels specified in [paragraph (a) of subsection] subsections 1 [or the grade levels specified in a plan that is approved pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 388.720, as applicable for the school district.

 7.1 and 2.





- 9. On or before January 1 of each year, the State Board shall submit the report compiled pursuant to subsection 8 to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Interim Finance Committee and:
- (a) In an odd-numbered year, the next regular session of the Legislature; and
- (b) In an even-numbered year, the Joint Interim Standing Committee on Education.
- 10. The Department shall, on or before [November 15] January 1 of each year, report to the Chief of the Budget Division of the Office of Finance and the Fiscal Analysis Division of the Legislative Counsel Bureau:
 - (a) The number of teachers employed full-time;
- (b) [The number of teachers employed in order to attain the ratio required by subsection 1;
- (c)] The number of substitute teachers filling vacancies or long-term positions;

(c) The number of pupils enrolled; and

- [(e)] (d) The number of teachers assigned to teach in the same classroom with another teacher or in any other arrangement other than one teacher assigned to one classroom of pupils,
- → during the current school year in the grade levels specified in [paragraph (a) of subsection] subsections 1 [or the grade levels specified in a plan that is approved pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 388.720, as applicable, for each school district.
- 8. The provisions of this section do not apply to a charter school or to a program of distance education provided pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive.] and 2.
 - **Sec. 6.** NRS 388.710 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.710 1. The State Board, in consultation with [the trustees of the] school districts, charter schools, university schools for profoundly gifted pupils and the recognized associations representing licensed educational personnel, after receiving comments from the general public, shall determine the data that must be monitored by each school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils that is subject to the requirements of NRS 388.720 and used to measure the effectiveness of the implementation of a plan developed by [each] a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils to reduce the pupil-teacher ratio pursuant to NRS 388.720.
- 2. Each school district, charter school and university school for profoundly gifted pupils that is subject to the requirements of NRS 388.720 shall report the data to the State Board as required by the State Board.





- **Sec. 7.** NRS 388.720 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.720 1. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, each] Each school district, charter school and university school for profoundly gifted pupils that has one or more schools or campuses which exceed the ratio of pupils per class pursuant to NRS 388.700, together with the recognized associations representing licensed educational personnel shall develop a plan to reduce the [district's] pupil-teacher ratio per class [in kindergarten and grades 1, 2 and 3] to conform with the maximum pupil-teacher ratios prescribed by NRS 388.700 within the limits of available financial support specifically set aside for this purpose and submit that plan to the State Board.
- 2. [In lieu of complying with the pupil teacher ratio prescribed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 388.700, a school district in a county whose population is less than 100,000 may, in consultation with the recognized associations representing licensed educational personnel, develop a plan to reduce the district's pupil teacher ratios per class for specified grade levels in elementary schools. Alternative ratios for grade 6 may only be approved for those school districts that include grade 6 in elementary school. The alternative pupil teacher ratios must not:
 - (a) Exceed 22 to 1 in grades 1, 2 and 3; and
- (b) Exceed 25 to 1 in grades 4 and 5 or grades 4, 5 and 6, as applicable.
- 3.] The State Board shall approve a plan submitted pursuant to subsection [2] *I* if the plan [:
- (a) Reduces | reduces the district's pupil-teacher ratio in the [elementary] schools or campuses within the school district [; and
- (b) Is fiscally neutral such that the plan will not cost more to carry out than a plan that complies with the ratios prescribed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 388.700.], charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils.
 - **Sec. 8.** NRS 388.723 is hereby amended to read as follows: 388.723 The Department shall:
 - 1. Develop policies and procedures for:
- (a) Monitoring the plan of **[each]** a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils to reduce the pupil-teacher ratio per class developed pursuant to NRS 388.720, which must include, without limitation, provisions for:
- (1) The review of each plan submitted to the State Board to ensure the adequacy of such plans; and
- (2) The review of any data submitted to the State Board pursuant to NRS 388.710.
- (b) Monitoring the [quarterly] reports concerning the average daily enrollment of pupils and the pupil-teacher ratios in each school





district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils submitted by the [board of trustees of the] school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils pursuant to NRS 388.725 to ensure the completeness and accuracy of such reports.

- (c) The review of any requests for a variance submitted to the State Board pursuant to NRS 388.700, which must include, without limitation, provisions to verify the information in such requests to ensure the accuracy of the reports on variances submitted by the State Board to the Legislature pursuant to that section.
- [(d) The distribution of money to each school district for the reduction of pupil teacher ratios, which must include, without limitation, provisions for:
- (1) The retention of all documents and records related to the distribution; and
- (2) The review of the work performed to determine the distribution of such money to ensure the accuracy of supporting information and the calculations used in making such determinations.]
- 2. Provide guidance to the school districts, *charter schools* and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils on:
- (a) The development of a plan to reduce the pupil-teacher ratio per class pursuant to NRS 388.720. In developing such guidance, the Department shall:
- (1) Outline the criteria that each plan must include to meet the requirements of NRS 388.720.
- (2) Provide examples of policies, plans or strategies adopted by other states to reduce class sizes.
- (b) The requirements for reporting information related to the reduction of pupil-teacher ratios.
- (c) The data that must be monitored pursuant to NRS 388.710 by [each] a school district, charter school or university school for profoundly gifted pupils and used to measure the effectiveness of the implementation of any plan to reduce pupil-teacher ratios.
- [3. Communicate with the board of trustees of each school district regarding the expectations of the Department for the use of any money distributed to reduce pupil teacher ratios in the school district, including, without limitation, the minimum number of teachers the school district is expected to employ.]
- (d) The use of money over which the school districts, charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils have discretion for the purpose of reducing pupil-teacher ratios.
 - **Sec. 9.** NRS 388.725 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.725 [1.] On or before [August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1] October 15 and April 15 of each year, [the





board of trustees of] each school district, charter school and university school for profoundly gifted pupils shall report to the Department for the [preceding quarter:

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b),] current school year the average daily enrollment of pupils and the ratio of pupils per licensed teacher for [grades 1, 2 and 3 for] each [elementary school in the school district.
- (b) If the State Board has approved an alternative class size reduction plan for the school district pursuant to NRS 388.720, the average daily enrollment of pupils and the ratio of pupils per licensed teacher for those grades which are required to comply with the alternative class size reduction plan for each elementary school in the school district.
- 2. The board of trustees of each school district shall post on the Internet website maintained by the school district:
- (a) The information concerning average daily enrollment and class size for each elementary school in the school district, as reported to the Department pursuant to subsection 1; and
- (b) An identification of each elementary school in the school district, if any, for which a variance from the prescribed pupil-teacher ratios was granted by the State Board pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 388.700.] grade or class that is required to have a certain ratio of pupils per licensed teacher pursuant to NRS 388.700.
 - **Sec. 10.** NRS 388G.120 is hereby amended to read as follows: 388G.120 1. Each empowerment plan for a school must:
 - (a) Set forth the manner by which the school will be governed;
- (b) Set forth the proposed budget for the school, including, without limitation, the cost of carrying out the empowerment plan, and the manner by which the money apportioned to the school will be administered;
- (c) Prescribe the academic plan for the school, including, without limitation, the manner by which courses of study will be provided to the pupils enrolled in the school and any special programs that will be offered for pupils;
- (d) Prescribe the manner by which the achievement of pupils will be measured and reported for the school, including, without limitation, the results of the pupils on the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 390.105 and, if applicable for the grade levels of the empowerment school, the college and career readiness assessment administered pursuant to NRS 390.610;
- (e) Prescribe the manner by which teachers and other licensed educational personnel will be selected and hired for the school, which must be determined and negotiated pursuant to chapter 288 of NRS;





- (f) Prescribe the manner by which all other staff for the school will be selected and hired, which must be determined and negotiated pursuant to chapter 288 of NRS;
- (g) Indicate whether the empowerment plan will offer an incentive pay structure for staff and a description of that pay structure, if applicable;
- (h) Indicate the intended ratio of pupils to teachers at the school, designated by grade level, which must comply with NRS 388.700; [or 388.720, as applicable;]
- (i) Provide a description of the professional development that will be offered to the teachers and other licensed educational personnel employed at the school;
- (j) Prescribe the manner by which the empowerment plan will increase the involvement of parents and legal guardians of pupils enrolled in the school:
- (k) Comply with the plan to improve the achievement of the pupils enrolled in the school prepared pursuant to NRS 385A.650;
- (l) Address the specific educational needs and concerns of the pupils who are enrolled in the school; and
 - (m) Set forth the calendar and schedule for the school.
- 2. If the empowerment plan includes an incentive pay structure, that pay structure must:
 - (a) Provide an incentive for all staff employed at the school;
- (b) Set forth the standards that must be achieved by the pupils enrolled in the school and any other measurable objectives that must be met to be eligible for incentive pay; and
- (c) Be in addition to the salary or hourly rate of pay negotiated pursuant to chapter 288 of NRS that is otherwise payable to the employee.
 - 3. An empowerment plan may:
- (a) Request a waiver from a statute contained in this title or a regulation of the State Board or the Department.
- (b) Identify the services of the school district which the school wishes to receive, including, without limitation, professional development, transportation, food services and discretionary services. Upon approval of the empowerment plan, the school district may deduct from the total apportionment to the empowerment school the costs of such services.
- 4. For purposes of determining the budget pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1, if a public school which converts to an empowerment school is a:
- (a) Charter school, the amount of the budget is the amount equal to the apportionments and allowances from the State Education Fund pursuant to NRS 387.121 to 387.12468, inclusive, and its proportionate share of any other money available from federal, state





or local sources that the school or the pupils enrolled in the school are eligible to receive.

- (b) Public school, other than a charter school, the empowerment team for the school shall have discretion of 90 percent of the amount of money from the state financial aid and local funds that the school district apportions for the school, without regard to any line-item specifications or specific uses determined advisable by the school district, unless the empowerment team determines that a lesser amount is necessary to carry out the empowerment plan.
- **Sec. 11.** The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.
- **Sec. 12.** The provisions of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any additional expenses of a local government that are related to the provisions of this act.
 - **Sec. 13.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.







ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 4-COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to certain educational commissions. (BDR 34-280)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; revising provisions governing meetings of the Commission on School Funding; revising the membership of the Commission on Professional Standards in Education; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law creates the Commission on School Funding which has various powers and duties relating to the implementation of the Pupil-Centered Funding Plan and the funding of public schools in this State. (NRS 387.1246, 387.12463) Under existing law, the Commission on School Funding is authorized to meet only between July 1 of an odd-numbered year and September 30 of the subsequent evennumbered year. (NRS 387.1246) **Section 1** of this bill eliminates the limitation on when the Commission on School Funding is authorized to meet, thereby allowing the Commission on School Funding to meet at any time during the interim period between regular legislative sessions and during regular legislative sessions.

Existing law creates the Commission on Professional Standards in Education to prescribe qualifications for the licensure of teachers and other educational personnel and provides that the Commission on Professional Standards in Education consists of eleven members who are appointed by the Governor, including one member who has expertise and experience in the operation of a business. (NRS 391.011, 391.019) Section 2 of this bill removes the member with experience and expertise in the operation of a business, and adds three additional members, including the dean of the School of Education at Nevada State College or the dean representing the Teacher Education Department at Great Basin College, as well as two human resources professionals from school districts of different enrollment sizes.





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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** NRS 387.1246 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 387.1246 1. The Commission on School Funding, consisting of 11 members, is hereby created.
- 2. The Commission consists of the following members, who may not be Legislators:
- (a) One member appointed by the Governor, who serves as
- (b) Two members appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate;
 - (c) Two members appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly;
- (d) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate;
- (e) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the Assembly;
- (f) Two members appointed by the Governor, each of whom is the chief financial officer of a school district in this State which has more than 40,000 pupils enrolled in its public schools, nominated by the Nevada Association of School Superintendents or its successor organization; and
- (g) Two members appointed by the Governor, each of whom is the chief financial officer of a school district in this State which has 40,000 or fewer pupils enrolled in its public schools, nominated by the Nevada Association of School Superintendents or its successor organization.
- → In making appointments to the Commission, the appointing authorities shall consider whether the membership generally reflects the geographic distribution of pupils in the State.
 - 3. Each member of the Commission must:
 - (a) Be a resident of this State:
- (b) Not have been registered as a lobbyist pursuant to NRS 218H.200 for a period of at least 2 years immediately preceding appointment to the Commission;
 - (c) Have relevant experience in public education;
- (d) Have relevant experience in fiscal policy, school finance or similar or related financial activities;
- (e) Have the education, experience and skills necessary to effectively execute the duties and responsibilities of a member of the Commission; and
- (f) Have demonstrated ability in the field of economics, taxation or other discipline necessary to school finance and be able to bring





knowledge and professional judgment to the deliberations of the Commission.

- 4. Each member of the Commission serves a term of 3 years and may be reappointed to additional terms.
- 5. Each member may be removed by the appointing authority for good cause. A vacancy on the Commission must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
 - 6. The Commission shall:

- (a) Elect a Vice Chair from among its members at its first meeting for a term of 3 years. A vacancy in the office of Vice Chair must be filled by the Commission by election for the remainder of the existing term.
- (b) Adopt such rules governing the conduct of the Commission as it deems necessary.
- (c) Hold its first meeting on or before October 1, 2019, and hold such additional number of meetings as may be necessary to accomplish the tasks assigned to it. [in the time allotted.]
- 7. A majority of the members of the Commission constitutes a quorum and a majority of those present must concur in any decision.
- 8. The Department shall provide the Commission with meeting rooms, data processing services and administrative and clerical assistance. The Superintendent of Public Instruction and Office of Finance shall jointly provide the Commission with professional staff services.
- 9. While engaged in the business of the Commission, each member is entitled to receive the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally.
- [10. The Commission may meet only between July 1 of an odd-numbered year and September 30 of the subsequent even-numbered year.]
 - **Sec. 2.** NRS 391.011 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 391.011 1. The Commission on Professional Standards in Education, consisting of [eleven] *thirteen* members appointed by the Governor, is hereby created.
- 2. Five members of the Commission must be teachers who teach in the classroom as follows:
- (a) One who holds a license to teach secondary education and teaches in a secondary school.
- (b) One who holds a license to teach middle school or junior high school education and teaches in a middle school or junior high school.
- (c) One who holds a license to teach elementary education and teaches in an elementary school.
- (d) One who holds a license to teach special education and teaches special education.





- (e) One who holds a license to teach pupils in a program of early childhood education and teaches in a program of early childhood education.
 - 3. The remaining members of the Commission must include:
- (a) One school counselor, psychologist, speech-language pathologist, audiologist, or social worker who is licensed pursuant to this chapter and employed by a school district or charter school.
- (b) One administrator of a school who is employed by a school district or charter school to provide administrative service at an individual school. Such an administrator must not provide service at the district level.
- (c) The dean of the College of Education at one of the universities in the Nevada System of Higher Education, or a representative of one of the Colleges of Education nominated by such a dean for appointment by the Governor.
- (d) The dean of the School of Education at Nevada State College or the dean who represents the Teacher Education Department at Great Basin College, or a representative nominated by such a dean for appointment by the Governor.
- (e) The chief human resources officer or a human resources representative of a school district in this State which has more than 40,000 pupils enrolled in its public schools.
- (f) The chief human resources officer or a human resources representative of a school district in this State which has 40,000 or fewer pupils enrolled in its public schools.
- [(d)] (g) One member who is the parent or legal guardian of a pupil enrolled in a public school.
- [(e) One member who has expertise and experience in the operation of a business.
- (f)] (h) One member who is the superintendent of schools of a school district.
- 4. Three of the five appointments made pursuant to subsection 2 must be made from a list of names of at least three persons for each position that is submitted to the Governor by an employee organization representing the majority of teachers in the State who teach in the educational level from which the appointment is being made.
 - 5. The appointment made pursuant to:
- (a) Paragraph (a) of subsection 3 must be made from a list of names of at least three persons that is submitted to the Governor by an employee organization representing the majority of school counselors, psychologists, speech-language pathologists, audiologists or social workers in this State who are not administrators.





- (b) Paragraph (b) of subsection 3 must be made from a list of names of at least three persons that is submitted to the Governor by the organization of administrators for schools in which the majority of administrators of schools in this State have membership.
- (c) Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection 3 must be made from a list of names of persons for each position submitted to the Governor by the Nevada Association of School Superintendents or its successor organization.
- (d) Paragraph [(d)] (g) of subsection 3 must be made from a list of names of persons submitted to the Governor by the Nevada Parent Teacher Association or its successor organization.
- [(d)] (e) Paragraph [(f)] (h) of subsection 3 must be made from a list of names of persons submitted to the Governor by the Nevada Association of School Superintendents [.] or its successor organization.
- **Sec. 3.** 1. The term of the member serving on the Commission on Professional Standards in Education whose qualifications require expertise and experience in the operation of a business expires on July 1, 2023.
- 2. As soon as practicable after July 1, 2023, the Governor shall appoint to the Commission on Professional Standards in Education any new members required to be appointed to the Commission pursuant to NRS 391.011, as amended by section 2 of this act.
 - **Sec. 4.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.







ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 25-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing exemptions from civil liability emergency situations. in certain (BDR 3-281)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to emergency care; revising the limitation on liability who for certain persons administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under existing law, a person who has received certain formal training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation or acts at the direction of a dispatcher for an agency that provides emergency medical services and who, in good faith, administers cardiopulmonary resuscitation in accordance with such training or direction is not civilly liable for damages as a result of any act or omission not amounting to gross negligence, provided that the person is not rendering such care in the course of the person's regular employment or profession. (NRS 41.500) Existing law requires the board of trustees of each school district in this State to establish a plan for the training and certification of certain teachers and licensed educational personnel in cardiopulmonary resuscitation. (NRS 391.092) A person who is required to be certified in the administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation pursuant to such a plan and who, in good faith, renders cardiopulmonary resuscitation on public school property, in connection with the transportation of pupils to or from a public school, or while on public school activities is presumed to have acted other than in the course of his or her employment or profession and, thus, qualifies for the limitation on civil liability set forth in existing law. (NRS 41.500) This bill expands the limitation on civil liability to apply to a person who is required to be certified in the administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation pursuant to a school district plan and who renders cardiopulmonary resuscitation on private school property, in connection with the transportation of pupils to or from a private school, or while on private school activities.





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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 41.500 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 41.500 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 41.505, any person in this State who renders emergency care or assistance in an emergency, gratuitously and in good faith, except for a person who is performing community service as a result of disciplinary action pursuant to any provision in title 54 of NRS, is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person in rendering the emergency care or assistance or as a result of any act or failure to act, not amounting to gross negligence, to provide or arrange for further medical treatment for the injured person.
- 2. Any person in this State who acts as a driver of an ambulance or attendant on an ambulance operated by a volunteer service or as a volunteer driver or attendant on an ambulance operated by a political subdivision of this State, or owned by the Federal Government and operated by a contractor of the Federal Government, and who in good faith renders emergency care or assistance to any injured or ill person, whether at the scene of an emergency or while transporting an injured or ill person to or from any clinic, doctor's office or other medical facility, is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person in rendering the emergency care or assistance, or as a result of any act or failure to act, not amounting to gross negligence, to provide or arrange for further medical treatment for the injured or ill person.
- 3. Any person who is an appointed member of a volunteer service operating an ambulance or an appointed volunteer serving on an ambulance operated by a political subdivision of this State, other than a driver or attendant of an ambulance, is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person whenever the person is performing his or her duties in good faith.
- 4. Any person who is a member of a search and rescue organization in this State under the direct supervision of any county sheriff who in good faith renders care or assistance in an emergency to any injured or ill person, whether at the scene of an emergency or while transporting an injured or ill person to or from any clinic, doctor's office or other medical facility, is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person in rendering the emergency care or assistance, or as a result of any act or failure to act, not amounting to





gross negligence, to provide or arrange for further medical treatment for the injured or ill person.

- 5. Any person who is employed by or serves as a volunteer for a public fire-fighting agency and who is authorized pursuant to chapter 450B of NRS to render emergency medical care at the scene of an emergency is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person in rendering that care or as a result of any act or failure to act, not amounting to gross negligence, to provide or arrange for further medical treatment for the injured or ill person.
 - 6. Any person who:

- (a) Has successfully completed a course in cardiopulmonary resuscitation according to the guidelines of the American [National] Red Cross or American Heart Association;
- (b) Has successfully completed the training requirements of a course in basic emergency care of a person in cardiac arrest conducted in accordance with the standards of the American Heart Association; or
- (c) Is directed by the instructions of a dispatcher for an ambulance, air ambulance or other agency that provides emergency medical services before its arrival at the scene of the emergency,
- → and who in good faith renders cardiopulmonary resuscitation in accordance with the person's training or the direction, other than in the course of the person's regular employment or profession, is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person in rendering that care.
 - 7. For the purposes of subsection 6, a person who:
- (a) Is required to be certified in the administration of cardiopulmonary resuscitation pursuant to NRS 391.092; and
- (b) In good faith renders cardiopulmonary resuscitation on the property of a public *or private* school or in connection with a transportation of pupils to or from a public *or private* school or while on activities that are part of the program of a public *or private* school,
- ⇒ shall be presumed to have acted other than in the course of the person's regular employment or profession.
- 8. Any person who gratuitously and in good faith renders emergency medical care involving the use of an automated external defibrillator is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by that person in rendering that care.
- 9. A business or organization that has placed an automated external defibrillator for use on its premises is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission, not amounting to gross negligence, by the person rendering such care or for providing





the automated external defibrillator to the person for the purpose of rendering such care if the business or organization:

- (a) Complies with all current federal and state regulations governing the use and placement of an automated external defibrillator:
- (b) Ensures that the automated external defibrillator is maintained and tested according to the operational guidelines established by the manufacturer; and
- (c) Establishes requirements for the notification of emergency medical assistance and guidelines for the maintenance of the equipment.
 - 10. As used in this section [, "gratuitously"]:
- (a) "Gratuitously" means that the person receiving care or assistance is not required or expected to pay any compensation or other remuneration for receiving the care or assistance.
- (b) "Private school" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 394.103.
 - **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.







SENATE BILL NO. 9—COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to education. (BDR 34-282)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; revising the date by which a school district or public school is required to create and post certain reports on the Internet; revising certain limitations on the use of money appropriated for programs of career and technical education; eliminating end-of-course finals; revising provisions governing educational involvement accords; eliminating the use of certain forms prescribed by the Department of Education that teachers in elementary schools are authorized to use to provide certain reports to parents and legal guardians of pupils; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires each school district and public school in this State to create and post on the Internet on or before October 1 of each year a report relating to educational expenditures, personnel employed and services provided by the school district or public school, as applicable, during the immediately preceding school year. (NRS 387.12468) **Section 1** of this bill extends the deadline for the creation and posting of the report to on or before January 1 of each year.

Existing law prohibits the State Board of Education from using more than 7.5 percent of the money appropriated for programs of career and technical education to provide certain leadership and training activities, including: (1) activities by or for a pupil organization; (2) training and conferences for teachers; (3) marketing of career and technical education classes; and (4) the development of standards and assessments of career and technical education. (NRS 388.392) **Section 2** of this bill increases this limitation to 20 percent of such appropriated money and expands the activities for which money within the 20 percent limitation may be used to include:





(1) certain specific training activities for teachers of classes or programs of career and technical education; and (2) certain activities relating to work-based learning, industry-recognized credentials and career exploration.

Existing law requires the State Board to prescribe criterion-referenced examinations to measure the achievement of pupils who are enrolled in grades 3 to 12, inclusive. (NRS 390.105) Existing law also requires the State Board to select a college and career readiness assessment to be administered to pupils who are enrolled in grade 11. (NRS 390.610) Existing law additionally requires the State Board to adopt regulations regarding end-of-course finals, including the courses for which an end-of-course final must be administered. (NRS 390.700) **Sections 3 and 5** of this bill eliminate end-of-course finals.

The federal Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 requires local educational agencies to develop a written policy for meaningful parental and family involvement with the education of the pupil. (20 U.S.C. § 6318) Existing state law also requires all public schools in the State to use educational involvement accords, which are agreements between the schools and parents concerning the responsibilities of the parents, pupils and schools. Existing law requires: (1) the Department of Education to prescribe a form for educational involvement accords that complies with the policies of the federal Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 and the policies of this State to involve parents and families in the education of the pupil; and (2) the board of trustees of each school district to adopt a policy providing for the development and distribution of educational involvement accords. (NRS 392.4575) Section 4 of this bill removes the requirement for the Department to prescribe such a form and, instead, requires the Department to ensure that public schools use educational involvement accords that comply with certain federal and state policies. Section 5 also eliminates a form prescribed by the Department that teachers in elementary schools are authorized to use to provide reports to parents and legal guardians concerning parental involvement and compliance by pupils with certain school policies. (NRS 392.456)

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 387.12468 is hereby amended to read as follows:

387.12468 1. On or before [October] January 1 of each year, each school district shall create a report that includes a description of the personnel employed and services provided by the school district during the immediately preceding school year and any changes that the school district anticipates making to the personnel and services during the current school year. The school district shall post a copy of the report on the Internet website maintained by the school district.

2. On or before [October] January 1 of each year, each public school shall create a report that includes a description of the personnel employed and services provided by the school during the immediately preceding school year and any changes the school anticipates making to the personnel and services during the current school year. The public school shall post a copy of the report on the





Internet website maintained by the public school or, if the public school does not maintain an Internet website, on the Internet website maintained by the school district or the governing body or sponsor of the public school, as applicable.

- 3. The Department shall prescribe by regulation the format and contents of the information to be provided to create the report created by each school district pursuant to subsection 1 and each public school pursuant to subsection 2. The reports must include, as applicable and without limitation:
 - (a) Each grade level at which the public school enrolls pupils;
 - (b) The number of pupils attending the public school;
 - (c) The average class size at the public school;
- (d) The number of persons employed by the public school to provide instruction, support to pupils, administrative support and other personnel including, without limitation, the number of employees in any subgroup of each type or classification of personnel as prescribed by the Department;
 - (e) The professional development provided by the public school;
- (f) The amount of money spent per pupil for supplies, materials, equipment and textbooks;
- (g) For each category of pupils for which the public school receives any additional funding, including, without limitation, pupils with disabilities, pupils who are English learners, at-risk pupils and gifted and talented pupils:
- (1) The number of pupils in each category who attend the public school;
- (2) If the Department determines that pupils within a category must be divided based on severity of need, the number of pupils in each such subcategory; and
- (3) The number of persons employed to provide instruction, support to pupils, administrative support and other personnel employed by the public school and dedicated to providing services to each category or subcategory of pupils, including, without limitation, any subgroup of each kind of personnel prescribed by the Department;
- (h) The total amount of money received to support the operations of the public school, divided by the number of pupils enrolled in the public school and expressed as a per pupil amount;
- (i) The total amount of money received by the public school as adjusted base per pupil funding, divided by the number of pupils enrolled in the public school and expressed as a per pupil amount; and
- (j) The amount of money received by the public school as weighted funding for each category of pupils supported by weighted funding, divided by the number of pupils enrolled in the public





school who are identified in the appropriate category and expressed as a per pupil amount for each category.

- **Sec. 2.** NRS 388.392 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388.392 1. Of state money appropriated for use in a fiscal year for programs of career and technical education, the State Board shall not use more than [7.5] 20 percent to provide leadership and training activities or workforce development activities, or both, in that fiscal year.
- 2. Before allocating state money, if any, to provide leadership and training activities [,] or workforce development activities, or both, the State Board shall:
- (a) Distribute 30 percent of the state money in the manner set forth in NRS 388.393; and
- (b) Distribute not more than 5 percent of the state money to pupil organizations for career and technical education in the manner set forth in NRS 388.394.
- 3. After distributing the state money pursuant to subsection 2 and allocating state money, if any, to provide leadership and training activities [,] or workforce development activities, or both, the State Board shall distribute the remainder of state money in the manner set forth in NRS 388.395.
- 4. The State Board shall request that representatives of the industry sector councils established pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 232.935 provide recommendations to the Superintendent of Public Instruction on the awarding of grants pursuant to NRS 388.393.
 - 5. As used in this section [, "leadership]:
 - (a) "Leadership and training activities" means:
- [(a)] (1) Activities by or for pupil organizations for career and technical education;
- [(b)] (2) Training activities for teachers of classes or programs of career and technical education [;
- —(c)], including, without limitation:
- (I) Training activities to support pupils who are earning industry-recognized credentials, as identified by the Governor's Office of Workforce Innovation pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 4 of NRS 232.975; and
- (II) Training activities to provide dual credit courses in career and technical education to pupils;
- (3) Activities at or for a conference of teachers of classes or programs of career and technical education;
- [(d)] (4) Promotion and marketing of classes or programs of career and technical education; and





[(e)] (5) The development of standards and assessments of career and technical education for the purposes of leadership and training.

(b) "Workforce development activities" means:

(1) Activities by or for pupils participating in a work-based

learning program pursuant to NRS 389.167;

- (2) Activities by or for pupils to earn industry-recognized credentials, as identified by the Governor's Office of Workforce Innovation pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 4 of NRS 232.975; and
- (3) Activities by or for pupils enrolled in middle school or junior high school who are participating in career exploration.

Sec. 3. NRS 389.0186 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 389.0186 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, each public high school, including without limitation, a charter school, must allow a pupil enrolled in the school to receive a fourth unit of credit towards the mathematics credits required for graduation from high school or a third unit of credit towards the science credits required for graduation from high school for successful completion of:
 - (a) An advanced placement computer science course;
- (b) A computer science course that is offered through a program of career and technical education; or
- (c) A computer science course that is offered by a community college or university which has been approved pursuant to NRS 389.160.
 - 2. A pupil [:

- (a) May may not apply more than one unit of credit received for the completion of one or more courses described in subsection 1 toward the mathematics or science credits required for graduation from high school.
- [(b) Must successfully complete each mathematics or science course for which an end of course examination is prescribed by the State Board pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 6311(b)(2).]
 - **Sec. 4.** NRS 392.4575 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.4575 1. The Department shall [prescribe a form for educational involvement accords to be used by] ensure that all public schools in this State [.] use educational involvement accords that comply with the requirements of this section. The educational involvement accord must comply with the policy:
- (a) For parental involvement required by the federal Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015, as set forth in 20 U.S.C. § 6318.
- (b) For parental involvement and family engagement adopted by the State Board pursuant to NRS 392.457.





- 2. Each educational involvement accord must include, without limitation:
- (a) A description of how the parent or legal guardian will be involved in the education of the pupil, including, without limitation:
- (1) Reading to the pupil, as applicable for the grade or reading level of the pupil;
 - (2) Reviewing and checking the pupil's homework; and
- (3) Contributing 5 hours of time each school year, including, without limitation, by attending school-related activities, parent-teacher association meetings, parent-teacher conferences, volunteering at the school and chaperoning school-sponsored activities.
- (b) The responsibilities of a pupil in a public school, including, without limitation:
- (1) Reading each day before or after school, as applicable for the grade or reading level of the pupil;
- (2) Using all school equipment and property appropriately and safely;
- (3) Following the directions of any adult member of the staff of the school;
- (4) Completing and submitting homework in a timely manner; and
 - (5) Respecting himself or herself, others and all property.
- (c) The responsibilities of a public school and the administrators, teachers and other personnel employed at a school, including, without limitation:
- (1) Ensuring that each pupil is provided proper instruction, supervision and interaction;
- (2) Maximizing the educational and social experience of each pupil;
- (3) Carrying out the professional responsibility of educators to seek the best interest of each pupil; and
- (4) Making staff available to the parents and legal guardians of pupils to discuss the concerns of parents and legal guardians regarding the pupils.
- 3. Each educational involvement accord must be accompanied by, without limitation:
- (a) Information describing how the parent or legal guardian may contact the pupil's teacher and the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled;
- (b) The curriculum of the course or standards for the grade in which the pupil is enrolled, as applicable, including, without limitation, a calendar that indicates the dates of major examinations and the due dates of significant projects, if those dates are known by the teacher at the time that the information is distributed;





- (c) The homework and grading policies of the pupil's teacher or school;
- (d) Directions for finding resource materials for the course or grade in which the pupil is enrolled, as applicable;
- (e) Suggestions for parents and legal guardians to assist pupils in their schoolwork at home:
- (f) The dates of scheduled conferences between teachers or administrators and the parents or legal guardians of the pupil;
- (g) The manner in which reports of the pupil's progress will be delivered to the parent or legal guardian and how a parent or legal guardian may request a report of progress;
 - (h) The classroom rules and policies;

- (i) The dress code of the school, if any;
- (j) The availability of assistance to parents who have limited proficiency in the English language;
- (k) Information describing the availability of free and reducedprice meals, including, without limitation, information regarding school breakfast, school lunch and summer meal programs;
- (l) Opportunities for parents and legal guardians to become involved in the education of their children and to volunteer for the school or class; and
- (m) The code of honor relating to cheating prescribed pursuant to NRS 392.461.
- 4. The board of trustees of each school district shall adopt a policy providing for the development and distribution of the educational involvement accord. The policy adopted by a board of trustees must require each classroom teacher to:
- (a) Distribute the educational involvement accord to the parent or legal guardian of each pupil in the teacher's class at the beginning of each school year or upon a pupil's enrollment in the class, as applicable; and
- (b) Provide the parent or legal guardian with a reasonable opportunity to sign the educational involvement accord.
- [5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the board of trustees of each school district shall ensure that the form prescribed by the Department is used for the educational involvement accord of each public school in the school district. The board of trustees of a school district may authorize the use of an expanded form that contains additions to the form prescribed by the Department if the basic information contained in the expanded form complies with the form prescribed by the Department.
- 6. The Department and the board of trustees of each school district shall, at least once each year, review and amend their respective educational involvement accords.
 - **Sec. 5.** NRS 390.700 and 392.456 are hereby repealed.





- 1 **Sec. 6.** 1. This section becomes effective upon passage and 2 approval.
 - 2. Sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act become effective:
 - (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting any regulations and performing any other preparatory administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and
 - (b) On July 1, 2023, for all other purposes.

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3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act become effective on July 1, 2023.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTIONS

390.700 Regulations relating to end-of-course finals.

- 1. The State Board shall adopt regulations that prescribe the:
- (a) Courses of study for which an end-of-course final must be administered; and
- (b) Amount, expressed as a percentage of the pupil's overall grade in the course of study or other weight, that the end-of-course final must comprise when determining the overall grade of a pupil in the course for which the end-of-course final is administered.
- 2. The State Board may adopt regulations that prescribe the minimum score a pupil must attain on an end-of-course final to receive credit for the course of study for which the end-of-course final is administered.

392.456 Form for use in elementary schools concerning status of pupil and participation of parent; restrictions on use.

- 1. The Department shall:
- (a) Prescribe a form for use by teachers in elementary schools to provide reports to parents and legal guardians of pupils pursuant to this section;
- (b) Work in consultation with the Legislative Bureau of Educational Accountability and Program Evaluation, the Nevada Association of School Boards, the Nevada Association of School Administrators, the Nevada State Education Association and the Nevada Parent Teacher Association in the development of the form; and
- (c) Make the form available in electronic format for use by school districts and charter schools and, upon request, in any other manner deemed reasonable by the Department.
 - 2. The form must include, without limitation:





- (a) A notice to parents and legal guardians that parental involvement is important in ensuring the success of the academic achievement of pupils;
 - (b) A checklist indicating whether:
- (1) The pupil completes his or her homework assignments in a timely manner;
- (2) The pupil is present in the classroom when school begins each day and is present for the entire school day unless the pupil's absence is approved in accordance with NRS 392.130;
- (3) The parent or legal guardian and the pupil abide by any applicable rules and policies of the school and the school district; and
- (4) The pupil complies with the dress code for the school, if applicable; and
- (c) A list of the resources and services available within the community to assist parents and legal guardians in addressing any issues identified on the checklist.
- 3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, the Department may prescribe additional information for inclusion on the form, including, without limitation:
- (a) A report of the participation of the parent or legal guardian, including, without limitation, whether the parent or legal guardian:
- (1) Completes forms and other documents that are required by the school or school district in a timely manner;
- (2) Assists in carrying out a plan to improve the pupil's academic achievement, if applicable;
- (3) Attends conferences between the teacher and the parent or legal guardian, if applicable; and
 - (4) Attends school activities.
- (b) A report of whether the parent or legal guardian ensures the health and safety of the pupil, including, without limitation, whether:
- (1) Current information is on file with the school that designates each person whom the school should contact if an emergency involving the pupil occurs; and
- (2) Current information is on file with the school regarding the health and safety of the pupil, such as immunization records, if applicable, and any special medical needs of the pupil.
- 4. A teacher at an elementary school may provide the form prescribed by the Department, including the additional information prescribed pursuant to subsection 3 if the Department has prescribed such information on the form, to a parent or legal guardian of a pupil if the teacher determines that the provision of such a report would assist in improving the academic achievement of the pupil.





- 5. A report provided to a parent or legal guardian pursuant to this section must not be used in a manner that:
- (a) Interferes unreasonably with the personal privacy of the parent or legal guardian or the pupil;
 (b) Reprimands the parent or legal guardian; or

(c) Affects the grade or report of progress given to a pupil based upon the information contained in the report.







ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 54-COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Makes various changes relating to education. (BDR 34-283)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; revising provisions governing the compulsory school attendance of certain children; revising the contents required in certain annual reports accountability of schools and school districts; revising provisions governing the reimbursement of certain hospitals and other facilities for providing educational services to children in their care; revising provisions governing the counting of pupils for purposes of calculating apportionment; requiring written evidence by a qualified physician, mental health professional or behavioral health professional to excuse a child from enrollment in or attendance at school under certain circumstances; requiring a child who has taken a high school equivalency assessment to attend school until receipt of notice of successful completion of the assessment; requiring a county advisory board to review school attendance to reflect the ethnic and geographic diversity of the county; revising provisions governing the absences of pupils; revising provisions governing habitual truancy; authorizing certain written notices and other documents to be made electronically; requiring a school to take certain actions relating to a truant pupil; imposing certain duties relating to chronic absenteeism on the board of trustees of a school district and the Department of Education; repealing certain provisions excusing attendance for certain children; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.





Legislative Counsel's Digest:

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Existing law requires each school district, each school in the school district and each charter school sponsored by the school district to prepare an annual report of accountability which includes information concerning pupils who are eligible for and receive free or reduced-price breakfasts and lunches. (NRS 385A.270) **Section 2** of this bill eliminates the requirement to include in such a report information concerning pupils who are eligible for free or reduced-price breakfasts and lunches.

Under existing law, certain hospitals and other facilities that provide residential treatment to children and also operate a licensed private school or an accredited educational program approved by the Department of Education are authorized to request reimbursement from the Department for the cost of providing educational services to a child who is verified to be a patient or resident of the hospital or facility, attends the private school or educational program for more than 7 school days and meets certain other requirements. Upon receiving such a request, the Department is required to determine the amount of reimbursement as a percentage of the adjusted base per pupil funding for the school district which the child would otherwise attend if the child were not in the hospital or facility or the statewide base per pupil funding amount for the charter school which the pupil would otherwise attend. (NRS 387.1225) Section 4 of this bill authorizes the hospital or facility to request reimbursement from the school district or charter school in which the child is enrolled and revises the requirements to request such reimbursement. Section 4 also revises the method of calculating the amount of reimbursement to base the reimbursement upon a daily rate of the adjusted base per pupil funding for the school district or a daily rate of the statewide base per pupil funding amount or adjusted base per pupil funding for the charter school, as applicable.

Existing law requires the State Board of Education to adopt regulations for counting enrollment and calculating the average daily attendance of pupils for apportionment purposes. (NRS 387.123) **Section 5** of this bill requires instead the

use of average daily enrollment of pupils for such purposes.

Existing law requires, with certain exceptions, each parent, custodial parent, guardian or other person in this State having control or charge of any child between the ages of 7 and 18 years to send the child to a public school during all the time the school is in session. (NRS 392.040) **Section 13** of this bill: (1) clarifies that such a child must also be enrolled in a public school; (2) requires that the child be sent to school for the full school day during all the time the school is in session; and (3) requires the parent or legal guardian of the child to sign a statement or acknowledge via registration on an Internet website maintained by the school district that the parent or legal guardian and the child understand the district's policy concerning attendance. **Sections 1, 3, 6-10, 15, 16, 22, 27, 30, 31 and 34-45** of this bill revise various provisions as they relate to compulsory school attendance to conform with the additional requirements of school enrollment established in **section 13**.

Existing law requires that a child be excused from attending public school when satisfactory written evidence is presented to the board of trustees of the school district in which the child resides that the physical or mental condition or behavioral health of the child prevents or renders inadvisable the child's attendance at school. (NRS 392.050) **Section 14** of this bill requires the written evidence to be from a qualified physician, mental health professional or behavioral health professional acting within his or her authorized scope of practice.

Existing law provides that compulsory attendance at public school must be excused if a child has obtained permission to take the high school equivalency assessment. (NRS 392.075) **Section 17** of this bill provides that after the child has taken the assessment, school attendance is required until the child receives notification of the successful completion of the assessment.

Existing law requires the board of trustees of a school district to prescribe a minimum number of days that a pupil must be in attendance to obtain credit or be





promoted to the next higher grade. (NRS 392.122) **Section 18** of this bill authorizes a board of trustees of a school district to adopt a policy prescribing the circumstances under which a pupil will be considered chronically absent. **Section 18** also: (1) eliminates provisions requiring, under certain circumstances, days on which a pupil's absence is approved by a teacher or principal to be credited towards the required days of attendance; (2) revises the process by which, upon request by the pupil and the parent or legal guardian of a pupil, a principal or principal's designee is required to review and recalculate the number of the pupil's absences for the purposes of determining whether the pupil may obtain credit or be promoted to the next higher grade; and (3) eliminates provisions authorizing the board of trustees of a school district to adopt a policy to exempt pupils who are physically or mentally unable to attend school from certain limitations on absences and certain conditions required in such a policy.

Existing law creates in each county at least one advisory board to review school attendance. (NRS 392.126) **Section 19** of this bill requires the membership of each such board to reflect, to the greatest extent possible, the ethnic and geographic diversity of the county.

Existing law requires a teacher or principal to give written approval for a pupil to be absent if an emergency exists or upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of the pupil. (NRS 392.130) **Section 20** of this bill: (1) revises this provision to authorize a teacher or principal to give such approval upon the request of a parent or legal guardian, made during the 3 days immediately preceding the requested absence for an emergency; (2) prohibits the approval of absences for more than 10 percent of the number of school days in the school year; (3) requires all approved and unapproved absences to be counted for the purposes of determining whether a pupil is chronically absent; and (4) requires the board of trustees of each school district and the governing body of each charter school and university school for profoundly gifted pupils to communicate its policy on truancy and the Department's definition of chronic absenteeism to parents and legal guardians in a language they can understand and provide a parent or legal guardian notice when a pupil is approaching the 10 percent limit in the number of absences that may be approved.

Sections 20, 24-26 and 29 of this bill authorize certain notices, consents, referrals, agreements, reports and other documentation which must be in writing to be made electronically.

Section 21 of this bill revises the circumstances under which a child may be declared a habitual truant and provides an exception for a child who is physically or mentally unable to attend school.

Existing law requires a school in which a pupil is enrolled to take reasonable actions designed to encourage, enable or convince the pupil to attend school if the pupil has one or more unapproved absences. (NRS 392.144) **Section 23** of this bill requires the school to take such actions if the pupil has been truant from school.

Section 28 of this bill requires the board of trustees of each school district to: (1) establish procedures to monitor and report chronic absenteeism of pupils; and (2) determine chronic absenteeism of pupils at each school within the district. Section 28 also requires: (1) the Department to adopt by regulation a definition of the term "chronic absenteeism"; and (2) the board of trustees of each school district to ensure that the actions taken pursuant to that section are consistent with the definition adopted by the Department.

Section 46 of this bill repeals provisions excusing attendance for children: (1) who reside a certain distance from the nearest public school; and (2) between 15 and 18 years of age who have completed the first eight grades to enter employment or apprenticeship.



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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 385.007 is hereby amended to read as follows: 385.007 As used in this title, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Challenge school" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388D.305.
- 2. "Charter school" means a public school that is formed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 388A of NRS.
 - 3. "Department" means the Department of Education.
- 4. "English learner" has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 7801(20).
- 5. "Homeschooled child" means a child who receives instruction at home and who is exempt from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070.
- 6. "Local school precinct" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388G.535.
- 7. "Public schools" means all kindergartens and elementary schools, junior high schools and middle schools, high schools, charter schools and any other schools, classes and educational programs which receive their support through public taxation and, except for charter schools, whose textbooks and courses of study are under the control of the State Board.
- 8. "School bus" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 484A.230.
- 9. "School counselor" or "counselor" means a person who holds a license issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS and an endorsement to serve as a school counselor issued pursuant to regulations adopted by the Commission on Professional Standards in Education or who is otherwise authorized by the Superintendent of Public Instruction to serve as a school counselor.
- 10. "School psychologist" or "psychologist" means a person who holds a license issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS and an endorsement to serve as a school psychologist issued pursuant to regulations adopted by the Commission on Professional Standards in Education or who is otherwise authorized by the Superintendent of Public Instruction to serve as a school psychologist.
- 11. "School social worker" or "social worker" means a social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 641B of NRS who holds a license issued pursuant to chapter 391 of NRS and an endorsement to serve as a school social worker issued pursuant to regulations adopted by the Commission on Professional Standards in Education or who is otherwise authorized by the Superintendent of Public Instruction to serve as a school social worker.





- 12. "State Board" means the State Board of Education.
- 13. "University school for profoundly gifted pupils" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388C.040.
 - **Sec. 2.** NRS 385A.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385A.270 1. The annual report of accountability prepared pursuant to NRS 385A.070 must include, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school sponsored by the district, information concerning pupils who [are eligible for] receive free or reduced-price breakfasts pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1771 et seq. and pupils who [are eligible for] receive free or reduced-price lunches pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 et seq., including, without limitation:

- (a) [The number and percentage of pupils who are eligible for free or reduced price breakfasts;
- (b)] The percentage of pupils who receive free and reduced-price breakfasts;
- [(c) The number and percentage of pupils who are eligible for free or reduced price lunches;

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- (b) The percentage of pupils who receive free and reduced-price lunches.
- (e) A comparison of the achievement and proficiency of pupils, reported separately by race and ethnicity, who are eligible for free or reduced price breakfasts, pupils who receive free and reduced price breakfasts, pupils who are eligible for free or reduced price lunches, pupils who receive free and reduced price lunches and pupils who are not eligible for free or reduced price breakfasts or lunches;
- (f) A comparison of pupils, reported separately by race and ethnicity, who are eligible for free or reduced price breakfasts, pupils who receive free and reduced price breakfasts, pupils who are eligible for free or reduced price lunches and pupils who receive free and reduced price lunches for which data is required to be collected in the following areas:
- 34 (1) Retention rates;
 - (2) Graduation rates:
- 36 (3) Dropout rates;
 - (4) Grade point averages; and
 - (5) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 of NRS 390.105, scores on the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 390.105 and the college and career readiness assessment administered pursuant to NRS 390.610.]
 - 2. The State Board may adopt any regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.





Sec. 3. NRS 385B.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385B.020 "Pupil" means a student of a school or a child that receives instruction at home and is excused from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070.

Sec. 4. NRS 387.1225 is hereby amended to read as follows:

387.1225 1. A hospital or other facility which is licensed by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services that provides residential treatment to children and which operates a private school licensed pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS may request reimbursement from the [Department] school district or charter school in which a child is enrolled for the cost of providing educational services to [a] the child [who:] if:

- (a) The **[Department]** school district or charter school verifies that the child is a patient or resident of the hospital or facility; and
- (b) [Attends] The child attends the private school for more than 7 school days.
- 2. A hospital or other facility licensed in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States that provides residential treatment and which operates an educational program accredited by a national organization and approved by the Department of Education may request reimbursement from the [Department] school district or charter school in which a child is enrolled for the cost of providing educational services to [a] the child [who:] if:
- (a) The Department [verifies:] and the school district or charter school, as applicable, verify that the child:
 - (1) Is a patient or resident of the hospital or facility; and
 - (2) Is a resident of this State; and
 - (b) *The child:*

- (1) Is admitted to the hospital or facility on an order from a physician because the necessary treatment required for the child is not available in this State;
- [(e)] (2) Attends the accredited educational program for more than 7 school days;
- [(d)] (3) Is not homeschooled or enrolled in a private school; and
- [(e)] (4) Has been admitted to the medical facility under the order of a physician to receive medically necessary treatment for a medical or mental health condition with which the child has been diagnosed.
- 3. A hospital or other facility that wishes to receive reimbursement pursuant to subsection 2 shall:





- (a) Notify the *Department and the* school district or charter school in which the child is enrolled upon admitting the child to the accredited educational program; and
- (b) Transfer any educational records of the child to the school district or charter school in which the child is enrolled in accordance with any applicable regulations adopted pursuant to subsection 9.
- 4. Upon receiving a request for reimbursement pursuant to subsection 1 or 2, the [Department] school district or charter school in which the child is enrolled shall determine the amount of reimbursement to which the hospital or facility is entitled [as a percentage] by multiplying the number of days determined pursuant to subsection 6 by the following, as applicable:
- (a) The daily rate of the adjusted base per pupil funding for the school district which the child would otherwise attend. [or] The daily rate of the adjusted base per pupil funding for the school district which the child would otherwise attend must be calculated by dividing the adjusted base per pupil funding provided to the school district in which the child is enrolled pursuant to NRS 387.1214 by 180.
- (b) The daily rate of the statewide base per pupil funding amount or adjusted base per pupil funding, as applicable, for the charter school which the child would otherwise attend. [, as applicable.] The daily rate of the statewide base per pupil funding amount or adjusted base per pupil funding, as applicable, for the charter school which the child would otherwise attend must be calculated by dividing the statewide base per pupil funding amount or adjusted base per pupil funding, as applicable, provided to the charter school in which the child is enrolled pursuant to NRS 387.1214 by 180.
- 5. If the request for reimbursement is made pursuant to subsection 1, the child is a pupil with a disability and the hospital or facility is in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., NRS 388.417 to 388.5243, inclusive, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the hospital or facility is also entitled to [a corresponding percentage of] an amount determined by increasing the daily rate determined pursuant to subsection 4 by the statewide multiplier for the pupil established pursuant to NRS 387.122, which is [withheld from] received by the school district or charter school where the child was enrolled before being placed in the hospital or facility [.] for the number of days determined pursuant to subsection 6. The Department shall distribute the money withheld from the school district or charter school to the hospital or facility.
- 6. For the purposes of subsections 4 and 5, the amount of reimbursement to which the hospital or facility is entitled must be





calculated on the basis of the number of school days the child is a patient or resident of the hospital or facility and attends the private school or accredited educational program, as applicable, excluding the 7 school days prescribed in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 or **subparagraph** (2) of paragraph [(e)] (b) of subsection 2, as applicable. [, in proportion to the number of days of instruction scheduled for that school year by the board of trustees of the school district or the charter school, as applicable.]

- 7. A hospital or other facility is not entitled to reimbursement for days of instruction provided to a child in a year in excess of the minimum number of days of free school required by NRS 388.090.
- 8. If a hospital or other facility requests reimbursement from [the Department] a school district or charter school for the cost of providing educational services to a pupil with a disability pursuant to subsection 1 or 2, the school district or charter school in which the child is enrolled shall be deemed to be the local educational agency for the child for the purposes of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., NRS 388.417 to 388.5243, inclusive, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
- 9. The Department shall adopt any regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section, which may include, without limitation, regulations to:
- (a) Prescribe a procedure for the transfer of educational records pursuant to subsection 3;
- (b) Carry out or ensure compliance with the requirements of subsections 4 and 5 concerning reimbursement for educational services provided to a pupil with a disability; and
 - (c) Require the auditing of [a]:
- (1) A hospital or other facility that requests reimbursement; and
- (2) A school district or charter school from which reimbursement is requested,
- pursuant to this section to ensure compliance with any applicable provisions of federal or state law.
- 10. The provisions of this section must not be construed to authorize reimbursement pursuant to this section of a hospital or facility for the cost of health care services provided to a child.
 - 11. As used in this section:
 - (a) "Hospital" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.012.
- (b) "Private school" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 394.103.
 - **Sec. 5.** NRS 387.123 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 387.123 1. The count of pupils for apportionment purposes includes all pupils who are enrolled in programs of instruction of the





school district, including, without limitation, a program of distance education provided by the school district, pupils who reside in the county in which the school district is located and are enrolled in any charter school, including, without limitation, a program of distance education provided by a charter school, pupils who are enrolled in a university school for profoundly gifted pupils located in the county and pupils who are enrolled in a challenge school located in the county, for:

- (a) Pupils in the kindergarten department.
- (b) Pupils in grades 1 to 12, inclusive.

- (c) Pupils not included under paragraph (a) or (b) who are receiving special education pursuant to the provisions of NRS 388.417 to 388.469, inclusive, and 388.5251 to 388.5267, inclusive.
- (d) Pupils who reside in the county and are enrolled part-time in a program of distance education provided pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive.
- (e) Children detained in facilities for the detention of children, alternative programs and juvenile forestry camps receiving instruction pursuant to the provisions of NRS 388.550, 388.560 and 388.570.
- (f) Pupils who are enrolled in classes pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 388A.471 and pupils who are enrolled in classes pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 388A.474.
- (g) Pupils who are enrolled in classes pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 392.074.
- (h) Pupils who are enrolled in classes and taking courses necessary to receive a high school diploma, excluding those pupils who are included in paragraphs (d), (f) and (g).
 - (i) Pupils who are enrolled in a challenge school.
- 2. The State Board shall establish uniform regulations for counting enrollment and calculating the average daily [attendance] enrollment of pupils. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, in establishing such regulations for the public schools, the State Board:
- (a) May divide the pupils in grades 1 to 12, inclusive, into categories composed respectively of those enrolled in elementary schools and those enrolled in secondary schools.
- (b) Shall prohibit the counting of any pupil specified in subsection 1 more than once.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, shall prohibit the counting of a pupil enrolled in grade 12 as a full-time pupil if the pupil is not prepared for college and career success, as defined by the Department. Such a pupil may be counted as a full-time pupil if he or she is enrolled in a minimum of six courses or the equivalent





of six periods per day or the superintendent of the school district has approved enrollment in fewer courses for good cause.

Sec. 6. NRS 388.850 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388.850 1. A pupil may enroll in a program of distance education if:

- (a) Pursuant to this section or other specific statute, the pupil is eligible for enrollment or the pupil's enrollment is not otherwise prohibited;
- (b) The program of distance education in which the pupil wishes to enroll is offered by the school district in which the pupil resides or a charter school or, if the program of distance education in which the pupil wishes to enroll is a full-time program of distance education offered by a school district other than the school district in which the pupil resides, the program is not the same or substantially similar to a program of distance education offered by the school district in which the pupil resides;
- (c) The pupil satisfies the qualifications and conditions for enrollment adopted by the State Board pursuant to NRS 388.874; and
- (d) The pupil satisfies the requirements of the program of distance education.
- 2. A child who is exempt from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance and is enrolled in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS or is being homeschooled is not eligible to enroll in or *[otherwise]* attend a program of distance education, regardless of whether the child is otherwise eligible for enrollment pursuant to subsection 1.
- 3. If a pupil who is prohibited from *enrolling in and* attending public school pursuant to NRS 392.264 enrolls in a program of distance education, the enrollment and attendance of that pupil must comply with all requirements of NRS 62F.100 to 62F.150, inclusive, and 392.251 to 392.271, inclusive.
- 4. A pupil who is enrolled in grade 12 in a program of distance education and who moves out of this State is eligible to maintain enrollment in the program of distance education until the pupil graduates from high school.
 - **Sec. 7.** NRS 388A.366 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388A.366 1. A charter school shall:

- (a) Comply with all laws and regulations relating to discrimination and civil rights.
- (b) Remain nonsectarian, including, without limitation, in its educational programs, policies for admission and employment practices.





- (c) Refrain from charging tuition or fees, except for tuition or fees that the board of trustees of a school district is authorized to charge, levying taxes or issuing bonds.
- (d) Comply with any plan for desegregation ordered by a court that is in effect in the school district in which the charter school is located.
 - (e) Comply with the provisions of chapter 241 of NRS.
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, schedule and provide annually at least as many days of instruction as are required of other public schools located in the same school district as the charter school is located. The governing body of a charter school may submit a written request to the Superintendent of Public Instruction for a waiver from providing the days of instruction required by this paragraph. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may grant such a request if the governing body demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Superintendent that:
 - (1) Extenuating circumstances exist to justify the waiver; and
- (2) The charter school will provide at least as many hours or minutes of instruction as would be provided under a program consisting of 180 days.
- (g) Cooperate with the board of trustees of the school district in the administration of the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 390.105 and, if the charter school enrolls pupils at a high school grade level, the college and career readiness assessment administered pursuant to NRS 390.610 to the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school.
- (h) Comply with applicable statutes and regulations governing the achievement and proficiency of pupils in this State.
- (i) Provide instruction in the core academic subjects set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 389.018, as applicable for the grade levels of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school, and provide at least the courses of study that are required of pupils by statute or regulation for promotion to the next grade or graduation from a public high school and require the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school to take those courses of study. This paragraph does not preclude a charter school from offering, or requiring the pupils who are enrolled in the charter school to take, other courses of study that are required by statute or regulation.
- (j) If the parent or legal guardian of a child submits an application to enroll in kindergarten, first grade or second grade at the charter school, comply with NRS 392.040 regarding the ages for enrollment in those grades.
- (k) Refrain from using public money to purchase real property or buildings without the approval of the sponsor.





- (1) Hold harmless, indemnify and defend the sponsor of the charter school against any claim or liability arising from an act or omission by the governing body of the charter school or an employee or officer of the charter school. An action at law may not be maintained against the sponsor of a charter school for any cause of action for which the charter school has obtained liability insurance.
- (m) Provide written notice to the parents or legal guardians of pupils in grades 9 to 12, inclusive, who are enrolled in the charter school of whether the charter school is accredited by the Northwest Accreditation Commission.
- (n) Adopt a final budget in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Department. A charter school is not required to adopt a final budget pursuant to NRS 354.598 or otherwise comply with the provisions of chapter 354 of NRS.
- (o) If the charter school provides a program of distance education pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, inclusive, comply with all statutes and regulations that are applicable to a program of distance education for purposes of the operation of the program.
- 2. A charter school shall not provide instruction through a program of distance education to children who are exempt from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070. As used in this subsection, "distance education" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 388.826.
 - **Sec. 8.** NRS 388A.411 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388A.411 1. Each pupil who is enrolled in a charter school, including, without limitation, a pupil who is enrolled in a program of special education in a charter school, must be included in the count of pupils in the charter school for the purposes of apportionments and allowances from the State Education Fund pursuant to NRS 387.121 to 387.12468, inclusive, unless the pupil is exempt from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070. A charter school is entitled to receive its proportionate share of any other money available from federal, state or local sources that the school or the pupils who are enrolled in the school are eligible to receive.
- 2. The State Board shall prescribe a process which ensures that all charter schools, regardless of the sponsor, have information about all sources of funding for the public schools provided through the Department.
- 3. All money received by the charter school from this State or from the board of trustees of a school district must be deposited in an account with a bank, credit union or other financial institution in this State. The governing body of a charter school may negotiate with the board of trustees of the school district and the State Board





for additional money to pay for services which the governing body wishes to offer.

- 4. The governing body of a charter school may solicit and accept donations, money, grants, property, loans, personal services or other assistance for purposes relating to education from members of the general public, corporations or agencies. The governing body may comply with applicable federal laws and regulations governing the provision of federal grants for charter schools. The State Public Charter School Authority may assist a charter school that operates exclusively for the enrollment of pupils who receive special education in identifying sources of money that may be available from the Federal Government or this State for the provision of educational programs and services to such pupils.
 - **Sec. 9.** NRS 388C.260 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388C.260 1. Each pupil who is enrolled in a university school for profoundly gifted pupils, including, without limitation, a pupil who is enrolled in a program of special education in a university school for profoundly gifted pupils, must be included in the count of pupils in the university school for the purposes of apportionments and allowances from the State Education Fund pursuant to NRS 387.121 to 387.12468, inclusive, unless the pupil is exempt from compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070.
- 2. A university school for profoundly gifted pupils is entitled to receive its proportionate share of any other money available from federal, state or local sources that the school or the pupils who are enrolled in the school are eligible to receive.
- 3. All money received by a university school for profoundly gifted pupils from this State or from the board of trustees of a school district must be deposited in an account with a bank, credit union or other financial institution in this State.
- 4. The governing body of a university school for profoundly gifted pupils may negotiate with the board of trustees of the school district in which the school is located or the State Board for additional money to pay for services that the governing body wishes to offer.
- 5. To determine the amount of money for distribution to a university school for profoundly gifted pupils in its first year of operation in which state funding is provided, the count of pupils who are enrolled in the university school must initially be determined 30 days before the beginning of the school year of the school district in which the university school is located, based upon the number of pupils whose applications for enrollment have been approved by the university school. The count of pupils who are enrolled in a university school for profoundly gifted pupils must be





revised each quarter based upon the average daily enrollment of pupils in the university school reported for the preceding quarter pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 387.1223.

- 6. Pursuant to NRS 387.1242, the governing body of a university school for profoundly gifted pupils may request that the apportionments made to the university school in its first year of operation be paid to the university school 30 days before the apportionments are otherwise required to be made.
- 7. If a university school for profoundly gifted pupils ceases to operate pursuant to this chapter during a school year, the remaining apportionments that would have been made to the university school pursuant to NRS 387.124 and 387.1242 for that school year must be paid on a proportionate basis to the school districts where the pupils who were enrolled in the university school reside.
- 8. If the governing body of a university school for profoundly gifted pupils uses money received from this State to purchase real property, buildings, equipment or facilities, the governing body of the university school shall assign a security interest in the property, buildings, equipment and facilities to the State of Nevada.
 - **Sec. 10.** NRS 388D.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388D.020 1. If the parent of a child who is subject to compulsory *enrollment and* attendance wishes to homeschool the child, the parent must file with the superintendent of schools of the school district in which the child resides a written notice of intent to homeschool the child. The Department shall develop a standard form for the notice of intent to homeschool. The form must not require any information or assurances that are not otherwise required by this section or other specific statute. The board of trustees of each school district shall, in a timely manner, make only the form developed by the Department available to parents who wish to homeschool their child.
- 2. The notice of intent to homeschool must be filed before beginning to homeschool the child or:
- (a) Not later than 10 days after the child has been formally withdrawn from enrollment in public school; or
- (b) Not later than 30 days after establishing residency in this State.
- 3. The purpose of the notice of intent to homeschool is to inform the school district in which the child resides that the child is exempt from the requirement of compulsory *enrollment and* attendance.
- 4. If the name or address of the parent or child as indicated on a notice of intent to homeschool changes, the parent must, not later than 30 days after the change, file a new notice of intent to





homeschool with the superintendent of schools of the school district in which the child resides.

- 5. A notice of intent to homeschool must include only the following:
 - (a) The full name, age and gender of the child;
- (b) The name and address of each parent filing the notice of intent to homeschool;
- (c) A statement signed and dated by each such parent declaring that the parent has control or charge of the child and the legal right to direct the education of the child, and assumes full responsibility for the education of the child while the child is being homeschooled;
- (d) An educational plan for the child that is prepared pursuant to NRS 388D.050;
- (e) If applicable, the name of the public school in this State which the child most recently attended; and
- (f) An optional statement that the parent may sign which provides:

I expressly prohibit the release of any information contained in this document, including, without limitation, directory information as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(a)(5)(A), without my prior written consent.

- 6. Each superintendent of schools of a school district shall accept notice of intent to homeschool that is filed with the superintendent pursuant to this section and meets the requirements of subsection 5, and shall not require or request any additional information or assurances from the parent who filed the notice.
- 7. The school district shall provide to a parent who files a notice a written acknowledgment which clearly indicates that the parent has provided notification required by law and that the child is being homeschooled. The written acknowledgment shall be deemed proof of compliance with Nevada's compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance law. The school district shall retain a copy of the written acknowledgment for not less than 15 years. The written acknowledgment may be retained in electronic format.
- **Sec. 11.** NRS 388D.200 is hereby amended to read as follows: 388D.200 [1.] Except as otherwise provided in this [subsection,] section, if a child is exempt from compulsory enrollment and attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070 [or 392.110,] and the child is employed to work in the entertainment industry pursuant to a written contract for a period of more than 91 school days, or its equivalent if the child resides in a school district operating under an alternative schedule authorized pursuant to NRS 388.090, including, without limitation, employment with a motion





picture company or employment with a production company hired by a casino or resort hotel, the entity that employs the child shall, upon the request of the parent or legal guardian of the child, pay the costs for the child to receive at least 3 hours of tutoring per day for at least 5 days per week. In lieu of tutoring, the parent or legal guardian of such a child may agree with the entity that employs the child that the entity will pay the costs for the child to receive other educational or instructional services which are equivalent to tutoring. The provisions of this [subsection] section apply during the period of a child's employment with an entity, regardless of whether the child has obtained the appropriate exemption from compulsory enrollment and attendance at the time his or her contract with the entity is under negotiation.

[2. If such a child is exempt from compulsory attendance pursuant to NRS 392.110, the tutoring or other educational or instructional services received by the child pursuant to subsection 1 must be approved by the board of trustees of the school district in which the child resides.]

Sec. 12. NRS 392.016 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.016 1. If a pupil has been issued a fictitious address pursuant to NRS 217.462 to 217.471, inclusive, or the parent or legal guardian with whom the pupil resides has been issued a fictitious address pursuant to NRS 217.462 to 217.471, inclusive, the pupil may attend a public school that is located in a school district other than the school district in which the pupil resides.

- 2. If a pupil described in subsection 1 attends a public school that is located in a school district other than the school district in which the pupil resides:
- (a) The pupil must be included in the count of pupils of the school district in which the pupil attends school for the purposes of apportionments and allowances from the State Education Fund pursuant to NRS 387.121 to 387.12468, inclusive.
- (b) Neither the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil attends school nor the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil resides is required to provide transportation for the pupil to attend the public school.
- 3. The provisions of this section do not apply to a pupil who is ineligible to *enroll in or* attend a public school pursuant to NRS 392.264 or 392.4675.

Sec. 13. NRS 392.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.040 1. Except as otherwise provided by law, each parent, custodial parent, guardian or other person in the State of Nevada having control or charge of any child between the ages of 7 and 18 years shall *enroll the child in a public school and* send the child to [a] the public school for the full school day during all the time the





public school is in session in the school district in which the child resides unless the child has graduated from high school.

- 2. A child who is 5 years of age on or before the first day of a school year may be admitted to kindergarten at the beginning of that school year, and the child's enrollment must be counted for purposes of apportionment. If a child is not 5 years of age on or before the first day of a school year, the child must not be admitted to kindergarten.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a child who is 6 years of age on or before the first day of a school year must:
- (a) If the child has not completed kindergarten, be admitted to kindergarten at the beginning of that school year; or
- (b) If the child has completed kindergarten, be admitted to the first grade at the beginning of that school year,
- → and the child's enrollment must be counted for purposes of apportionment. If a child is not 6 years of age on or before the first day of a school year, the child must not be admitted to the first grade until the beginning of the school year following the child's sixth birthday.
- 4. The parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person within the State of Nevada having control or charge of a child who is 6 years of age on or before the first day of a school year may elect for the child not to *enroll in and* attend kindergarten or the first grade during that year. The parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person who makes such an election shall file with the board of trustees of the appropriate school district a waiver in a form prescribed by the board.
- Whenever a child who is 6 years of age is enrolled in a public school, each parent, custodial parent, guardian or other person in the State of Nevada having control or charge of the child shall send the child to the public school for the full school day during all the time the school is in session. If the board of trustees of a school district has adopted a policy prescribing a minimum number of days of attendance for pupils enrolled in kindergarten or first grade pursuant to NRS 392.122, the school district shall provide to each parent and legal guardian of a pupil who elects to enroll his or her child in kindergarten or first grade a written document containing a copy of that policy and a copy of the policy of the school district concerning the withdrawal of pupils from kindergarten or first grade. Before the child's first day of attendance at a school, the parent or legal guardian shall sign a statement on a form provided by the school district acknowledging or acknowledge via registration on an Internet website maintained by the school *district* that he or she has read and understands the policy concerning attendance , the child understands the policy





concerning attendance and the parent or legal guardian, as applicable, has read and understands the policy concerning withdrawal of pupils from kindergarten or first grade. The parent or legal guardian shall comply with the applicable requirements for attendance. This requirement for attendance does not apply to any child under the age of 7 years who has not yet been enrolled or has been formally withdrawn from enrollment in public school.

- 6. A child who is 7 years of age on or before the first day of a school year must:
- (a) If the child has completed kindergarten and the first grade, be admitted to the second grade.
- (b) If the child has completed kindergarten, be admitted to the first grade.
- (c) If the parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person in the State of Nevada having control or charge of the child waived the child's *enrollment and* attendance from kindergarten pursuant to subsection 4, undergo an assessment by the district pursuant to subsection 7 to determine whether the child is prepared developmentally to be admitted to the first grade. If the district determines that the child is prepared developmentally, the child must be admitted to the first grade. If the district determines that the child is not so prepared, he or she must be admitted to kindergarten.
- → The enrollment of any child pursuant to this subsection must be counted for apportionment purposes.
- 7. Each school district shall prepare and administer before the beginning of each school year a developmental screening test to a child:
- (a) Who is 7 years of age on or before the first day of the next school year; and
- (b) Whose parents waived the child's *enrollment and* attendance from kindergarten pursuant to subsection 4,
- → to determine whether the child is prepared developmentally to be admitted to the first grade. The results of the test must be made available to the parents, custodial parent, guardian or other person within the State of Nevada having control or charge of the child.
- 8. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 9, a child who becomes a resident of this State after completing kindergarten or beginning first grade in another state in accordance with the laws of that state may be admitted to the grade the child was attending or would be attending had he or she remained a resident of the other state regardless of his or her age, unless the board of trustees of the school district determines that the requirements of this section are being deliberately circumvented.
- 9. Pursuant to the provisions of NRS 388F.010, a child who transfers to a school in this State from a school outside this State





because of the military transfer of the parent or legal guardian of the child must be admitted to:

- (a) The grade, other than kindergarten, the child was attending or would be attending had he or she remained a resident of the other state, regardless of the child's age.
- (b) Kindergarten, if the child was enrolled in kindergarten in another state in accordance with the laws of that state, regardless of the child's age.
 - 10. As used in this section, "kindergarten" includes:
- (a) A kindergarten established by the board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS 388.060;
- (b) A kindergarten established by the governing body of a charter school; and
- (c) An authorized program of instruction for kindergarten offered in a child's home pursuant to NRS 388.060.

Sec. 14. NRS 392.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 392.050 1. A child must be excused from *enrollment or* attendance required by the provisions of NRS 392.040 when [satisfactory] written evidence *from a qualified physician, mental health professional or behavioral health professional acting within his or her authorized scope of practice* is presented to the board of trustees of the school district in which the child resides that the child's physical or mental condition or behavioral health is such as to prevent or render inadvisable the child's *enrollment in or* attendance at school or his or her application to study.
- 2. [A certificate in writing from any qualified physician, mental health professional or behavioral health professional acting within his or her authorized scope of practice, filed with the board of trustees immediately after its receipt, stating that the child is not able to attend school or that the child's attendance is inadvisable must be taken as satisfactory evidence by the board of trustees.
- —3.] A board of trustees of a school district which has excused from *enrollment or* attendance pursuant to subsection 1 a child who, pursuant to NRS 388.417, qualifies as a pupil with a disability, shall make available to the child a free appropriate public education in compliance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq.), as that act existed on July 1, 1995.
- [4.] 3. If a pupil is excused from *enrollment or* attendance pursuant to subsection 1, the excusal must not negatively affect the rating of a public school as determined by the Department pursuant to the statewide system of accountability for public schools.
 - **Sec. 15.** NRS 392.060 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.060 [Attendance] Enrollment and attendance required by the provisions of NRS 392.040 shall be excused when satisfactory written evidence is presented to the board of trustees of the school





district in which the child resides that the child has already completed the 12 grades of the elementary and high school courses.

Sec. 16. NRS 392.070 is hereby amended to read as follows: 392.070 [Attendance] *Enrollment and attendance* of a child required by the provisions of NRS 392.040 must be excused when:

- 1. The child is enrolled in a private school pursuant to chapter 394 of NRS; or
- 2. A parent of the child chooses to provide education to the child and files a notice of intent to homeschool the child with the superintendent of schools of the school district in which the child resides in accordance with NRS 388D.020.
 - **Sec. 17.** NRS 392.075 is hereby amended to read as follows: 392.075 [Attendance]
- 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, enrollment and attendance required by the provisions of NRS 392.040 must be excused if a child has obtained permission to take the high school equivalency assessment pursuant to NRS 390.055.
- 2. After a child has taken the high school equivalency assessment, the child shall enroll in and attend school pursuant to the provisions of NRS 392.040 until the child receives notification that the child has successfully completed the assessment.
 - **Sec. 18.** NRS 392.122 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.122 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 389.320, the board of trustees of each school district shall prescribe a minimum number of days that a pupil who is subject to compulsory *enrollment and* attendance and enrolled in a school in the district must be in attendance for the pupil to obtain credit or to be promoted to the next higher grade. The board of trustees of a school district may adopt a policy prescribing [a]:
- (a) A minimum number of days that a pupil who is enrolled in kindergarten or first grade in the school district must be in attendance for the pupil to obtain credit or to be promoted to the next higher grade.
- (b) The circumstances under which a pupil will be considered chronically absent by the Department.
- 2. [For the purposes of this section, the days on which a pupil is not in attendance because the pupil is absent for up to 10 days within 1 school year with the approval of the teacher or principal of the school pursuant to NRS 392.130, must be credited towards the required days of attendance if the pupil has completed course work requirements. The teacher or principal of the school may approve the absence of a pupil for deployment activities of the parent or legal guardian of the pupil, as defined in NRS 388F.010. If the board of trustees of a school district has adopted a policy pursuant to





subsection 5, the 10 day limitation on absences does not apply to absences that are excused pursuant to that policy.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, before **Before** a pupil is denied credit or promotion to the next higher grade for failure to comply with the attendance requirements prescribed pursuant to subsection 1, the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled or the principal's designee shall provide written notice of the intended denial to the parent or legal guardian of the pupil. The notice must include a statement indicating that the pupil and the pupil's parent or legal guardian may request a review of the absences of the pupil and a statement of the procedure for requesting such a review. Upon the request for a review by the pupil and the pupil's parent or legal guardian, the parent or legal guardian may **present** the principal or the principal's designee [shall review the reason for each absence of the pupil upon which the intended denial of credit or promotion is based. After the review, the principal or the principal's designee shall credit towards the required days of attendance each day of absence for which:

(a) There is evidence or a written affirmation by the parent or legal guardian of the pupil that the pupil was physically or mentally unable to attend school on the day of the absence; and

(b) The pupil has completed course-work requirements.

- 4.1 with documentation that the pupil has complied with the attendance requirements prescribed pursuant to subsection 1 by attending school, either in person or through an alternative program of education or a program of distance education approved by the Department. If the documentation is accurate and the principal or principal's designee finds that any absence of the pupil was entered in error, the error must be corrected and the absences of the pupil must be recalculated for the purposes of determining whether the pupil may obtain credit or be promoted to the next higher grade.
- 3. A pupil and the pupil's parent or legal guardian may appeal a decision of a principal or the principal's designee pursuant to subsection [3] 2 to the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil is enrolled.
- [5. The board of trustees of a school district may adopt a policy to exempt pupils who are physically or mentally unable to attend school from the limitations on absences set forth in subsection 1. If a board of trustees adopts a policy pursuant to this subsection:
- (a) A pupil who receives an exemption pursuant to this subsection is not exempt from the minimum number of days of attendance prescribed pursuant to subsection 1.





(b) The days on which a pupil is physically or mentally unable to attend school must be credited towards the required days of attendance if the pupil has completed course work requirements.

(c) The procedure for review of absences set forth in subsection 3 does not apply to days on which the pupil is absent because the

pupil is physically or mentally unable to attend school.

6.] 4. A school shall inform the parents or legal guardian of each pupil who is enrolled in the school that the parents or legal guardian and the pupil are required to comply with the provisions governing the *enrollment*, attendance and truancy of pupils set forth in NRS 392.040 to 392.160, inclusive, and any other rules concerning attendance and truancy adopted by the board of trustees of the school district.

Sec. 19. NRS 392.126 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.126 1. There is hereby created in each county at least one advisory board to review school attendance. The membership of each such board *must*, to the greatest extent possible, reflect the ethnic and geographic diversity of the county and may consist of:

- (a) One probation officer in the county who works on cases relating to juveniles, appointed by the judge or judges of the juvenile court of the county;
- (b) One representative of a law enforcement agency in the county who works on cases relating to juveniles, appointed by the judge or judges of the juvenile court of the county;
- (c) One representative of the district attorney for the county, appointed by the district attorney;
- (d) One parent or legal guardian of a pupil who is enrolled in a public school in the county, or his or her designee or alternate who is also a parent or legal guardian, appointed by the president of the board of trustees of the school district;
- (e) One member of the board of trustees of the school district, appointed by the president of the board of trustees;
- (f) One school counselor or school teacher employed by the school district, appointed by an organization or association that represents licensed educational personnel in the school district;
- (g) One deputy sheriff in the county, appointed by the sheriff of the county; and
- (h) One representative of the agency which provides child welfare services, as defined in NRS 432B.030.
- 2. The members of each such board shall elect a chair from among their membership.
- 3. Each member of such a board must be appointed for a term of 2 years. A vacancy in the membership of the board must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term.





- 4. Each member of such a board serves without compensation, except that, for each day or portion of a day during which a member of the board attends a meeting of the board or is otherwise engaged in the business of the board, the member is entitled to receive the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally. The board of trustees of the school district shall pay the per diem allowance and travel expenses from the general fund of the school district.
 - **Sec. 20.** NRS 392.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.130 1. Within the meaning of this chapter, a pupil shall be deemed a truant who is absent from school without the written approval of the pupil's teacher or the principal of the school, unless the pupil is physically or mentally unable to attend school. [The]
- 2. Upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of a pupil, made during the 3 days immediately preceding the requested absence, a teacher or principal [shall] may give his or her written approval for [a] the pupil to be absent if an emergency exists [or upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of the pupil.], including, without limitation, a medical emergency concerning a member of his or her family, compliance with a court order, a funeral or similar event of grieving, a family emergency, temporary homelessness and a religious observance. A teacher or principal may not approve absences pursuant to this subsection in excess of 10 percent of the number of school days in the school year.
- **3.** Before a pupil may attend or otherwise participate in school activities outside the classroom during regular classroom hours, the pupil must receive the approval of the teacher or principal.
- [2.] 4. An unapproved absence for at least one period, or the equivalent of one period for the school, of a school day may be deemed a truancy for the purposes of this section.
- [3.] 5. If a pupil is physically or mentally unable to attend school, the parent or legal guardian or other person having control or charge of the pupil shall notify the teacher or principal of the school orally or in writing, in accordance with the policy established by the board of trustees of the school district, within 3 days after the pupil returns to school.
- [4.] 6. An absence which has not been approved pursuant to [subsection 1 or 3] this section shall be deemed an unapproved absence. In the event of an unapproved absence, the teacher, attendance officer or other school official shall deliver or cause to be delivered a written or electronic notice of truancy to the parent, legal guardian or other person having control or charge of the child. The written or electronic notice must be delivered to the parent, legal guardian or other person who has control of the child. The





written *or electronic* notice must inform the parents or legal guardian of such absences in a form specified by the Department.

- [5.] 7. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of NRS 392.122, all approved and unapproved absences must be counted for the purpose of determining whether a pupil is chronically absent.
- 8. The board of trustees of each school district and the governing body of each charter school and university school for profoundly gifted pupils shall:
- (a) Communicate through various means, in a format and, to the extent practicable, in a language that parents and legal guardians can understand, the truancy policy and the definition of chronic absenteeism adopted by the Department pursuant to NRS 392.150; and
- (b) Provide a parent or legal guardian of a pupil notice when the pupil is approaching the limit of 10 percent in the number of absences that may be approved pursuant to subsection 2.
- 9. The provisions of this section apply to all pupils who are required to *enroll in and* attend school pursuant to NRS 392.040.
- [6.] 10. As used in this section, "physically or mentally unable to attend" does not include a physical or mental condition for which a pupil is excused pursuant to NRS 392.050.
 - **Sec. 21.** NRS 392.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.140 1. Any child who has been declared a truant three or more times within one school year must be declared a habitual truant.
- 2. Any child who has once been declared a habitual truant and who in an immediately succeeding year is absent from school without the written [:
- (a) Approval approval of the child's teacher or the principal of the school pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 of NRS 392.130 [; or
- (b) Notice of his or her parent or legal guardian or other person who has control or charge over the pupil pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 392.130.
- may again be declared a habitual truant [.], unless the child is physically or mentally unable to attend school as provided in NRS 392.130.
- 3. The provisions of this section apply to all pupils who are required to *enroll in and* attend school pursuant to NRS 392.040.
 - Sec. 22. NRS 392.141 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 392.141 The provisions of NRS 392.144 to 392.148, inclusive, apply to all pupils who are required to *enroll in and* attend school pursuant to NRS 392.040.





Sec. 23. NRS 392.144 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.144 1. If a pupil has [one or more unapproved absences] been truant from school, the school in which the pupil is enrolled shall take reasonable actions designed, as applicable, to encourage, enable or convince the pupil to attend school.

- 2. If a pupil is a habitual truant pursuant to NRS 392.140, or if a pupil who is a habitual truant pursuant to NRS 392.140 is again declared truant pursuant to NRS 392.130 in the same school year after being declared a habitual truant, the principal of the school shall:
- (a) Report the pupil to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the local law enforcement agency for investigation and issuance of a citation, if warranted, in accordance with NRS 392.149;
- (b) If the parent or legal guardian of a pupil has signed a written *or electronic* consent pursuant to subsection 4, submit a written *or electronic* referral of the pupil to the advisory board to review school attendance in the county in accordance with NRS 392.146; or
- (c) Refer the pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions in accordance with NRS 392.148.
- 3. The board of trustees of each school district shall adopt criteria to determine whether the principal of a school shall:
- (a) Report a pupil to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the law enforcement agency pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2;
- (b) Refer a pupil to an advisory board to review school attendance pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2; or
- (c) Refer a pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 2.
- 4. If the principal of a school makes an initial determination to submit a written *or electronic* referral of a pupil to the advisory board to review school attendance, the principal shall notify the parent or legal guardian of the pupil and request the parent or legal guardian to sign a written *or electronic* consent that authorizes the school and, if applicable, the school district to release the records of the pupil to the advisory board to the extent that such release is necessary for the advisory board to carry out its duties pursuant to NRS 392.146 and 392.147. The written consent must comply with the applicable requirements of 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(b) and 34 C.F.R. Part 99. If the parent or legal guardian refuses to sign the consent, the principal shall:
- (a) Report the pupil to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the local law enforcement agency pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2; or





- (b) Refer the pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 2.
 - **Sec. 24.** NRS 392.146 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 392.146 A written *or electronic* referral of a pupil to an advisory board to review school attendance must include the dates on which the pupil was truant from school and all action taken by the school to assist the pupil to attend school. The advisory board may request clarification of any information contained in the written *or electronic* referral or any additional information that the advisory board considers necessary. The school shall provide written *or electronic* notice of the referral to the parents or legal guardian of the pupil. The written *or electronic* notice must include, without limitation:
 - 1. The name and address of the pupil referred;
 - 2. A written *or electronic* explanation of the reason for the referral;
 - 3. A summary of the provisions of NRS 392.147; and
- 4. The address and telephone number of the advisory board to review school attendance.
 - **Sec. 25.** NRS 392.147 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.147 1. If an advisory board to review school attendance receives a written *or electronic* referral of a pupil pursuant to NRS 392.146, the advisory board shall set a date, time and place for a hearing. The pupil and the pupil's parents or legal guardian shall attend the hearing held by the advisory board. The hearing must be closed to the public. The chair of an advisory board to review school attendance may request that subpoenas for a hearing conducted pursuant to this section be issued to:
- (a) The parent or legal guardian of a pupil who has been referred to the advisory board or any other person that the advisory board considers necessary to the hearing.
 - (b) A pupil who has been referred to the advisory board.
- 2. If a pupil and the pupil's parents or legal guardian do not attend the hearing, the chair of the advisory board shall:
- (a) Report the pupil to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the appropriate local law enforcement agency for investigation and issuance of a citation, if warranted in accordance with NRS 392.149; or
- (b) Refer the pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions in accordance with NRS 392.148.
- 3. If an advisory board to review school attendance determines that the status of a pupil as a habitual truant can be adequately addressed through participation by the pupil in programs and services available in the community, the advisory board shall order the pupil to participate in such programs and services. If the pupil





does not agree to participate in such programs and services, the chair of the advisory board shall report the pupil to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the appropriate local law enforcement agency for investigation and issuance of a citation, if warranted in accordance with NRS 392.149, or refer the pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions in accordance with NRS 392.148. If the pupil agrees to participate in such programs and services, the advisory board, the pupil and the parents or legal guardian of the pupil shall enter into a written *or electronic* agreement that:

- (a) Sets forth the findings of the advisory board;
- (b) Sets forth the terms and conditions of the pupil's participation in the programs and services designated by the advisory board; and
- (c) Adequately informs the pupil and the pupil's parents or legal guardian that if the pupil or his or her parents or legal guardian do not comply with the terms of the written *or electronic* agreement, the chair of the advisory board is legally obligated to report the pupil to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the appropriate local law enforcement agency for investigation and issuance of a citation, if warranted in accordance with NRS 392.149, or refer the pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions in accordance with NRS 392.148.
- → The parents or legal guardian of the pupil shall, upon the request of the advisory board, provide proof satisfactory to the advisory board that the pupil is participating in the programs and services set forth in the written *or electronic* agreement.
- 4. The chair of an advisory board to review school attendance shall report a pupil to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the appropriate local law enforcement agency or refer the pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions in accordance with NRS 392.148 if:
- (a) The pupil and the pupil's parents or legal guardian fail to attend a hearing set by the advisory board pursuant to subsection 1;
- (b) The advisory board determines that the status of a pupil as a habitual truant cannot be adequately addressed by requiring the pupil to participate in programs and services available in the community;
- (c) The pupil does not consent to participation in programs and services pursuant to subsection 3; or
- (d) The pupil or the pupil's parents or legal guardian violates the terms of the written *or electronic* agreement entered into pursuant to subsection 3.





- 5. If the chair of an advisory board makes a report to an attendance officer, a school police officer or the local law enforcement agency pursuant to subsection 4, the chair shall:
- (a) Submit to the attendance officer, school police officer or law enforcement agency, as applicable, written *or electronic* documentation of all efforts made by the advisory board to address the status of the pupil as a habitual truant; and
- (b) Make recommendations to the attendance officer, school police officer or law enforcement agency, as applicable, regarding the appropriate disposition of the case.
- 6. If the chair of an advisory board refers a pupil for the imposition of administrative sanctions pursuant to subsection 4, the chair shall:
- (a) Provide written *or electronic* documentation of all efforts made by the advisory board to address the status of the pupil as a habitual truant; and
- (b) Make recommendations regarding the appropriate disposition of the case.
- 7. If the parents or legal guardian of a pupil enter into a written *or electronic* agreement pursuant to this section, the parents or legal guardian may appeal to the board of trustees of the school district a determination made by the advisory board concerning the contents of the written *or electronic* agreement. Upon receipt of such a request, the board of trustees of the school district shall review the determination in accordance with the procedure established by the board of trustees for such matters.
- 8. The board of trustees of each school district shall adopt policies and rules to protect the confidentiality of the deliberations, findings and determinations made by an advisory board and information concerning a pupil and the family of a pupil. An advisory board shall not disclose information concerning the records of a pupil or services provided to a pupil or the pupil's family unless the disclosure is specifically authorized by statute or by the policies and rules of the board of trustees and is necessary for the advisory board to carry out its duties.
 - **Sec. 26.** NRS 392.148 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.148 1. Upon receipt of a report pursuant to NRS 392.144 or 392.147, a school police officer or a person designated pursuant to subsection 6 shall conduct an investigation, set a date for a hearing and provide a written *or electronic* notice of the hearing to the parent or legal guardian of the pupil. If it appears after investigation and a hearing that a pupil is a habitual truant, a school police officer or a person designated pursuant to subsection 6 may issue an order imposing the following administrative sanctions against a pupil:





- (a) If it is the first time that administrative sanctions have been issued pursuant to this section because the pupil is a habitual truant, and the pupil is 14 years of age or older, order the suspension of the driver's license of the pupil for at least 30 days but not more than 6 months. If the pupil does not possess a driver's license, the order must provide that the pupil is prohibited from applying for a driver's license for 30 days:
- (1) Immediately following the date of the order if the pupil is eligible to apply for a driver's license; or
- (2) After the date the pupil becomes eligible to apply for a driver's license if the pupil is not eligible to apply for a driver's license.
- (b) If it is the second time or any subsequent time that administrative sanctions have been issued pursuant to this section because the pupil is a habitual truant, and the pupil is 14 years of age or older, order the suspension of the driver's license of the pupil for at least 60 days but not more than 1 year. If the pupil does not possess a driver's license, the order must provide that the pupil is prohibited from applying for a driver's license for 60 days immediately following:
- (1) The date of the order if the pupil is eligible to apply for a driver's license; or
- (2) The date the pupil becomes eligible to apply for a driver's license if the pupil is not eligible to apply for a driver's license.
- 2. If a pupil applies for a driver's license, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall:
- (a) Notify the pupil of the provisions of this section that authorize the suspension of the driver's license of the pupil; and
- (b) Require the pupil to sign an affidavit acknowledging that the pupil is aware that his or her driver's license may be suspended pursuant to this section.
- 3. If an order is issued pursuant to this section delaying the ability of the pupil to receive a driver's license, a copy of the order must be forwarded to the Department of Motor Vehicles not later than 5 days after the order is issued.
- 4. If an order is issued pursuant to this section suspending the driver's license of a pupil:
- (a) The pupil shall surrender his or her driver's license to the school police officer or the person designated pursuant to subsection 6.
- (b) Not later than 5 days after issuing the order, the school police officer or the designated person shall forward to the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of the order and the driver's license of the pupil.
 - (c) The Department of Motor Vehicles:





- (1) Shall report the suspension of the driver's license of the pupil to an insurance company or its agent inquiring about the pupil's driving record, but such a suspension must not be considered for the purpose of rating or underwriting.
- (2) Shall not treat the suspension in the manner statutorily required for moving traffic violations.
- (3) Shall not require the pupil to submit to the tests and other requirements which are adopted by regulation pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 483.495 as a condition of reinstatement or reissuance after the suspension of a driver's license.
- The parent or legal guardian of a pupil may request a hearing before a person designated by the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil is enrolled to appeal the imposition of any administrative sanctions pursuant to this section. The person designated by the board of trustees shall, not later than 30 days after receipt of the request, hold a hearing to review the reason for the imposition of any administrative sanctions. Not later than 30 days after the hearing, the person designated by the board of trustees shall issue a written decision affirming, denying or modifying the decision to impose administrative sanctions and mail a copy of the decision to the parent or legal guardian of the pupil.
- If a public school does not have a school police officer assigned to it, the principal of the school may designate a qualified person to carry out the requirements of this section.
 - **Sec. 27.** NRS 392.149 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- Upon receipt of a report pursuant to NRS 392.144 392.149 1. or 392.147, if it appears after investigation that a pupil is a habitual truant, the attendance officer, school police officer or law enforcement agency to whom the report is made shall prepare manually or electronically a citation directing the pupil to appear in the proper juvenile court.
- A copy of the citation must be delivered to the pupil and to the parent, guardian or any other person who has control or charge of the pupil by:
 - (a) The local law enforcement agency;
- (b) A school police officer employed by the board of trustees of the school district; or
- (c) An attendance officer appointed by the board of trustees of the school district.
- 40 The citation must be in the form prescribed for misdemeanor citations in NRS 171.1773.
 - The provisions of this section apply to all pupils who are required to *enroll in and* attend school pursuant to NRS 392.040.



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- **Sec. 28.** NRS 392.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.150 1. The board of trustees of a school district may appoint an attendance officer for the school district, who need not be a licensed employee of the school district, except that in any school district where a system of classified employment is in effect, attendance officers must be classified employees of the school district. If the board of trustees appoints an attendance officer for the school district, the board of trustees may:
 - (a) Fix the compensation of the attendance officer;
 - (b) Prescribe the duties of the attendance officer; and
- (c) Adopt regulations not inconsistent with law for the performance of the duties of the attendance officer.
 - 2. The board of trustees of each school district shall:
- (a) Establish procedures to monitor the attendance , *chronic absenteeism* and truancy of pupils, including, without limitation, a standard method for reporting the *chronic absenteeism and* truancy of pupils and a standard method for reporting excessive absences of pupils throughout the school district;
- (b) Coordinate efforts to refer pupils who are truant to appropriate providers of community services; and
- (c) Determine, based on the attendance, *chronic absenteeism* and truancy of pupils at each school within the school district, whether to employ an attendance clerk for a particular school or group of schools whose primary responsibility is to monitor the attendance and truancy of pupils.
- 3. The Department shall adopt by regulation a definition of the term "chronic absenteeism." The board of trustees of each school district shall ensure that the actions taken pursuant to subsection 2 are consistent with such a definition.
 - **Sec. 29.** NRS 392.170 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.170 Upon the written complaint of any person, the board of trustees of a school district or the governing body of a charter school shall:
- 1. Make a full and impartial investigation of all charges against parents, guardians or other persons having control or charge of any child who is under 18 years of age and required to *enroll in and* attend school pursuant to NRS 392.040 for violation of any of the provisions of NRS 392.040 to [392.110,] 392.075, inclusive, or 392.130 to 392.160, inclusive.
- 2. Make and file a written *or electronic* report of the investigation and the findings thereof in the records of the board.
 - **Sec. 30.** NRS 392.180 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.180 If it appears upon investigation that any parent, guardian or other person having control or charge of any child who is under 18 years of age and required to *enroll in and* attend school





pursuant to NRS 392.040 has violated any of the provisions of NRS 392.040 to [392.110,] 392.075, inclusive, or 392.130 to 392.160, inclusive, the clerk of the board of trustees or the governing body of a charter school in which the child is enrolled, except as otherwise provided in NRS 392.190, shall make and file in the proper court a criminal complaint against the parent, guardian or other person, charging the violation, and shall see that the charge is prosecuted by the proper authority.

Sec. 31. NRS 392.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.200 Any taxpayer, school administrator, school officer or deputy school officer in the State of Nevada may make and file in the proper court a criminal complaint against a parent, guardian or other person who has control or charge of any child who is under 18 years of age and required to *enroll in and* attend school pursuant to NRS 392.040 and who violates any of the provisions of law requiring the *enrollment and* attendance of children in the public schools of this State.

Sec. 32. NRS 392.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.210 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a parent, guardian or other person who has control or charge of any child and to whom notice has been given of the child's truancy as provided in NRS 392.130, [and 392.140,] and who fails to prevent the child's subsequent truancy within that school year, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

- 2. A person who is licensed pursuant to NRS 424.030 to conduct a foster home is liable pursuant to subsection 1 for a child in his or her foster care only if the person has received notice of the truancy of the child as provided in NRS 392.130, [and 392.140,] and negligently fails to prevent the subsequent truancy of the child within that school year.
 - **Sec. 33.** NRŠ 392.215 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.215 Any parent, guardian or other person who, with intent to deceive under NRS 392.040 to [392.110,] 392.075, inclusive, or 392.130 to 392.165, inclusive:

- 1. Makes a false statement concerning the age or attendance at school;
- 2. Presents a false birth certificate or record of attendance at school; or
- 3. Refuses to furnish a suitable identifying document, record of attendance at school or proof of change of name, upon request by a local law enforcement agency conducting an investigation in response to notification pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 392.165,
- → of a child under 18 years of age who is under his or her control or charge, is guilty of a misdemeanor.





- **Sec. 34.** NRS 392.264 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.264 1. If a superintendent of a school district receives notification and a victim identified in the notification is a pupil in the school district, the superintendent shall not permit an offender who is subject to the provisions of NRS 62F.100 to 62F.150, inclusive, to *enroll in or* attend a public school that a victim is *enrolled in or* attending unless:
- (a) An alternative plan of supervision is approved by the court pursuant to NRS 62F.130; or
- (b) An alternative plan of attendance is approved by the court pursuant to NRS 62F.140.
- 2. If the court does not approve an alternative plan of supervision or an alternative plan of attendance for the offender and the school district in which the offender resides does not have another public school in the district for the offender to *enroll in and* attend, the superintendent of the school district shall negotiate an agreement with:
- (a) The superintendent of an adjoining school district within this state for the offender to *enroll in and* attend a public school in that adjoining school district; or
- (b) The superintendent, or another appropriate administrator, of an adjoining school district in an adjoining state for the offender to *enroll in and* attend a public school in that adjoining school district.
- 3. The superintendent of the school district in which the offender resides shall inform the person with whom the superintendent is negotiating that the offender has been adjudicated delinquent for a sexual offense or a sexually motivated act, but the superintendent shall not disclose the name of a victim.
- 4. An agreement which is made pursuant to this section and which is presented to a board of trustees for approval:
 - (a) Must not contain the name of a victim;
- (b) Must comply with the provisions of subsections 2 and 3 of NRS 392.010; and
- (c) Must be approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- 5. A board of trustees may terminate an agreement entered into pursuant to this section if, because of a change in circumstances, the offender is able to *enroll in and* attend a public school in the school district in which the offender resides without violating subsection 1.
 - **Sec. 35.** NRS 392.268 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 392.268 If a school district incurs additional costs for transporting an offender because the offender is prohibited from *enrolling in or* attending a public school that a victim is *enrolled in or* attending, the school district is entitled to reimbursement of all or part of those costs from the parents or guardians of the offender to





the extent ordered by the court pursuant to NRS 62F.110. The superintendent of the school district or the parents or guardians of the offender may petition the court to reconsider the amount of reimbursement ordered by the court.

Sec. 36. NRS 394.098 is hereby amended to read as follows:

394.098 "Postsecondary education" is limited to education or educational services offered by an institution which is privately owned to persons who have completed or terminated their elementary and secondary education or who are beyond the age of compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance for the attainment of academic, professional or vocational objectives.

Sec. 37. NRS 394.103 is hereby amended to read as follows:

394.103 "Private schools" means private elementary and secondary educational institutions. The term does not include a home in which instruction is provided to a child who is excused from compulsory *enrollment* and attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070.

Sec. 38. NRS 62A.240 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62A.240 "Private school" includes private elementary and secondary educational institutions. The term does not include a home in which instruction is provided to a child who is excused from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070 or a school or educational program that is conducted exclusively for children who have been adjudicated delinquent.

Sec. 39. NRS 62B.320 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62B.320 1. Except as otherwise provided in this title, the juvenile court has exclusive original jurisdiction in proceedings concerning any child living or found within the county who is alleged or adjudicated to be in need of supervision because the child:

- (a) Is subject to compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance and is a habitual truant from school;
- (b) Habitually disobeys the reasonable and lawful demands of the parent or guardian of the child and is unmanageable;
- (c) Deserts, abandons or runs away from the home or usual place of abode of the child and is in need of care or rehabilitation;
- (d) Uses an electronic communication device to transmit or distribute a sexual image of himself or herself to another person or to possess a sexual image in violation of NRS 200.737;
- (e) Transmits or distributes an image of bullying committed against a minor in violation of NRS 200.900;
- (f) Violates a county or municipal ordinance imposing a curfew on a child;
- (g) Violates a county or municipal ordinance restricting loitering by a child;





- (h) Commits an offense related to tobacco; or
- (i) Commits an alcohol or marijuana offense that is punishable pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 62E.173.
- 2. A child who is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to this section must not be considered a delinquent child.
- 3. The provisions of subsection 1 do not prohibit the imposition of administrative sanctions pursuant to NRS 392.148 against a child who is subject to compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance and is a habitual truant from school.
 - 4. As used in this section:

- (a) "Alcohol or marijuana offense" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 62E.173.
- (b) "Bullying" means a willful act which is written, verbal or physical, or a course of conduct on the part of one or more persons which is not otherwise authorized by law and which exposes a person one time or repeatedly and over time to one or more negative actions which is highly offensive to a reasonable person and:
- (1) Is intended to cause or actually causes the person to suffer harm or serious emotional distress;
- (2) Poses a threat of immediate harm or actually inflicts harm to another person or to the property of another person;
- (3) Places the person in reasonable fear of harm or serious emotional distress; or
- (4) Creates an environment which is hostile to a pupil by interfering with the education of the pupil.
- (c) "Electronic communication device" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.737.
- (d) "Sexual image" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.737.
 - **Sec. 40.** NRS 129.090 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 129.090 1. A petition filed pursuant to NRS 129.080 must be in writing, verified by the petitioner and set forth:
 - (a) The name, age and address of the minor;
 - (b) The names and addresses of the parents of the minor;
 - (c) The name and address of any legal guardian of the minor;
- (d) If no parent or guardian can be found, the name and address of the child's nearest known relative residing within this state;
- (e) Facts relating to the minor's education, employment, and length of residence apart from his or her parents or guardian;
- (f) That the minor willingly lives apart from his or her parents or legal guardian with the consent or acquiescence of his or her parents or legal guardian;
 - (g) That the minor is managing his or her own financial affairs;





- (h) That the source of the minor's income is not derived from any activity declared to be a crime by the laws of this state or the United States; and
- (i) That the minor is attending school or has been excused from *enrolling in and* attending school pursuant to NRS 392.040 to 392.125, inclusive.
- 2. If any of the facts required by subsection 1 are not known, the petition must so state.
- 3. For filing the petition, the clerk of the district court shall charge the fees prescribed by law for the commencement of civil actions or proceedings generally.
 - **Sec. 41.** NRS 361.068 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 361.068 1. The following personal property is exempt from taxation:
 - (a) Personal property held for sale by a merchant;
 - (b) Personal property held for sale by a manufacturer;
- (c) Raw materials and components held by a manufacturer for manufacture into products, and supplies to be consumed in the process of manufacture;
- (d) Tangible personal property purchased by a business which will be consumed during the operation of the business;
 - (e) Livestock;

- (f) Colonies of bees;
- (g) Pipe and other agricultural equipment used to convey water for the irrigation of legal crops;
 - (h) All boats;
 - (i) Slide-in campers and camper shells;
- (j) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 361.186, fine art for public display; and
 - (k) All personal property that is:
 - (1) Owned by a person who is not a resident of this state; and
 - (2) Located in this state solely for the purposes of:
- (I) An exhibit that is used in a convention or tradeshow that is located in this State; or
- (II) A display, exhibition, carnival, fair or circus that is transient in nature and is located in this State for not more than 30 days.
- 2. The Nevada Tax Commission may exempt from taxation that personal property for which the annual taxes would be less than the cost of collecting those taxes. If such an exemption is provided, the Nevada Tax Commission shall annually determine the average cost of collecting property taxes in this state which must be used in determining the applicability of the exemption.
- 3. A person claiming the exemption provided for in paragraph (j) of subsection 1 shall:





(a) On or before June 15 for the next ensuing fiscal year, file with the county assessor an affidavit declaring that the fine art will, during that ensuing fiscal year, meet all the criteria set forth in paragraph (b) of subsection 4; and

(b) During any fiscal year in which the person claims the exemption, make available for educational purposes and not for resale, upon written request and without charge to any public school as defined in NRS 385.007, private school as defined in NRS 394.103 and parent of a child who receives instruction in a home pursuant to NRS 392.070, one copy of a poster depicting the fine art that the facility has on public display if such a poster is available for purchase by the public at the time of the request.

4. As used in this section:

- (a) "Boat" includes any vessel or other watercraft, other than a seaplane, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on the water.
 - (b) "Fine art for public display":
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (2), means a work of art which:
- (I) Is an original painting in oil, mineral, water colors, vitreous enamel, pastel or other medium, an original mosaic, drawing or sketch, an original sculpture of clay, textiles, fiber, wood, metal, plastic, glass or a similar material, an original work of mixed media or a lithograph;
- (II) Was purchased in an arm's length transaction for \$25,000 or more, or has an appraised value of \$25,000 or more;
- (III) Is on public display in a public or private art gallery, museum or other building or area in this state for at least 20 hours per week during at least 35 weeks of each year for which the exemption is claimed or, if the facility displaying the fine art disposes of it before the end of that year, during at least two-thirds of the full weeks during which the facility had possession of it, or if the gallery, museum or other building or area in which the fine art will be displayed will not be opened until after the beginning of the fiscal year for which the exemption is claimed, these display requirements must be met for the first full fiscal year after the date of opening, and the date of opening must not be later than 2 years after the purchase of the fine art being displayed; and
- (IV) Is on display in a facility that is available for group tours by pupils or students for at least 5 hours on at least 60 days of each full year for which the exemption is claimed, during which the facility in which it is displayed is open, by prior appointment and at reasonable times, without charge; and
 - (2) Does not include:





- (I) A work of fine art that is a fixture or an improvement to real property;
 - (II) A work of fine art that constitutes a copy of an original work of fine art, unless the work is a lithograph that is a limited edition and that is signed and numbered by the artist;
 - (III) Products of filmmaking or photography, including, without limitation, motion pictures;
 - (IV) Literary works;

- (V) Property used in the performing arts, including, without limitation, scenery or props for a stage; or
- (VI) Property that was created for a functional use other than, or in addition to, its aesthetic qualities, including, without limitation, a classic or custom-built automobile or boat, a sign that advertises a business, and custom or antique furniture, lamps, chandeliers, jewelry, mirrors, doors or windows.
- (c) "Personal property held for sale by a merchant" includes property that:
- (1) Meets the requirements of sub-subparagraphs (I) and (II) of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b);
- (2) Is made available for sale within 2 years after it is acquired; and
- (3) Is made available for viewing by the public or prospective purchasers, or both, within 2 years after it is acquired, whether or not a fee is charged for viewing it and whether or not it is also used for purposes other than viewing.
- (d) "Public display" means the display of a work of fine art where members of the public have access to the work of fine art for viewing during publicly advertised hours. The term does not include the display of a work of fine art in an area where the public does not generally have access, including, without limitation, a private office, hallway or meeting room of a business, a room of a business used for private lodging and a private residence.
 - (e) "Pupil" means a person who:
- (1) Is enrolled for the current academic year in a public school as defined in NRS 385.007 or a private school as defined in NRS 394.103; or
- (2) Receives instruction in a home and is excused from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070.
- (f) "Student" means a person who is enrolled for the current academic year in:
 - (1) A community college or university; or
- (2) A licensed postsecondary educational institution as defined in NRS 394.099 and a course concerning fine art.





- **Sec. 42.** NRS 483.2521 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 483.2521 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the Department may issue a driver's license to a person who is 16 or 17 years of age if the person:
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, has completed:
- (1) A course in automobile driver education pursuant to NRS 389.090; or
- (2) A course provided by a school for training drivers which is licensed pursuant to NRS 483.700 to 483.780, inclusive, and which complies with the applicable regulations governing the establishment, conduct and scope of automobile driver education adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to NRS 389.090;
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, has at least 50 hours of supervised experience in driving a motor vehicle with a restricted license, instruction permit or restricted instruction permit issued pursuant to NRS 483.267, 483.270 or 483.280, including, without limitation, at least 10 hours of experience in driving a motor vehicle during darkness;
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, submits to the Department, on a form provided by the Department, a log which contains the dates and times of the hours of supervised experience required pursuant to this section and which is signed:
 - (1) By his or her parent or legal guardian; or
- (2) If the person applying for the driver's license is an emancipated minor, by a licensed driver who is at least 21 years of age or by a licensed driving instructor,
- who attests that the person applying for the driver's license has completed the training and experience required pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b);
 - (d) Submits to the Department:
- (1) A written statement signed by the principal of the public school in which the person is enrolled or by a designee of the principal and which is provided to the person pursuant to NRS 392.123;
- (2) A written statement signed by the parent or legal guardian of the person which states that the person is excused from compulsory *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070;
- (3) A copy of the person's high school diploma or certificate of attendance; or
- (4) A copy of the person's certificate of general educational development or an equivalent document;
- (e) Has not been found to be responsible for a motor vehicle crash during the 6 months before applying for the driver's license;
- (f) Has not been convicted of or found by a court to have committed a moving traffic violation or convicted of a crime





involving alcohol or a controlled substance during the 6 months before applying for the driver's license; and

(g) Has held an instruction permit for not less than 6 months

before applying for the driver's license.

- 2. If a course described in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 is not offered within a 30-mile radius of a person's residence, the person may, in lieu of completing such a course as required by that paragraph, complete an additional 50 hours of supervised experience in driving a motor vehicle in accordance with paragraph (b) of subsection 1.
- 3. In lieu of the supervised experience required pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1, a person applying for a Class C noncommercial driver's license may provide to the Department proof that the person has successfully completed:
- (a) The training required pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1; and
- (b) A hands-on course in defensive driving that has been approved by the Department pursuant to NRS 483.727.
- 4. A person who is 16 or 17 years of age, who has held an instruction permit issued pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 483.280 authorizing the holder of the permit to operate a motorcycle and who applies for a driver's license pursuant to this section that authorizes him or her to operate a motorcycle must comply with the provisions of paragraphs (d) to (g), inclusive, of subsection 1 and must:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, complete a course of motorcycle safety approved by the Department;
- (b) Have at least 50 hours of experience in driving a motorcycle with an instruction permit issued pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 483.280; and
- (c) Submit to the Department, on a form provided by the Department, a log which contains the dates and times of the hours of experience required pursuant to paragraph (b) and which is signed by his or her parent or legal guardian who attests that the person applying for the motorcycle driver's license has completed the training and experience required pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b).
- 5. If a course described in paragraph (a) of subsection 4 is not offered within a 30-mile radius of a person's residence, the person may, in lieu of completing the course, complete an additional 50 hours of experience in driving a motorcycle in accordance with paragraph (b) of subsection 4.

Sec. 43. NRS 483.267 is hereby amended to read as follows:

483.267 1. The Department may issue a restricted license to any applicant between the ages of 14 and 18 years which entitles the applicant to drive a motor vehicle upon a highway if a member of





his or her household has a medical condition which renders that member unable to operate a motor vehicle, and a hardship exists which requires the applicant to drive.

- 2. An application for a restricted license under this section must:
 - (a) Be made upon a form provided by the Department.
- (b) Contain a statement that a person living in the same household with the applicant suffers from a medical condition which renders that person unable to operate a motor vehicle and explaining the need for the applicant to drive.
 - (c) Be signed and verified as provided in NRS 483.300.
 - (d) Include:

- (1) A written statement signed by the principal of the public school in which the applicant is enrolled or by a designee of the principal and which is provided to the applicant pursuant to NRS 392.123;
- (2) A written statement signed by the parent or legal guardian of the applicant which states that the applicant is excused from compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070;
- (3) A copy of the applicant's high school diploma or certificate of attendance; or
- (4) A copy of the applicant's certificate of general educational development or an equivalent document.
- (e) Contain such other information as may be required by the Department.
 - 3. A restricted license issued pursuant to this section:
 - (a) Is effective for the period specified by the Department;
- (b) Authorizes the licensee to operate a motor vehicle on a street or highway only under conditions specified by the Department; and
- (c) May contain other restrictions which the Department deems necessary.
- 4. No license may be issued under this section until the Department is satisfied fully as to the applicant's competency and fitness to drive a motor vehicle.
 - **Sec. 44.** NRS 483.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 483.270 1. The Department may issue a restricted license to any pupil between the ages of 14 and 18 years who is attending:
- (a) A public school in a school district in this State in a county whose population is less than 55,000 or in a city or town whose population is less than 25,000 when transportation to and from school is not provided by the board of trustees of the school district, if the pupil meets the requirements for eligibility adopted by the Department pursuant to subsection 5; or





- (b) A private school meeting the requirements for approval under NRS 392.070 when transportation to and from school is not provided by the private school,
- and it is impossible or impracticable to furnish such pupil with private transportation to and from school.
- 2. An application for the issuance of a restricted license under this section must:
 - (a) Be made upon a form provided by the Department.
 - (b) Be signed and verified as provided in NRS 483.300.
 - (c) Include a written statement signed by the:
- (1) Principal of the public school in which the pupil is enrolled or by a designee of the principal and which is provided to the applicant pursuant to NRS 392.123; or
- (2) Parent or legal guardian of the pupil which states that the pupil is excused from compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance pursuant to NRS 392.070.
- (d) Contain such other information as may be required by the Department.
 - 3. Any restricted license issued pursuant to this section:
- (a) Is effective only for the school year during which it is issued or for a more restricted period.
- (b) Authorizes the licensee to drive a motor vehicle on a street or highway only while going to and from school, and at a speed not in excess of 55 miles per hour.
- (c) May contain such other restrictions as the Department may deem necessary and proper.
- (d) May authorize the licensee to transport as passengers in a motor vehicle driven by the licensee, only while the licensee is going to and from school, members of his or her immediate family, or other minor persons upon written consent of the parents or guardians of such minors, but in no event may the number of passengers so transported at any time exceed the number of passengers for which the vehicle was designed.
- 4. No restricted license may be issued under the provisions of this section until the Department is satisfied fully as to the applicant's competency and fitness to drive a motor vehicle.
- 5. The Department shall adopt regulations that set forth the requirements for eligibility of a pupil to receive a restricted license pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1.
 - **Sec. 45.** NRS 644A.700 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 644A.700 1. Any person desiring to conduct a school of cosmetology in which any one or any combination of the occupations of cosmetology are taught must apply to the Board for a license, through the owner, manager or person in charge, upon forms prepared and furnished by the Board. Each application must





contain proof of the particular requisites for a license provided for in this chapter, and the applicant must certify that all the information contained in the application is truthful and accurate. The forms must be accompanied by:

- (a) A detailed floor plan of the proposed school;
- (b) The name, address and number of the license of the manager or person in charge and of each instructor;
- (c) Evidence of financial ability to provide the facilities and equipment required by regulations of the Board and to maintain the operation of the proposed school for 1 year;
- (d) Proof that the proposed school will commence operation with an enrollment of a number of students acceptable to the Board;
 - (e) The applicable fee for a license;
- (f) A copy of the contract for the enrollment of a student in a program at the school of cosmetology; and
- (g) The name and address of the person designated to accept service of process.
- 2. Upon receipt by the Board of the application, the Board shall, before issuing a license, determine whether the proposed school:
 - (a) Is suitably located.

- (b) Contains adequate floor space and adequate equipment.
- (c) Has a contract for the enrollment of a student in a program at the school of cosmetology that is approved by the Board.
- (d) Admits as regular students only persons who have received a certificate of graduation from high school, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate, or who are beyond the age of compulsory school *enrollment and* attendance.
- (e) Meets all requirements established by regulations of the Board.
- 3. The fee for issuance of a license for a school of cosmetology is:
 - (a) For 2 years, not less than \$500 and not more than \$800.
 - (b) For 4 years, not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$1,600.
- 4. If the proposed school meets all requirements established by this chapter and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the Board shall issue a license to the proposed school. The license must contain:
 - (a) The name of the proposed school;
- (b) A statement that the proposed school is authorized to operate educational programs beyond secondary education; and
 - (c) Such other information as the Board considers necessary.
- 5. If the ownership of the school changes or the school moves to a new location, the school may not be operated until a new license is issued by the Board.





6. The Board shall, by regulation, prescribe:

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- (a) The minimum enrollment of students required by paragraph (d) of subsection 1; and
- (b) The amount of floor space required by paragraph (b) of subsection 2.
- 7. After a license has been issued for the operation of a school of cosmetology, the licensee must obtain the approval of the Board before making any changes in the physical structure of the school.
 - **Sec. 46.** NRS 392.080 and 392.110 are hereby repealed.
 - **Sec. 47.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTIONS

392.080 Attendance excused for distant residence from nearest school. Attendance required by the provisions of NRS 392.040 shall be excused when the Superintendent of Public Instruction has determined that the child's residence is located at such distance from the nearest public school as to render attendance unsafe or impractical, and the child's parent or guardian has notified the board of trustees to that effect in writing.

392.110 Attendance excused for child between 15 and 18 years of age who has completed eighth grade to enter employment or apprenticeship; written permit required.

- 1. Any child between the ages of 15 and 18 years who has completed the work of the first eight grades may be excused from full-time school attendance and may be permitted to enter proper employment or apprenticeship, by the written authority of the board of trustees excusing the child from such attendance. The board's written authority must state the reason or reasons for such excuse.
- 2. In all such cases, no employer or other person shall employ or contract for the services or time of such child until the child presents a written permit therefor from the attendance officer or board of trustees. The permit must be kept on file by the employer and, upon the termination of employment, must be returned by the employer to the board of trustees or other authority issuing it.







SENATE BILL NO. 46-COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE CARSON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing education. (BDR 34-353)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; establishing the Program of Empowerment Districts; repealing provisions governing the Program of Empowerment Schools; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

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22 23 Existing law establishes a Program of Empowerment Schools for public schools within this State and authorizes the board of trustees of a school district to approve public schools within the school district to operate as empowerment schools. (NRS 388G.050) The principal of a public school that participates in the Program is required to establish an empowerment team and develop an empowerment plan for the school. (NRS 388G.100) The empowerment plan is required to address certain issues and may include a request for a waiver from state laws or regulations relating to education. (NRS 388G.120) To become effective, an empowerment plan for a public school in a school district must be approved by the board of trustees of the school district and, if the plan includes a request for a waiver from a state law or regulation, by the State Board of Education. (NRS 388G.130)

This bill establishes the Program of Empowerment Districts that replaces the Program of Empowerment Schools. Section 2 of this bill requires the superintendent of a school district that participates in the Program to develop an empowerment plan that includes a comprehensive educational and operational program for the school district and requests a waiver from any state law or regulation adopted pursuant thereto that would hinder the comprehensive educational and operational program. Section 2 authorizes the creation of a design team to advise the board of trustees of the school district on the empowerment plan and issues relating to the empowerment district. Section 2 requires the superintendent of a school district that participates in the Program to develop the empowerment plan with the assistance and advice of the design team if one has





24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 been created. Section 3 of this bill requires a superintendent of a school district that develops an empowerment plan to submit the proposed plan to a designee of the board of trustees of the school district for review and sets forth procedures for the approval or denial of such a plan. Section 3 requires an empowerment plan which is approved by the board of trustees of a school district to be transmitted to the State Board of Education for review of any request for a waiver from a state law or regulation. Section 4 of this bill requires the superintendent of an empowerment district to submit an annual report to the board of trustees of the school district regarding the compliance of the school district with the empowerment plan and requires the board of trustees of each empowerment district to transmit the report to 34 the Governor, the Department of Education and the Joint Interim Standing 35 Committee on Education. Sections 1, 5 and 7 of this bill make conforming changes 36 to remove references to the Program of Empowerment Schools and establish the 37 Program of Empowerment Districts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 388G.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388G.010 As used in NRS 388G.010 to 388G.220, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, "empowerment [sehool"] district" means a [public] school district operating under an empowerment plan developed pursuant to NRS [388G.120] 388G.050 and approved pursuant to NRS 388G.130. [or 388G.140, as applicable.]

Sec. 2. NRS 388G.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388G.050 1. There is hereby established a Program of Empowerment [Schools] Districts for [public schools] school districts within this State. The board of trustees of a school district may direct the school district to participate in the Program [does not include a university school for profoundly gifted pupils.] of Empowerment Districts.

- 2. [The board of trustees of a school district which is located:
- (a) In a county whose population is less than 100,000 may approve public schools located within the school district to operate as empowerment schools.
- (b) In a county whose population is 100,000 or more but less than 700,000 shall approve not less than 5 percent of the schools located within the school district to operate as empowerment schools.
- 3. The board of trustees of a school district which participates in the Program of Empowerment Schools shall, on or before September 1 of each year, provide notice to the Department of the number of schools within the school district that are approved to operate as empowerment schools for that school year.



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—4.] The board of trustees of a school district that participates in the Program of Empowerment [Schools] *Districts* may create a design team for the school district. If such a design team is created, the membership of the design team must consist of the following persons appointed by the board of trustees:

- (a) At least one representative of the board of trustees;
- (b) The superintendent of the school district, or the superintendent's designee;
- (c) Parents and legal guardians of pupils enrolled in public schools in the school district;
- (d) Teachers and other educational personnel employed by the school district, including, without limitation, school administrators;
- (e) Representatives of organizations that represent teachers and other educational personnel;
- (f) Representatives of the community in which the school district is located and representatives of businesses within the community; and
- (g) Such other members as the board of trustees determines are necessary.
- [5.] 3. If a design team is created for a school district, the design team shall : advise the board of trustees on:
- (a) [Recommend] The empowerment plan for the district, including, without limitation, recommending policies and procedures [relating to] for inclusion in the empowerment [schools to the board of trustees of the school district;] plan; and
- (b) [Advise the board of trustees on issues] Issues relating to the empowerment [schools.] district.
- 4. The superintendent of a school district that participates in the Program of Empowerment Districts shall develop an empowerment plan for the school district. If a design team has been created pursuant to subsection 2, the superintendent shall develop the empowerment plan with the assistance and advice of the design team.
- 5. The empowerment plan developed pursuant to subsection 4 must include:
- (a) A comprehensive educational and operational program for the school district which may include, without limitation:
 - (1) Innovative curriculum or instructional methods;
- (2) Provisions regarding community participation, campus governance and parental involvement;
 - (3) Modifications to the school day or the school year;
- (4) Provisions regarding the budget of the school district and funding for the programs of the school district;
 - (5) Accountability and assessment measures; and





- (6) Any other innovation determined to be appropriate by the superintendent of the school district.
- (b) A request for a waiver from any provision of this title or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto which the superintendent determines would hinder the implementation or prevent the school district from achieving the goals of the comprehensive educational and operational program required by paragraph (a).

(c) For each law or regulation for which a waiver is requested pursuant to paragraph (b), a description of how the proposed waiver will further the comprehensive educational or operational program of the school district required by paragraph (a).

6. The board of trustees of a school district may accept gifts, grants and donations from any source for the support of the empowerment [schools within the school] district.

Sec. 3. NRS 388G.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 388G.130 1. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, the empowerment team] The superintendent of a [public] school [, other than a charter school that is sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority or by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, that] district who develops an empowerment plan pursuant to NRS [388G.120] 388G.050 shall submit the proposed empowerment plan to the designee of the board of trustees appointed pursuant to this subsection for review [and approval] pursuant to this section. The board of trustees shall designate a [person] member of the board of trustees to review [each] the proposed empowerment plan and recommend the approval or denial of the plan to the board of trustees.
- 2. The board of trustees shall approve or deny the empowerment plan. The approval or denial of an empowerment plan must be based solely upon the contents of the plan. [and may not consider the amount of money required to carry out the empowerment plan if the plan is within the limits of the total apportionment to the school pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 388G.120.]
- 3. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, if] If the board of trustees approves an empowerment plan, the president of the board of trustees [, the principal of the public school] and [the chair of the empowerment team, if the principal is not the chair,] the superintendent of the school district sign the plan. The empowerment plan is effective for [3] 5 years after the date on which it is approved by the board of trustees, unless the [empowerment team] superintendent of the school district determines that the school district will no longer operate under the plan or the board of trustees of the school district revokes the plan.





- 4. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, if] If the board of trustees denies an empowerment plan, the board of trustees shall:
- (a) Return the plan to the [empowerment team] superintendent of the school district with a written statement indicating the reason for the denial; and
- (b) Provide the [empowerment team] superintendent of the school district with a reasonable opportunity to correct any deficiencies identified in the written statement and resubmit it for approval. [An empowerment plan may be resubmitted not more than once in a school year.]
- 5. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, an empowerment plan for a public school is not effective and a public school shall not operate as an empowerment school unless the plan is signed by the president of the board of trustees of the school district, the principal of the public school and the chair of the empowerment team, if the principal is not the chair. If an empowerment plan includes a request for a waiver from a statute contained in this title or a regulation of the State Board or the Department, a public school may operate under the approved plan but the requested waivers from state law are not effective unless approved by the State Board pursuant to subsection 7.
- 6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, the empowerment team] The superintendent of the school district may submit a written request to the board of trustees for an amendment to the empowerment plan approved pursuant to this section, including an explanation of the reason for the amendment. An amendment must be approved in the same manner as the empowerment plan was approved.
- [7.] 6. If the empowerment plan includes a request for a waiver from a [statute] state law or regulation, the board of trustees shall forward the approved empowerment plan to the State Board for review of the request for a waiver. The State Board shall review the empowerment plan and may approve or deny the request for a waiver from a [statute] state law or regulation. [unless the statute] If a state law or regulation is required by federal law or is required to carry out federal law [.
- 8.], the State Board shall deny the request. A request for a waiver is not effective unless approved by the State Board.
- 7. If the State Board approves the request for a waiver for a school [,] *district*, the Department shall provide written notice of the approval to the board of trustees of the school district that submitted the empowerment plan. [on behalf of the school.
- 9.] 8. If the State Board denies a request for a waiver, the State Board shall:





- (a) Return the request to the school district with a written statement indicating the reason for the denial; and
- (b) [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10, provide] Provide the [empowerment team] superintendent of the school district with a reasonable opportunity to correct any deficiencies identified in the written statement and resubmit it for approval. [A request for a waiver may be resubmitted by the school district, after the empowerment team corrects any deficiencies, not more than once in a school year.
- 10. If an empowerment team has not been established pursuant to the exception provided in subsection 2 of NRS 388G.100, the principal of the school shall carry out the responsibilities and duties assigned to the empowerment team pursuant to this section.]
- 9. The respective school district shall post a copy of the empowerment plan, and any amendment to the empowerment plan, that has been approved by the board of trustees of the school district in a prominent location on the Internet website maintained by the school district.
 - **Sec. 4.** NRS 388G.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388G.200 1. [Each] The superintendent of an empowerment [school, other than a charter school that is sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority or by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education,] district shall, on [a quarterly] an annual basis, submit to the board of trustees of the school district [in which the school is located] a report [that includes:
- 27 (a) The financial status of the school; and
 - (b) A description of describing the [school's] compliance by the school district with each component of the empowerment plan. [for the school.]
 - 2. [Each charter school that is sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority or by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education which is approved to operate as an empowerment school shall, on a quarterly basis, submit to the Department a report that includes:
 - (a) The financial status of the school; and
- 37 (b) A description of the school's compliance with each component of the empowerment plan for the school.
 - 3. The board of trustees of a school district shall conduct a financial audit of each empowerment school within the school district, other than a charter school that is sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority or by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education. Each financial audit must be conducted on an annual basis and more frequently if determined necessary by the board of trustees.





- 4. The Department shall conduct a financial audit of each charter school that is sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority or by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education which operates as an empowerment school on an annual basis and more frequently if determined necessary by the Department.
- 5.] On or before July 1 of each year, the board of trustees of each [school] empowerment district shall [compile] transmit the [reports and audits] report required pursuant to [subsections] subsection 1 [and 3, if any, and forward the compilation] to the:
 - (a) Governor;

- (b) Department; and
- (c) Joint Interim Standing Committee on Education.
- 6. On or before July 1 of each year, the Department shall compile the reports and audits required pursuant to subsections 2 and 4, if any, and forward the compilation to the:
- (a) Governor; and
 - (b) Joint Interim Standing Committee on Education.]
 - **Sec. 5.** NRS 388G.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 388G.210 [1.] Except as otherwise provided pursuant to a waiver granted in accordance with NRS 388G.130, [or 388G.140,] each empowerment [school,] district, each person employed by an empowerment [school] district and each pupil enrolled in a school located in an empowerment [school] district shall comply with the applicable requirements of state law, including, without limitation, the standards of content and performance prescribed pursuant to NRS 389.520 and the examinations that are administered pursuant to NRS 390.105 and the college and career readiness assessment administered pursuant to NRS 390.610.
- [2. Each empowerment school may accept gifts, grants and donations from any source for the support of its empowerment plan. A person who gives a gift, grant or donation may designate all or part of the gift, grant or donation specifically to carry out the incentive pay structure of the school, if applicable.]
- **Sec. 6.** The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.
- **Sec. 7.** NRS 388G.060, 388G.100, 388G.110, 388G.120 and 388G.140 are hereby repealed.
 - **Sec. 8.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.





LEADLINES OF REPEALED SECTIONS

388G.060 Adoption of policies and procedures; school choice for pupils; enrollment of pupils in empowerment school; no duty to provide transportation; procedure for empowerment school to obtain waiver from school district requirements and regulations.

388G.100 Establishment of empowerment team for school; exception from requirement of empowerment team; development of empowerment plan; participation by charter schools.

388G.110 Duties of school empowerment team.

388G.120 Requirements of school empowerment plan; request for waiver from certain statutes and regulations; budget for empowerment school and discretion over certain percentage of money.

388G.140 Review of empowerment plan for State Public Charter School Authority-sponsored and Nevada System of Higher Education-sponsored charter schools; opportunity to correct deficiencies; term of effectiveness; request for amendment; review of request for waiver from statute or regulation by State Board.







SENATE BILL NO. 47–COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to teachers. (BDR 34-379)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; creating the Public Education Employee Working Conditions Task Force; prescribing the membership, powers and duties of the Task Force; authorizing the board of trustees of a school district to build, purchase or rent certain residential dwellings for employees; abolishing the fees for certain licenses; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

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Existing law creates the Nevada State Teacher Recruitment and Retention Advisory Task Force for the purpose of evaluating and addressing the challenges in attracting and retaining teachers throughout this State. (NRS 391.490-391.496) Section 5 of this bill creates the Public Education Employee Working Conditions Task Force. Section 4 of this bill defines the term "Task Force" to refer to the Task Force created by section 5. Sections 5, 7 and 12 of this bill set forth the membership, powers and duties of the Task Force. Section 5 also: (1) prescribes certain procedural requirements governing the operation of the Task Force; (2) provides that members of the Task Force are entitled to a per diem allowance and travel expenses while engaged in the business of the Task Force; and (3) requires the Department of Education to provide administrative support to the Task Force. **Section 6** of this bill establishes procedures for the appointment of members to the Task Force. **Section 7** requires the Task Force to establish recommended standards for: (1) the working conditions of the employees of school districts, charter schools, the Department and the State Public Charter School Authority; and (2) the operation and accessibility of pathways to entering professions in public education. Section 7 also requires the Task Force to analyze the degree to which school districts, charter schools, the Department, the State Public Charter School Authority and persons and entities involved in the operation of pathways to entering





professions in public education are making progress toward meeting the recommended standards. **Section 7** also requires the Task Force to make recommendations to the Joint Interim Standing Committee on Education, the school districts and charter schools of this State, the Department, the State Public Charter School Authority and persons and entities involved in the operation of pathways to entering professions in public education concerning measures to improve: (1) the working conditions of the employees of school districts, charter schools, the Department and the State Public Charter School Authority; and (2) the operation and accessibility of pathways to entering professions in public education. **Section 12** of this bill requires the Task Force to commission a third party to perform a statewide study of the working conditions for employees of the school districts and charter schools of this State, the Department and the State Public Charter School Authority.

Existing law authorizes the board of trustees of a school district to build, purchase or rent certain buildings, including teacherages. (NRS 393.080) **Section 10** of this bill expands this authority by authorizing the board of trustees of a school district to build, purchase or rent other residential dwellings for employees of the school district. **Section 10** authorizes the board of trustees of a school district to own or rent teacherages or other dwellings directly or through a partnership with another entity. **Section 1** of this bill authorizes the board of trustees of a school district to use money in certain funds and accounts for that purpose, and **section 2** of this bill authorizes the board of trustees of a school district to issue general obligation bonds to raise money for that purpose. **Section 11** of this bill requires the board of trustees of a school district to maintain residential dwellings for employees in such repair as is necessary for the comfort and health of teachers and other employees of the school district.

Existing law requires the Commission on Professional Standards in Education to fix fees by regulation for the initial issuance of a license as a teacher or other educational personnel and the renewal of such a license. (NRS 391.040) **Section 15** of this bill repeals the authority to adopt such regulations, and **section 13** of this bill provides that any regulations prescribing such fees are void. **Sections 8 and 9** of this bill remove references to such fees.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 387.205 is hereby amended to read as follows: 387.205 1. Subject to the provisions of subsection 3, money on deposit in the county school district fund or in a separate account, if the board of trustees of a school district has elected to establish such an account pursuant to the provisions of NRS 354.603, must be used for:

- (a) Maintenance and operation of the public schools controlled by the county school district.
 - (b) Payment of premiums for Nevada industrial insurance.
 - (c) Rent of schoolhouses.
- (d) Construction, furnishing or rental of teacherages [,] and other residential dwellings for employees of the school district, when approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.



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- (e) Transportation of pupils, including the purchase of new buses.
- (f) Programs of nutrition, if such expenditures do not curtail the established school program or make it necessary to shorten the school term, and each pupil furnished lunch whose parent or guardian is financially able so to do pays at least the actual cost of the lunch.
- (g) Membership fees, dues and contributions to an interscholastic activities association.
- (h) Repayment of a loan made from the State Permanent School Fund pursuant to NRS 387.526.
- (i) Programs of education and projects relating to air quality pursuant to NRS 445B.500.
- 2. Money on deposit in the county school district fund, or in a separate account, if the board of trustees of a school district has elected to establish such an account pursuant to the provisions of NRS 354.603, when available, may be used for:
 - (a) Purchase of sites for school facilities.
 - (b) Purchase of buildings for school use.
 - (c) Repair and construction of buildings for school use.
- 3. The board of trustees of a school district, in allocating the use of money pursuant to this section, shall prioritize expenditures in a manner which ensures that the budgetary priorities determined pursuant to NRS 387.301 are carried out.
 - **Sec. 2.** NRS 387.335 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 387.335 1. The board of trustees of a county school district may issue its general obligations to raise money for the following purposes, and no others:
- (a) Construction, design or purchase of new buildings for schools, including, but not limited to, teacherages [,] and other residential dwellings for employees of the school district, dormitories, dining halls, gymnasiums and stadiums.
- (b) Enlarging, remodeling or repairing existing buildings or grounds for schools, including, but not limited to, teacherages [,] and other residential dwellings for employees of the school district, dormitories, dining halls, gymnasiums and stadiums.
- (c) Acquiring sites for building schools, or additional real property for necessary purposes related to schools, including, but not limited to, playgrounds, athletic fields and sites for stadiums.
- (d) Paying expenses relating to the acquisition of school facilities which have been leased by a school district pursuant to NRS 393.080.
- (e) Purchasing necessary motor vehicles and other equipment to be used for the transportation of pupils or furniture and equipment for schools. If money from the issuance of general obligations is





used to purchase vehicles and other equipment used for the transportation of pupils or furniture and equipment to replace existing vehicles and equipment or furniture and equipment, as applicable, and the existing vehicles and equipment or furniture and equipment subsequently are sold, the proceeds from the sale must be applied toward the retirement of those obligations.

2. Any one or more of the purposes enumerated in subsection 1 may, by order of the board of trustees entered in its minutes, be

united and voted upon as one single proposition.

3. Any question submitted pursuant to this section and any question submitted pursuant to NRS 387.3285 may, by order of the board of trustees entered in its minutes, be united and voted upon as a single proposition.

Sec. 3. Chapter 391 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 4 to 7, inclusive, of this act

- Sec. 4. As used in sections 4 to 7, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, "Task Force" means the Public Education Employee Working Conditions Task Force created by section 5 of this act.
- Sec. 5. 1. There is hereby created the Public Education Employee Working Conditions Task Force consisting of the following 11 members appointed by the Legislative Commission:
- (a) Two employees of a school district, each of whom must be employed by a school district located in a county whose population is less than 100,000;
- (b) Two employees of a school district, each of whom must be employed by a school district located in a county whose population is 100,000 or more but less than 700,000;
- (c) Three employees of a school district, each of whom must be employed by a school district located in a county whose population is 700,000 or more;
 - (d) One employee of the Department;
- (e) Two experts in the field of human resources for public entities, at least one of whom must be employed as an executive of human resources for a school district; and
 - (f) One employee of the State Public Charter School Authority.
- 2. A person may not serve concurrently on the Task Force and:
 - (a) As the superintendent of a school district; or
- (b) On another statewide or regional board, commission, council, task force or similar body related to education.
- 3. Each member of the Task Force serves a term of 2 years and may be reappointed to one additional 2-year term following the initial full term of the member. If any member of the Task





Force ceases to be qualified for the position to which the member is appointed, the position shall be deemed vacant. If a vacancy occurs, the Legislative Commission shall appoint a member who meets the qualifications prescribed by subsection 1 for the vacant position to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term.

- 4. The Task Force shall, at its first meeting after the appointment of members pursuant to section 6 of this act or the first meeting after the position of Chair becomes vacant, elect a Chair from among its members.
- 5. The Task Force shall meet at least four times each year and may meet at other times upon the call of the Chair or a majority of the members of the Task Force.
- 6. Six members of the Task Force constitute a quorum, and a quorum may exercise all the power and authority conferred on the Task Force.
- 7. Members of the Task Force serve without compensation except that for each day or portion of a day during which a member of the Task Force attends a meeting of the Task Force or is otherwise engaged in the business of the Task Force, the member is entitled to receive the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally.
- 8. Each member of the Task Force who is an officer or employee of the State or a local government must be relieved from the duties of the member without loss of regular compensation so that the member may prepare for and attend meetings of the Task Force and perform any work necessary to carry out the duties of the Task Force in the most timely manner practicable. A state agency or local government shall not require an officer or employee who is a member of the Task Force to make up that time the member is absent from work to carry out his or her duties as a member, and shall not require the member to take annual vacation or compensatory time for the absence.
- 9. The Department shall provide administrative support to the Task Force.
- Sec. 6. 1. On or before August 1 of an odd-numbered year, a person who wishes to serve on the Task Force must submit to the Legislative Commission an application on the form prescribed by the Department. If the applicant is an employee of a school district, the application must be accompanied by a letter from the superintendent of the school district endorsing the applicant for membership on the Task Force.
- 2. On or before September 1 of each odd-numbered year, the Legislative Commission shall appoint the members of the Task





Force in accordance with section 5 of this act for a 2-year term commencing on September 1 of the odd-numbered year.

- 3. To the extent possible, the Legislative Commission shall appoint a variety of educational professionals to serve on the Task Force, including, without limitation:
 - (a) Licensed teachers:
 - (b) Substitute teachers;
 - (c) Education support professionals; and
 - (d) Administrators.

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- 4. As used in this section, "education support professional" means a person, other than a teacher or administrator, who is employed to work at a public school. The term includes, without limitation:
 - (a) Paraprofessionals;
- (b) School police officers, school resource officers and other providers of security services at a school;
 - (c) School nurses;
 - (d) School counselors;
 - (e) School psychologists;
 - (f) School social workers;
 - (g) Drivers of school buses;
 - (h) Secretaries;
 - (i) Members of the custodial or maintenance staff; and
 - (j) Workers in food services.
 - Sec. 7. 1. The Task Force shall:
 - (a) Establish recommended standards for:
- (1) The working conditions of the employees of school districts, charter schools, the Department and the State Public Charter School Authority; and
- (2) The operation and accessibility of pathways to entering professions in public education.
- (b) Analyze the degree to which the school districts and charter schools of this State, the Department, the State Public Charter School Authority and persons and entities involved in the operation and accessibility of pathways to entering professions in public education are making progress toward meeting the recommended standards established pursuant to paragraph (a).
- (c) Make recommendations to the Joint Interim Standing Committee on Education, the school districts and charter schools 39 of this State, the Department, the State Public Charter School Authority and persons and entities involved in the operation of pathways to entering professions in public education concerning measures to improve:





- (1) The working conditions of the employees of school districts, charter schools, the Department and the State Public Charter School Authority; and
- (2) The operation and accessibility of pathways to entering professions in public education.
- (d) On or before August 1 of each even-numbered year, present to the Joint Interim Standing Committee on Education recommendations for legislation to improve:
- (1) The working conditions of the employees of school districts, charter schools, the Department and the State Public Charter School Authority; and
- (2) The operation and accessibility of pathways to entering professions in public education.
- (e) On or before December 31 of each even-numbered year, submit a report describing the findings and recommendations of the Task Force to:
- (1) The Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Legislature;

(2) The Superintendent of Public Instruction;

- (3) The superintendent of each school district in this State; and
- (4) The Executive Director of the State Public Charter School Authority.
- 2. The recommended standards established pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 must address all factors that influence the working conditions of the employees of school districts, charter schools, the Department and the State Public Charter School Authority and the operation and accessibility of pathways to entering professions in public education, including, without limitation, funding, operations, staffing and internal policies.
 - **Sec. 8.** NRS 391.0965 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 391.0965 1. The Department may charge and collect a fee of \$50 to review information pertaining to and provide feedback concerning a person's qualifications for a license to teach or perform other educational functions, including, without limitation, records from a college or other educational institution and scores on examinations administered pursuant to the regulations adopted by the Commission, before the person applies for such a license. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the] *The* money received from the fee collected pursuant to this section must be deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the appropriate account of the Department.
- 2. Upon submission and payment of the fee prescribed pursuant to subsection 1, the Department shall review the





information submitted pursuant to that subsection and provide feedback to a person concerning whether the information submitted by the person is indicative of whether the person appears to satisfy all or some of the requirements for the issuance of a license and, if so, the kind of license for which it appears the person may satisfy the requirements.

3. The submission of information pursuant to subsection 1 or any feedback provided by the Department pursuant to subsection 2 is not a substitute for the application process prescribed by NRS 391.033 and does not confer upon any person a right to the issuance of a license.

[4. If the Department determines from the information submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that the person satisfies the requirements for the issuance of a license, the fee prescribed pursuant to subsection 1 must be applied toward the fee prescribed for the initial issuance of a license by the Commission pursuant to NRS 391.040.1

Sec. 9. NRS 391.330 is hereby amended to read as follows:

391.330 1. The State Board may suspend or revoke the license of any teacher, administrator or other licensed employee, or may issue a letter of reprimand to any teacher, administrator or other licensed employee, after notice and an opportunity for hearing have been provided pursuant to NRS 391.322 and 391.323, for:

- (a) Unprofessional conduct.
- (b) Immorality, as defined in NRS 391.650.
- (c) Evident unfitness for service.
- (d) Physical or mental incapacity which renders the teacher, administrator or other licensed employee unfit for service.
 - (e) Conviction of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude.
- (f) Conviction of a sex offense under NRS 200.366, 200.368, 201.190, 201.220, 201.230, 201.540 or 201.560 in which a pupil enrolled in a school of a county school district was the victim.
- (g) Knowingly advocating the overthrow of the Federal Government or of the State of Nevada by force, violence or unlawful means.
- (h) Persistent defiance of or refusal to obey the regulations of the State Board, the Commission or the Superintendent of Public Instruction, defining and governing the duties of teachers, administrators and other licensed employees.
- (i) Breaches in the security or confidentiality of the questions and answers of the examinations that are administered pursuant to NRS 390.105 and the college and career readiness assessment administered pursuant to NRS 390.610.





- (j) Intentional failure to observe and carry out the requirements of a plan to ensure the security of examinations and assessments adopted pursuant to NRS 390.270 or 390.275.
 - (k) An intentional violation of NRS 388.497 or 388.499.
- (l) Knowingly and willfully failing to comply with the provisions of NRS 388.1351.
- (m) A substantiated report of abuse or neglect of a child, as defined in NRS 432B.020, or a violation of NRS 201.540, 201.560, 392.4633 or 394.366 made against the applicant in any state.
- 2. The State Board shall adopt regulations governing the process by which a letter of reprimand may be issued to a teacher, administrator or other licensed employee pursuant to this section, including, without limitation, regulations concerning the time period during which a letter of reprimand will remain on the record of the teacher, administrator or other licensed employee.
- 3. A teacher, administrator or other licensed employee whose license is suspended pursuant to this section:
- (a) May apply to reinstate his or her license after the period of suspension, as determined by the State Board, is completed; and
- (b) If he or she applies to reinstate his or her license pursuant to paragraph (a), shall [-
- (1) Submit submit a new application for licensure to the Department. [; and
 - (2) Pay the appropriate fee for licensure.]
- 4. A teacher, administrator or other licensed employee whose license is revoked may not apply to reinstate his or her license and the Department shall not grant a new license to such a person.
 - **Sec. 10.** NRS 393.080 is hereby amended to read as follows: 393.080 1. The board of trustees of a school district may:
- (a) Build, purchase or rent schoolhouses and other school buildings, including, but not limited to [, teacherages, gymnasiums]:
- (1) Teacherages and other residential dwellings for employees of the school district. Such teacherages and other dwellings may be directly owned or rented by the school district or operated through a partnership with another person or entity.
 - (2) Gymnasiums and stadiums. [, and dormitories]
- (3) **Dormitories** and dining halls as provided in NRS 393.090.
- (b) Enter into lease agreements for school facilities with an option to purchase the facilities.
 - (c) Change the location of schools.
- (d) Close a school or change the use of the school building to a purpose other than the teaching of kindergarten through 12th grade.





- (e) Supervise and inspect the work performed pursuant to a contract to which the provisions of NRS 393.110 apply.
- 2. Any board of trustees which proposes to change the location of a school, close a school or change the use of a school building as provided in subsection 1 shall give 30 days' written notice to the principal and teachers of the affected school and to the parents of the children attending that school. In addition the board of trustees shall publish a notice of the subject, time and place of the meeting at which the matter will be considered, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least 10 days before the meeting.

Sec. 11. NRS 393.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

393.100 The board of trustees of a school district shall keep the public school buildings, teacherages, *other residential dwellings for employees of the school district*, dormitories, dining halls, gymnasiums, stadiums and all other buildings in its charge in such repair as is necessary for the comfort and health of pupils, [and] teachers [-] and other employees of the school district.

- **Sec. 12.** 1. The Public Education Employee Working Conditions Task Force created by section 5 of this act shall, during the 2023-2024 interim, commission a third party to conduct a study of the working conditions for employees of school districts and charter schools of this State, the Department of Education and the State Public Charter School Authority. The study must include, without limitation, a review of:
- (a) Whether the school districts and charter schools of this State, the Department of Education and the State Public Charter School Authority are adequately funded and staffed and the effects of any funding or staffing inadequacies on the working conditions for the employees of those entities; and
- (b) The operations and policies of the school districts and charter schools of this State, the Department of Education and the State Public Charter School Authority and ways to improve those operations and policies for the purpose of improving the working conditions for the employees of those entities.
- 2. The third party commissioned to conduct a study pursuant to subsection 1 shall present the completed study to the Task Force at a meeting of the Task Force.
- **Sec. 13.** Any provisions of any regulation adopted by the Commission on Professional Standards in Education pursuant to NRS 391.040 prescribing a fee, including, without limitation, a fee for the issuance or renewal of a license or the issuance of an endorsement, are void. The Legislative Counsel shall remove those provisions from the Nevada Administrative Code as soon as practicable after July 1, 2023.





- **Sec. 14.** The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.
 - Sec. 15. NRS 391.040 is hereby repealed.

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Sec. 16. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

391.040 Fees for issuance and renewal of licenses; fee for duplicate license; waiver of fees for certain persons affiliated with Armed Forces.

- 1. The Commission shall fix fees of not less than \$100 for the:
- (a) Initial issuance of a license, which must include the fees for processing the fingerprints of the applicant by the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and
- (b) Renewal of a license, which must include the fees for processing the fingerprints of the applicant for renewal by the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 2. The fee for issuing a duplicate license is the same as for issuing the original.
- 3. The portion of each fee which represents the amount charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for processing the fingerprints of the applicant must be deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the appropriate account of the Department of Public Safety. The remaining portion of the money received from the fees must be deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the appropriate account of the Department of Education.
- 4. The Department of Education may waive any fee for the initial issuance of a license, the renewal of a license or the issuance of a duplicate license for an applicant or licensee who is a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States, an applicant or licensee who is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States who is on active duty or an applicant or licensee who is the spouse of such a veteran or member of the Armed Forces of the United States.







SENATE BILL NO. 56-COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE WASHOE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT)

PREFILED NOVEMBER 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Creates a commission to study and make recommendations concerning education statutes and regulations. (BDR S-407)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; creating the Commission on School Modernization to study and make recommendations concerning education statutes and regulations; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

This bill: (1) creates the Commission on School Modernization; (2) establishes the membership of the Commission; (3) requires the Commission to conduct a study and make recommendations regarding revisions to the Nevada Revised Statutes and Nevada Administrative Code to improve the efficiency and quality of education in this State; (4) authorizes the Commission to employ or contract for the services of professional, technical, clerical, operational and other personnel and consultants as required to carry out its duties; (5) authorizes the Commission to establish working groups to address specific issues or otherwise assist in its work; and (6) authorizes the Commission to request the drafting of not more than one legislative measure for prefiling on or before the first day of the regular legislative session in 2025. Finally, this bill expires by limitation the Commission on School Modernization on June 30, 2025.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. 1. The Commission on School Modernization is hereby created.





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- 2. The Commission consists of the superintendent of schools of each school district or the superintendent's designee.
- 3. The Commission shall, at its first meeting, elect a Chair and Vice Chair from among its members.
 - 4. A vacancy occurring in the membership of the Commission must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
 - 5. A majority of the members of the Commission constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business, and a majority of those members present at any meeting is sufficient for any official action taken by the Commission.
- 6. The Commission shall hold its first meeting on or before September 1, 2023, and hold such additional number of meetings as may be necessary to accomplish the tasks assigned to it.
- 7. A member of the Commission who is an officer or employee of this State or a political subdivision thereof must be relieved from his or her duties without loss of his or her regular compensation so that the member may prepare for and attend meetings of the Commission and perform any work necessary to carry out the duties of the Commission in the most timely manner practicable. A state agency or political subdivision of this State shall not require an officer or employee who is a member of Commission to:
- (a) Make up the time the member is absent from work to carry out his or her duties as a member of the Commission; or
 - (b) Take annual leave or compensatory time for the absence.
- 8. The members of the Commission serve without compensation or per diem allowance. A member may receive reimbursement for travel expenses if sufficient money is collected pursuant to subsection 9 for the Commission to carry out its duties pursuant to this section.
- 9. The Commission may apply for any available grants and accept any gifts, grants or donations to assist the Commission in carrying out its duties pursuant to this section.
- 10. The Commission shall, during the 2023-2024 interim, conduct a study and make recommendations regarding revisions to the Nevada Revised Statutes and Nevada Administrative Code to improve the efficiency and quality of education in this State, including, without limitation, the study of and recommendations on the following topics:
 - (a) Competency-based education;
 - (b) Work-based learning;
 - (c) Career and technical education;
 - (d) Dual enrollment;
- (e) Science, technology, engineering and mathematics education, science, technology, engineering, arts and mathematics education and robotics;





- (f) Teacher and support staff pipeline;
- (g) Mental and behavioral health;
- (h) Pupil discipline;
- (i) Accountability;

- (j) Preparation of pupils for higher education and vocational training; and
- (k) Easing the transition of pupils to higher education and vocational training.
- 11. The Commission may employ or contract for the services of such professional, technical, clerical, operational and other personnel and consultants as the Commission requires to carry out its duties.
- 12. The Commission may establish such working groups from within or outside its membership, including, without limitation, local experts who may be most impacted by the work of the Commission, to address specific issues or otherwise to assist in its work.
- 13. The Commission may request the drafting of not more than one legislative measure which relates to matters within the scope of the Commission. The request must be submitted to the Legislative Counsel on or before December 10, 2024, and must be on a form prescribed by the Legislative Counsel. A legislative measure requested pursuant to this subsection must be prefiled on or before the first day of the regular session of the Legislature in 2025. A legislative measure that is not prefiled on or before that day shall be deemed withdrawn.
- **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023, and expires by limitation on June 30, 2025.







SENATE BILL NO. 65—COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT)

Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to the boards of trustees of county school districts. (BDR 34-386)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; requiring a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district to obtain and file certain certifications; revising provisions governing certain training for professional development required for the members of boards of trustees of school districts and candidates for the office of trustee of a school district; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires each school district of this State to be governed by an elected board of trustees comprised of either five or seven members who serve 4year terms. (NRS 386.120-386.165) Existing law requires a member of the board of trustees of a school district to complete certain training for professional development in both the first and third year of their 4-year term. (NRS 386.327) Section 2 of this bill requires a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district to obtain a written certification that he or she has completed certain training for professional development, which is the same as the training that a member of the board of trustees of a school district is required to complete in the first and third year of his or her term. **Section 3** of this bill requires the Department of Education to approve one or more organizations, known as school board governance organizations, to certify that a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district or a member of the board of trustees of a school district has completed the required training for professional development. Section 6 of this bill requires a member of the board of trustees of a school district to submit the certification issued by a school board governance organization to the clerk of the board of trustees. Section 5 of this bill requires a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district to file the certification issued by a school board governance organization with the county clerk of the county in which the school district is located not later than the date on



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which the candidate files his or her declaration of candidacy. **Sections 2 and 6** require the training for professional development to be provided by a person who has been approved by the Department to provide such training.

Section 4 of this bill requires a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district to submit a complete set of the candidate's fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Superintendent of Public Instruction to: (1) forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for reports on the criminal history of the candidate; and (2) obtain any information concerning the candidate that may be available from the Statewide Central Registry for the Collection of Information Concerning the Abuse or Neglect of a Child and any equivalent registry. Section 4 requires the Superintendent to issue a written certification that a candidate has passed the investigation into his or her background, depending on the information obtained by the Superintendent during the investigation. Section 4 authorizes the Superintendent to refuse to issue the certification if a report on the criminal history of the applicant from the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History indicates that a candidate has been arrested for or charged with a sexual offense involving a minor or pupil and authorizes the candidate to request a hearing if the Superintendent intends to refuse to issue the certification on such basis. Section 5 requires a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district to file the certification issued by the Superintendent with the county clerk of the county in which the school district is located not later than the date on which the candidate files his or her declaration of candidacy.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 386 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act.

- Sec. 2. 1. Any person who is a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district, before filing a declaration of candidacy for the office, must obtain a written certification from a school board governance organization that the person has completed, within the immediately preceding 12 months, training consisting of not less than 6 hours of instruction covering:
- (a) Laws relating to public records, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 239 of NRS;
- (b) The Open Meeting Law, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 241 of NRS;
- (c) Local government employee-management relations, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 288 of NRS;
- (d) The system of K-12 public education in this State, including, without limitation, the provisions of title 34 of NRS;
- (e) Local government ethics, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 281A of NRS;
- (f) The manner in which to identify and prevent violence in public schools, including, without limitation, sexual violence;



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(g) Financial management, including, without limitation, information concerning oversight, accountability and audits;

(h) The fiduciary duties of a member of the board of trustees of a school district, including, without limitation, the provisions of this chapter; and

(i) Laws relating to employment and contracts.

2. The training required by this section must be provided by a person or organization that has been approved by the Department to provide such training.

3. A written certification issued pursuant to this section is

valid for 1 year after the date of issuance.

4. As used in this section, "school board governance organization" means an organization which has been approved by the Department to operate as a school board governance organization pursuant to section 3 of this act.

Sec. 3. The Department shall approve one or more organizations with expertise in the governance of school boards to operate as a school board governance organization, the purpose of which is to certify that a person has completed any training required pursuant to NRS 386.327 or section 2 of this act.

Sec. 4. 1. Any person who is a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district, before filing a declaration of candidacy for the office, must submit to the Superintendent of Public Instruction:

- (a) A complete set of the person's fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Superintendent of Public Instruction to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for its report on the criminal history of the person and for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report on the criminal history of the person; and
- (b) Written authorization for the Superintendent of Public Instruction to obtain any information concerning the person that may be available from the Statewide Central Registry for the Collection of Information Concerning the Abuse or Neglect of a Child established by NRS 432.100 and any equivalent registry maintained by a governmental entity in a jurisdiction in which the person has resided within the immediately preceding 5 years.
- 2. In conducting an investigation into the background of a person who is a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may cooperate with any appropriate law enforcement agency to obtain information relating to the criminal history of the person, including, without limitation, any record of warrants for the arrest of or applications for protective orders against the person.





3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall issue a written certification to a person who is a candidate for the office of trustee of a school district indicating that the person has passed the investigation into his or her background pursuant to this section if the information obtained by the Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 does not indicate that:

(a) The person has been convicted of a felony or any offense involving moral turpitude or indicates that the person has been convicted of a felony or an offense involving moral turpitude but the Superintendent of Public Instruction determines that the conviction is unrelated to the office of trustee of a school district;

(b) The person has been convicted of any offense involving fraud, theft, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion or

misappropriation of property;

(c) There has been a substantiated report of abuse or neglect of a child, as defined in NRS 432B.020, or a violation of NRS 201.540, 201.560, 392.4633 or 394.366 made against the person in any state; and

(d) The person has a warrant for his or her arrest.

- 4. If, pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 3, the information indicates that a substantiated report has been made against the person in any state, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall:
 - (a) Notify the applicant of the substantiated report; and
- (b) Provide the person an opportunity to rebut the substantiated report.
- 5. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may refuse to issue a certification pursuant to subsection 3 if:
- (a) A report on the criminal history of the person from the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History indicates that the person has been arrested for or charged with a sexual offense involving a minor or pupil, including, without limitation, any attempt, solicitation or conspiracy to commit such an offense; and
- (b) The Superintendent of Public Instruction provides to the person:
- (1) Written notice of his or her intent to refuse to issue the certification; and
 - (2) An opportunity for the person to have a hearing.
- 6. To request a hearing pursuant to subsection 5, a person must submit a written request to the Superintendent of Public Instruction within 15 days after receipt of the notice by the person. Such a hearing must be conducted in accordance with regulations adopted by the State Board. If no request for a hearing is filed





within that time, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may refuse to issue the certification.

- 7. The Superintendent of Public Instruction may not be held liable for damages resulting from any action of the Superintendent of Public Instruction authorized by subsection 2.
- 8. A written certification issued pursuant to this section is valid for I year after the date of issuance.
- 9. As used in this section, "sexual offense" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179D.097.
 - Sec. 5. NRS 386.250 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 386.250 A candidate for the office of trustee of a county school district must:
- 1. Be nominated in the manner provided by the primary election laws of this State; [and]
- 2. File a declaration of candidacy, as defined in NRS 293.0455, with the county clerk of the county whose boundaries are conterminous with the boundaries of the county school district [.]; and
- 3. Not later than the date on which he or she files a declaration of candidacy, file with the clerk of the county whose boundaries are conterminous with the boundaries of the county school district a written certification issued by:
- (a) A school board governance organization pursuant to section 2 of this act; and
- (b) The Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to section 4 of this act.
 - **Sec. 6.** NRS 386.327 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 386.327 1. Each person who is elected or appointed to serve as a member of the board of trustees of a school district shall complete training for professional development during the first and third year of the term of the member which must include not less than 6 hours of instruction covering:
- (a) Laws relating to public records, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 239 of NRS;
- (b) The Open Meeting Law, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 241 of NRS;
- (c) Local government employee-management relations, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 288 of NRS;
- (d) The system of K-12 public education in this State, including, without limitation, the provisions of title 34 of NRS;
- (e) Local government ethics, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 281A of NRS;
- (f) The manner in which to identify and prevent violence in public schools, including, without limitation, sexual violence;





- (g) Financial management, including, without limitation, information concerning oversight, accountability and audits;
- (h) The fiduciary duties of a member of the board of trustees of a school district, including, without limitation, the provisions of this chapter; and
 - (i) Laws relating to employment and contracts.
- 2. A member of the board of trustees of a school district shall provide [written certification of completion of the training required by this section] to the clerk of the board of trustees [.] a written certification issued by a school board governance organization demonstrating that the member has completed the training required by this section.
- 3. If a member fails to complete the training or to provide the written certification [of completion] which is required by this section, the clerk must post notice of such noncompliance in a conspicuous manner on the Internet website of the board of trustees. The clerk must also provide written notice of the noncompliance to the other members of the board of trustees.
- 4. The clerk of the board of trustees shall assist each member of the board as necessary to complete the training required pursuant to [this section.] subsection 1.
- 5. The training required by this section must be provided by a person who has been approved by the Department to provide such training.
- 6. As used in this section, "school board governance organization" means an organization which has been approved by the Department to operate as a school board governance organization pursuant to section 2 of this act.
- **Sec. 7.** 1. This section becomes effective upon passage and approval.
 - 2. Sections 1 to 6, inclusive, of this act become effective:
- (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting any regulations and performing any other preparatory administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and
 - (b) On July 1, 2023, for all other purposes.





