Forensic Science Standards



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The development of Nevada career and technical standards and assessments is a collaborative effort sponsored by the Office of Career Readiness, Adult Learning, and Education Options at the Department of Education. The Department of Education relies on teachers and industry representatives who have the technical expertise and teaching experience to develop standards and performance indicators that truly measure student skill attainment. Most important, however, is recognition of the time, expertise and great diligence provided by the writing team members in developing the career and technical standards for Forensic Science.

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BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY VALIDATION

All CTE standards developed through the Nevada Department of Education are validated by business and industry through one or more of the following processes: (1) the standards are developed by a team consisting of business and industry representatives; or (2) a separate review panel was coordinated with industry experts to ensure the standards include the proper content; or (3) the adoption of nationally recognized standards endorsed by business and industry.

The Forensic Science standards were validated through active participation of business and industry representatives on the development team.

PROJECT COORDINATOR

Jennifer Fisk, Education Programs Professional Office of Career Readiness, Adult Learning, and Education Options Nevada Department of Education

INTRODUCTION

The standards in this document are designed to clearly state what the student should know and be able to do upon completion of an advanced high school Forensic Science program. These standards are designed for a two-credit course sequence that prepares the student for a technical assessment directly aligned to the standards.

These exit-level standards are designed for the student to complete all standards through their completion of a program of study. These standards are intended to guide curriculum objectives for a program of study.

The standards are organized as follows:

- **Content Standards** are general statements that identify major areas of knowledge, understanding, and the skills students are expected to learn in key subject and career areas by the end of the program.
- **Performance Standards** follow each content standard. Performance standards identify the more specific components of each content standard and define the expected abilities of students within each content standard.
- **Performance Indicators** are very specific criteria statements for determining whether a student meets the performance standard. Performance indicators may also be used as learning outcomes, which teachers can identify as they plan their program learning objectives.

The crosswalk and alignment section of the document shows where the performance indicators support the Nevada Academic Content Standards. Where correlation with an academic content standard exists, students in the Forensic Science program perform learning activities that support, either directly or indirectly, achievement of the academic content standards that are listed.

All students are encouraged to participate in the career and technical student organization (CTSO) that relates to the Forensic Science program. CTSOs are co-curricular national organizations that directly reinforce learning in the CTE classroom through curriculum resources, competitive events, and leadership development. CTSOs provide students the ability to apply academic and technical knowledge, develop communication and teamwork skills, and cultivate leadership skills to ensure college and career readiness.

The Employability Skills for Career Readiness identify the "soft skills" needed to be successful in all careers and must be taught as an integrated component of all CTE course sequences. These standards are available in a separate document.

The **Standards Reference Code** is only used to identify or align performance indicators listed in the standards to daily lesson plans, curriculum documents, or national standards. The Standards Reference Code is an abbreviated name for the program, and the content standard, performance standard and performance indicator are referenced in the program standards. This abbreviated code for identifying standards uses each of these items. For example, FOSCI is the Standards Reference Code for Forensic Science. For Content Standard 2, Performance Standard 3 and Performance Indicator 4 the Standards Reference Code would be FOSCI.2.3.4.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.1: EXPLORE THE HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION OF CTSOS

- 1.1.1 Discuss the requirements of CTSO participation/involvement as described in Carl D. Perkins Law
- 1.1.2 Research nationally recognized CTSOs
- 1.1.3 Investigate the impact of federal and state government regarding the progression and operation of CTSOs (e.g., Federal Statutes and Regulations, Nevada Administrative Code [NAC], Nevada Revised Statues [NRS])

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.2: DEVELOP LEADERSHIP SKILLS

- 1.2.1 Discuss the purpose of parliamentary procedure
- 1.2.2 Demonstrate the proper use of parliamentary procedure
- 1.2.3 Differentiate between an office and a committee
- 1.2.4 Discuss the importance of participation in local, regional, state, and national conferences, events, and competitions
- 1.2.5 Participate in local, regional, state, or national conferences, events, or competitions
- 1.2.6 Describe the importance of a constitution and bylaws to the operation of a CTSO chapter

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.3: PARTICIPATE IN COMMUNITY SERVICE

- 1.3.1 Explore opportunities in community service-related work-based learning (WBL)
- 1.3.2 Participate in a service learning (program related) and/or community service project or activity
- 1.3.3 Engage with business and industry partners for community service

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.4: DEVELOP PROFESSIONAL AND CAREER SKILLS

- 1.4.1 Demonstrate college and career readiness (e.g., applications, resumes, interview skills, presentation skills)
- 1.4.2 Describe the appropriate professional/workplace attire and its importance
- 1.4.3 Investigate industry-standard credentials/certifications available within this Career Cluster™
- 1.4.4 Participate in authentic contextualized instructional activities
- 1.4.5 Demonstrate technical skills in various student organization activities/events

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.5: UNDERSTAND THE RELEVANCE OF CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (CTE)

- 1.5.1 Make a connection between program standards to career pathway(s)
- 1.5.2 Explain the importance of participation and completion of a program of study
- 1.5.3 Promote community awareness of local student organizations associated with CTE programs

*Refer to the program of study Curriculum Framework for appropriate CTSO(s).

CONTENT STANDARD 2.0: EXPLORE FOUNDATIONS OF FORENSIC SCIENCE

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.1: EXAMINE THE HISTORY OF FORENSIC SCIENCE

- 2.1.1 Define forensic science
- 2.1.2 Identify the major disciplines it encompasses
- 2.1.3 Create a timeline of significant events in forensic science
- 2.1.4 Apply Locard's Exchange Principle

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.2: UNDERSTAND THE ROLE OF FORENSIC SCIENCE IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

- 2.2.1 Differentiate between local, state, and federal agencies
- 2.2.2 Summarize roles of the forensic organizations
- 2.2.3 Research duties and responsibilities of forensic science personnel

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.3: EXAMINE DIFFERENT TYPES OF EVIDENCE

- 2.3.1 Compare and contrast physical and testimonial evidence
- 2.3.2 Identify legal and appropriate evidence collection techniques
- 2.3.3 Categorize physical evidence
- 2.3.4 Evaluate evidence for its probative value in criminal proceedings

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 2.4: EXPLORE CAREERS IN FORENSIC SCIENCE

- 2.4.1 Investigate the variety of careers in the forensic science field
- 2.4.2 Research educational requirements for forensic careers

CONTENT STANDARD 3.0: EXAMINING LEGAL AND ETHICAL ISSUES IN FORENSIC SCIENCE

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.1: EXAMINE LEGAL ISSUES

- 3.1.1 Explore the Fourth Amendment and recognize legal search and seizures
- 3.1.2 Model procedures to ensure chain of custody when collecting evidence
- 3.1.3 Research Frye, Miranda, and Daubert court cases
- 3.1.4 Understand how landmark case laws have determined admissibility of evidence and are always evolving

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.2: EXAMINE ETHICAL ISSUES IN FORENSIC SCIENCE

- 3.2.1 Define ethics, integrity, and bias
- 3.2.2 Research case studies to illustrate proper guidelines
- 3.2.3 Practice unbiased evidence collection, forensic analysis, and testimony
- 3.2.4 Address how backgrounds and biases affect integrity

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 3.3: MODEL PROFESSIONALISM

- 3.3.1 Recognize and implement a proper code of conduct for a career in the forensic field
- 3.3.2 Recognize and implement proper etiquette for crime scene investigations
- 3.3.3 Apply good communication through verbal, written and testimonial skills
- 3.3.4 Understand and demonstrate professionalism

CONTENT STANDARD 4.0: EXPLORE CRIME SCENE INVESTIGATIONS

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.1: IDENTIFY AND UTILIZE CRIME SCENE PROCEDURES

- 4.1.1 Demonstrate proper procedures to secure a crime scene
- 4.1.2 Identify the scope of a crime scene
- 4.1.3 Identify safety hazards in crime scene investigation
- 4.1.4 Implement proper safety protocols
- 4.1.5 Describe and implement searching techniques
- 4.1.6 Examine constitutional/legal protections in crime scene investigations
- 4.1.7 Identify and utilize information sources during an investigation
- 4.1.8 Identify what can be potential evidence at a crime scene

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.2: UTILIZE SCENE DOCUMENTATION

- 4.2.1 Recognize and implement appropriate measurement techniques
- 4.2.2 Utilize note-taking techniques
- 4.2.3 Explain procedures in crime scene photography
- 4.2.4 Implement sketching/diagramming techniques
- 4.2.5 Prepare evidence logs
- 4.2.6 Explain scene reconstruction
- 4.2.7 Prepare crime scene investigation reports

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 4.3: EXAMINE EVIDENCE COLLECTION

- 4.3.1 Recognize potential evidence sources
- 4.3.2 Identify sources of potential contamination
- 4.3.3 Apply appropriate crime scene and evidence processing techniques
- 4.3.4 Recognize and implement chain of custody procedures
- 4.3.5 Demonstrate packaging and sealing techniques

CONTENT STANDARD 5.0: RECOGNIZE AND IMPLEMENT LABORATORY FUNDAMENTALS

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.1: IDENTIFY SAFETY PROCEDURES

- 5.1.1 Explain general lab safety
- 5.1.2 Identify and utilize personal protective equipment (PPE)
- 5.1.3 Identify biological hazards
- 5.1.4 Identify chemical hazards
- 5.1.5 Understand proper disposal procedures

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.2: RECOGNIZE AND UTILIZE LAB SKILLS

- 5.2.1 Distinguish appropriate measurement devices for tasks
- 5.2.2 Identify and utilize appropriate lab equipment
- 5.2.3 Understand contamination control procedures

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 5.3: UNDERSTAND QUALITY ASSURANCE

- 5.3.1 Explore individual certification requirements
- 5.3.2 Explore laboratory accreditation requirements
- 5.3.3 Understand quality control analysis procedures

CONTENT STANDARD 6.0: EXPLORE FORENSIC DISCIPLINES

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.1: EXAMINE BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE

- 6.1.1 Recognize types of biological evidence
- 6.1.2 Describe methodology for current biological evidence analysis techniques
- 6.1.3 Compare and contrast presumptive and confirmatory results in biological analysis
- 6.1.4 Critique the combined DNA index system (CODIS)
- 6.1.5 Summarize interpretation and conclusions for biological evidence analysis
- 6.1.6 Compose report for biological evidence analysis

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.2: EXAMINE CHEMICAL EVIDENCE

- 6.2.1 Recognize types of chemical evidence
- 6.2.2 Describe methodology for toxicology, controlled substances, and arson analysis
- 6.2.3 Compare and contrast presumptive and confirmatory results in chemical analysis
- 6.2.4 Summarize interpretation and conclusions for toxicology, controlled substances, and arson analysis
- 6.2.5 Compose reports for toxicology, controlled substances, and arson analysis

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.3: EXAMINE FINGERPRINT EVIDENCE

- 6.3.1 Compare and contrast latent, plastic, patent, and ink prints
- 6.3.2 Compare and contrast latent print processing techniques
- 6.3.3 Understand photography as it applies to latent print processing and recovery
- 6.3.4 Understand comparison methodology
- 6.3.5 Understand structure of automated fingerprint identification system (AFIS)
- 6.3.6 Summarize interpretation and conclusions for fingerprint evidence
- 6.3.7 Compose report for fingerprint comparison

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.4: EXAMINE FIREARM AND TOOL MARK EVIDENCE

- 6.4.1 Recognize firearms and tool mark evidence
- 6.4.2 Describe methodologies for firearm, tool mark and serial number restoration
- 6.4.3 Understand structure of National Integrated Ballistic Information Network (NIBIN)
- 6.4.4 Summarize interpretation and conclusions for firearms, tool marks and serial number restoration
- 6.4.5 Compose reports for firearms, tool marks and serial number restoration

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 6.5: EXAMINE ADDITIONAL DISCIPLINES

- 6.5.1 Explore question documents
- 6.5.2 Explore shoe and tire impression evidence
- 6.5.3 Explore trace evidence
- 6.5.4 Explore digital evidence
- 6.5.5 Explore forensic genealogy

CONTENT STANDARD 7.0: UNDERSTAND COURTROOM PROCEEDINGS

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.1: IDENTIFY COURTROOM PROCESSES

- 7.1.1 Identify roles and responsibilities of courtroom personnel
- 7.1.2 Identify the components of legal proceedings

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 7.2: DESCRIBE ROLE OF THE EXPERT WITNESS

- 7.2.1 Compare and contrast qualifications of expert versus lay witnesses
- 7.2.2 Describe forensic methodology to jury
- 7.2.3 Demonstrate courtroom demeanor
- 7.2.4 Understand direct examination questioning
- 7.2.5 Understand cross examination questioning

CONTENT STANDARD 8.0: EXPLORE FORENSIC SPECIALTIES

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.1: EXPLORE DEATH INVESTIGATION

- 8.1.1 Discuss the determination of cause and manner of death
- 8.1.2 Explore forensic pathology
- 8.1.3 Compare and contrast injury types
- 8.1.4 Distinguish post-mortem changes

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.2: EXPLORE FORENSIC ANTHROPOLOGY

- 8.2.1 Define anthropology
- 8.2.2 Explore the examination of skeletal remains
- 8.2.3 Develop an anthropological profile

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.3: EXPLORE FORENSIC ENTOMOLOGY

- 8.3.1 Discuss the determination of post-mortem interval
- 8.3.2 Identify entomological collection procedure
- 8.3.3 Identification of species using a variety of sources

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.4: EXPLORE FORENSIC ODONTOLOGY

- 8.4.1 Understand dental identification
- 8.4.2 Critique bite mark analysis

PERFORMANCE STANDARD 8.5: EXPLORE FORENSIC PSYCHOLOGY

- 8.5.1 Discuss forensic psychology in criminal investigations
- 8.5.2 Explore psychological/criminal profiling

CROSSWALKS (ACADEMIC STANDARDS)

The crosswalk of the Forensic Science Standards shows links to the Nevada Academic Content Standards. The crosswalk identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Forensic Science program support academic learning. The performance indicators are grouped according to their content standard and are crosswalked to the Nevada Academic Content Standards in English Language Arts, Mathematics, and Science.

ALIGNMENTS (MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES)

In addition to correlation with the Nevada Academic Content Standards for Mathematics, many performance indicators support the Mathematical Practices. The following table illustrates the alignment of the Forensic Science Standards Performance Indicators and the Mathematical Practices. This alignment identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Forensic Science program support academic learning.

ALIGNMENTS (SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRACTICES)

In addition to correlation with the Nevada Academic Content Standards for Science, many performance indicators support the Science and Engineering Practices. The following table illustrates the alignment of the Forensic Science Standards Performance Indicators and the Science and Engineering Practices. This alignment identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Forensic Science program support academic learning.

CROSSWALKS (COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE)

The crosswalk of the Forensic Science Standards shows links to the Common Career Technical Core. The crosswalk identifies the performance indicators in which the learning objectives in the Forensic Science program support the Common Career Technical Core. The Common Career Technical Core defines what students should know and be able to do after completing instruction in a program of study. The Forensic Science Standards are crosswalked to the Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Career Cluster[™] and the Law Enforcement Services Career Pathway.

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CROSSWALK OF FORENSIC SCIENCE STANDARDS AND THE NEVADA ACADEMIC CONTENT STANDARDS

CONTENT STANDARD 1.0: INTEGRATE CAREER AND TECHNICAL STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS (CTSOS)

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
1.1.1	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
1.1.2	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
1.1.3	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
1.2.1	English Language SL.11-12.1a	Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
1.2.4	English Language SL.11-12.1a	Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
1.2.5		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
1.4.1		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
1.4.2	English Language SL.11-12.1a	Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
1.4.3		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
1.4.4		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
1.4.5		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
1.5.2	English Language L.11-12.6	e Arts: Language Standards Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

CONTENT STANDARD 2.0: EXPLORE FOUNDATIONS OF FORENSIC SCIENCE

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards		
2.1.4	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	
2.2.1	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.	
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
	English Language SL.11-12.4	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.	
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	
2.2.2	English Language RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.	
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards		
2.2.3	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.	
	RST.11-12.8	Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.	
	English Languago SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.	
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
2.3.1	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
2.3.4	English Languago RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
2.4.1	English Languago RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languago WHST.11-12.7	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
2.4.2	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Languago WHST.11-12.7	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

CONTENT STANDARD 3.0: EXAMINING LEGAL AND ETHICAL ISSUES IN FORENSIC SCIENCE

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
3.1.1	English Language RI.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Languago RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
3.1.3	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
3.2.2	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Language WHST.11-12.7	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
3.3.3	English Languago L.11-12.1	e Arts: Language Standards Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
	L.11-12.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

CONTENT STANDARD 4.0: EXPLORE CRIME SCENE INVESTIGATIONS

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
4.1.1	English Languag RST.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1d	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
4.1.5	English Languag RST.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Languag WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

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Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
4.1.6		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
4.2.1	English Language RST.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	Math: Geometry GCO.A.1	r – Congruence Know precise definitions of angle, circle, perpendicular line, parallel line, and line segment, based on the undefined notions of point, line, distance along a line, and distance around a circular arc.
4.2.2		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
4.2.3	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
4.2.4	Math: Geometry GCO.A.1	 Congruence Know precise definitions of angle, circle, perpendicular line, parallel line, and line segment, based on the undefined notions of point, line, distance along a line, and distance around a circular arc.
	Math: Geometry GMG.A.1	 Modeling with Geometry Use geometric shapes, their measures, and their properties to describe objects (e.g., modeling a tree trunk or a human torso as a cylinder).
4.2.6		e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	Math: Geometry GMG.A.1	 Modeling with Geometry Use geometric shapes, their measures, and their properties to describe objects (e.g., modeling a tree trunk or a human torso as a cylinder).

Performance Indicators		Nevada Academic Content Standards
4.2.7		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
4.3.1	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
4.3.3	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
4.3.5	English Language RST.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.

CONTENT STANDARD 5.0: RECOGNIZE AND IMPLEMENT LABORATORY FUNDAMENTALS

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
5.1.1	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Language	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
5.2.1	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
5.3.1	English Language RI.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
5.3.2	English Language RI.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languago SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

CONTENT STANDARD 6.0: EXPLORE FORENSIC DISCIPLINES

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
6.1.1	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.1.2	English Language RST.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Languago WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards		
6.1.3	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiment into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, conflicting information when possible.	its, simulations)	
	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.4Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a conversion perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, altern opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal tasks.	ative or ent, substance,	
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subject WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digi using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitation source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate in the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism a on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	tal sources, ons of each information into	
6.1.4		Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating	
6.1.5	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectRST.11-12.2Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize compprocesses, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in accurate terms.	lex concepts,	
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subject WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digi using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitation source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate in the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism a on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	tal sources, ons of each information into	
6.1.6	English Language Arts: Writing StandardsW.11-12.3Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events us technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.	ing effective	
6.2.1	English LanguageArts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectRST.11-12.9Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiment into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, conflicting information when possible.	its, simulations)	
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subject WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digi using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitation source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate in the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism a on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	tal sources, ons of each information into	

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards		
6.2.2	English Languago RST.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.	
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.	
	English Languago SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.	
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	
6.2.3	English Languag RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.	
	English Languag WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
6.2.4	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.2.5	English Language Arts: Writing StandardsW.11-12.3Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.	
6.3.1	English Language RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.3.2	English Languago RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
6.3.3	English Language RST.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.3.4	English Language RST.11-12.9	Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.3.6	English Language RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.3.7	English Language W.11-12.3	e Arts: Writing Standards Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
6.4.1	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.4.2	English Language RST.11-12.8	Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
6.4.4	English Language RST.11-12.2	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
6.4.5	English Language W.11-12.3	e Arts: Writing Standards Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
6.5.1	English Language RI.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

CONTENT STANDARD 7.0: UNDERSTAND COURTROOM PROCEEDINGS

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
7.2.1	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
7.2.2	English Languag RST.11-12.8	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Languag WHST.11-12.8	Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
7.2.3	English Languag RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1d	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
	SL.11-12.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 54 for specific expectations.)

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CONTENT STANDARD 8.0: EXPLORE FORENSIC SPECIALTIES

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
8.1.1	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards	
	SL.11-12.1a	Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
8.1.2	English Languag RI.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Languag RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.1a	Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	English Languag WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
8.1.3	English Language RST.11-12.9	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
8.2.2	English Language RI.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Language RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Language SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	English Language WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
8.2.3	English LanguageArts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsRST.11-12.3Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.	
	English Language Arts: Writing StandardsW.11-12.3Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.	
8.3.1	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	
	SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	
8.4.2	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.3Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	
	English LanguageArts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsWHST.11-12.7Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
8.5.1	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening StandardsSL.11-12.1aCome to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	

Performance Indicators	Nevada Academic Content Standards	
8.5.2	English Languag RI.11-12.3	e Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Languag RST.11-12.7	e Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Languag SL.11-12.1a	e Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
	English Languag WHST.11-12.8	e Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

ALIGNMENT OF FORENSIC SCIENCE STANDARDS AND THE MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES

Mathematical Practices	Forensic Science Performance Indicators
 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. 	4.1.1
2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	6.2.3
 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. 	8.1.1, 8.5.2
4. Model with mathematics.	4.2.1, 4.2.4
5. Use appropriate tools strategically.	5.2.1 6.3.5
6. Attend to precision.	4.3.3 6.3.6
7. Look for and make use of structure.	4.2.6 6.5.2-6.5.5
8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	6.1.5

ALIGNMENT OF FORENSIC SCIENCE STANDARDS AND THE SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRACTICES

Science and Engineering Practices	Forensic Science Performance Indicators
 Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering). 	
2. Developing and using models.	6.3.1, 6.5.1-6.5.5
3. Planning and carrying out investigations.	6.4.1, 6.4.4 8.3.3
4. Analyzing and interpreting data.	6.1.6, 6.2.5, 6.4.5
 Using mathematics and computational thinking. 	4.2.1, 4.2.4
Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering).	6.1.3
7. Engaging in argument from evidence.	8.5.2
8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information.	7.2.4, 7.2.5

CROSSWALKS OF FORENSIC SCIENCE STANDARDS AND THE COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE

	Law, Public Safety, Corrections, and Security Career Cluster™	Performance Indicators
1.	Analyze the nature and scope of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections, and Security Career Cluster [™] and the role law, public safety, corrections and security play in society and the economy.	2.2.3, 2.4.1, 2.4.2
2.	Formulate ideas, proposals, and solutions to ensure effective and efficient delivery of law, public safety, corrections and/or security services.	3.1.1-3.1.4 5.1.1-5.1.5
3.	Assess and implement measures to maintain safe and healthy working conditions in a law, public safety, corrections and/or security environment.	4.1.3, 4.1.4 5.1.1-5.1.5
4.	Conduct law, public safety, corrections, and security work tasks in accordance with employee and employer rights, obligations, and responsibilities, including occupational safety and health requirements.	3.1.1-3.1.2; 3.2.1; 4.1.4; 5.1.1-5.1.5
5.	Analyze the various laws, ordinances, regulations, and organizational rules that apply to careers in law, public safety, corrections and security.	2.2.3; 3.1.1-3.1.4
6.	Describe various career opportunities and means to those opportunities in each of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections, and Security Career Pathways.	2.2.3; 2.4.1, 2.4.2

	Law Enforcement Services Career Pathway	Performance Indicators
1.	Demonstrate effective communication skills (e.g., writing, speaking, listening and nonverbal communication) required in law enforcement.	3.3.3 6.1.6, 6.3.7, 6.4.5
2.	Demonstrate proficiency in the operation of communication equipment used in an emergency telecommunications center.	3.2.2-3.3.3
3.	Utilize anger and conflict management strategies to resolve problems in law enforcement settings.	3.3.1, 3.3.1-3.3.4
4.	Model behaviors that exhibit integrity and commitment to a code of conduct and ethics for law enforcement professionals.	3.2.1; 3.3.1-3.3.4
5.	Analyze the impact of federal, state, and local laws on law enforcement procedures.	2.2.1-2.2.3 3.1.1, 3.1.3-3.1.4
6.	Execute established procedures to avoid the violation of the rights guaranteed by the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments.	3.1.1; 3.1.3-3.1.4 4.1.6
7.	Manage crime and loss prevention programs in collaboration with the community.	2.2.3
8.	Explain the appropriate techniques for managing crisis situations in order to maintain public safety.	3.3.1-3.3.3
9.	Evaluate for the signs of domestic violence, child abuse and neglect.	4.1.1-4.1.2; 4.2.7
10.	Demonstrate the routine day-to-day tasks conducted by various law enforcement agencies.	2.2.1-2.2.3

Law Enforcement Services Career Pathway	Performance Indicators
11. Describe law enforcement protocols and procedures designed to handle incidents related to homeland security, terrorism, and other disaster situations.	2.2.1-2.2.3
12. Demonstrate the procedures to properly protect, document and process the crime scene and all related evidence.	4.1.1-4.1.8; 4.2.1-4.2.7
13. Demonstrate procedures to assist individuals requiring special assistance from law enforcement personnel.	3.3.1-3.3.3
14. Describe the behavioral symptoms of drug use and the inherent dangers associated with handling dangerous drugs.	4.1.3-4.1.4 6.2.1-6.2.3